

# Summary of the support of NEEDS

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on behalf of the SOFIA collaboration







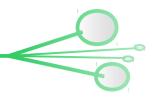








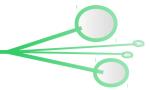
# Interest for fission fragments yields

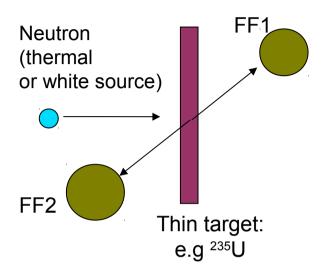


- FF are a key element of the core neutronics and fuel behavior :
  - Source of the delayed neutrons
  - ► Role increased with higher burn-up (30 MWj/T, then 60... 90 tomorrow?)
  - Reactivity excursions : quick accumulation of FF
  - ► FF are the main source of residual power (LOCA)
  - ► FF drive the radioactivity over the first years (used fuel handling)
- FF are a unique probe to the fission mechanism and its various modes
- The right experiment at the right time?
  - ➤ Taking into account "real" FF in computation would be a significant step forward for safety
  - ► Is extremely CPU-intensive : could hardly have been done before
- A very incomplete knowledge :
  - ► Isobaric yields known, although with significant error bars for most systems
  - Only a handful of (long-lived) isotopes had their yield measured
  - Precise Z measurement is practically out of reach in direct kinematics
  - ... Inverse kinematics!



#### Direct kinematics vs inverse kinematics

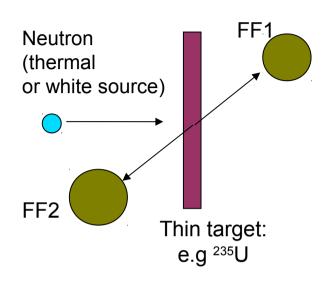


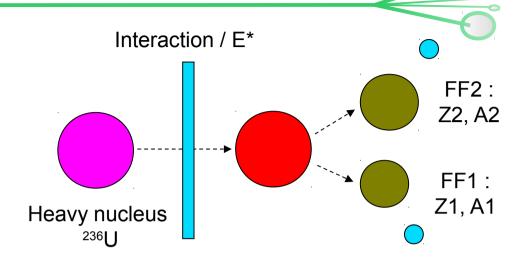


- Target feasibility :
  - Material availability (purity)
  - Radioactivity
- Z determination for light fragments (best case)
- Low acceptance of spectrometer
- Susceptibility to the angular distribution of fragments



### Direct kinematics vs inverse kinematics



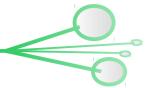


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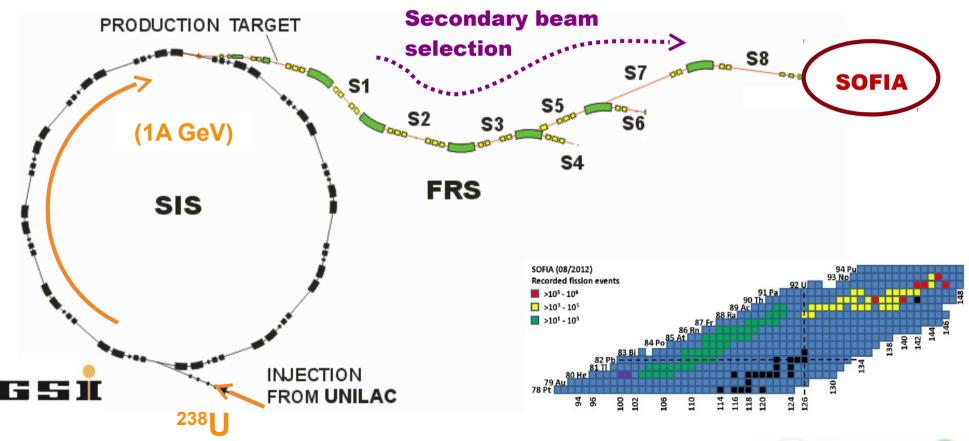
- The actinide is the projectile
- FiF are forward-focused : identification in a recoil spectrometer
- Secondary beam : tens of exotic actinides
- No neutron target: fission by collision or EM interaction
- … no precise value of E\*



#### Aims and overview of SOFIA



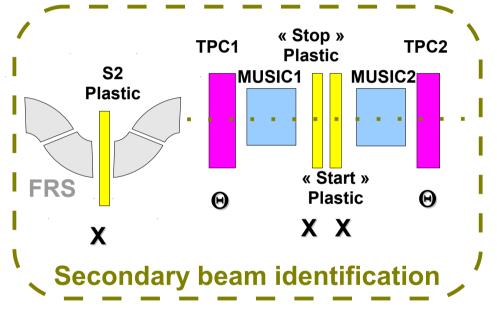
- Isotopic yields: event-by-event A & Z identification of <u>both</u> fragments
- Total kinetic energy, prompt neutrons number
- Measurement on a wide variety of actinides
- Low excitation energy: study of structure effects, relevant for applications





# The SOFIA setup (2012 experiment)

- Our setup is a complete recoil spectrometer with dual-hit capability
  - ► Z obtained from ionisation chambers
  - ► A obtained from the Brho-ToF method:  $A \propto \frac{B\rho}{\gamma v} Z$



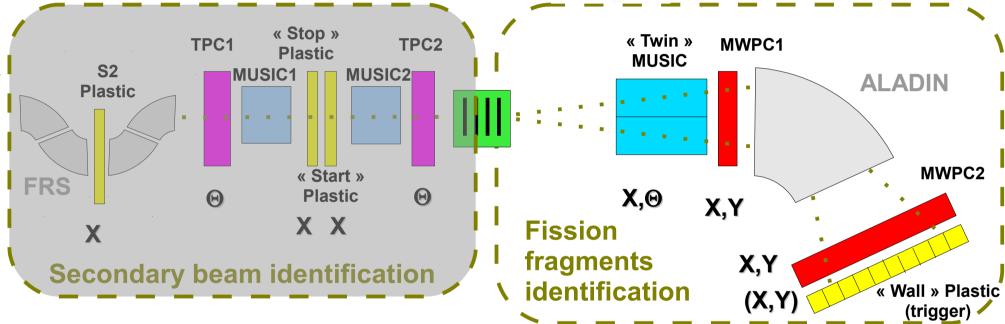


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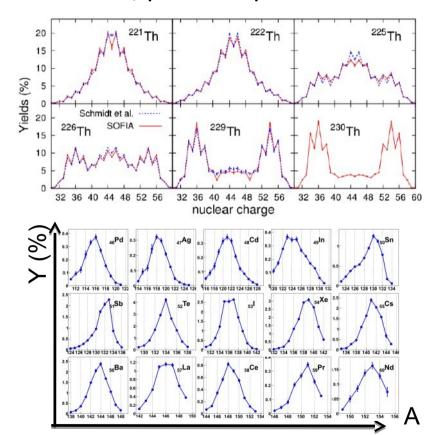


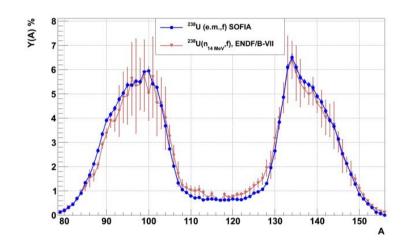
- Stringent requirements :
  - ► ToF measurement : 40 ps (FWHM) to accommodate the 7 m flight base
  - Position measurement : 200 μm (FWHM) on X (and 0.2 mrad on angle)
  - ► Energy loss measurement : 1,2% (FWHM)
- Minimal material budget (straggling) & High count rate capability

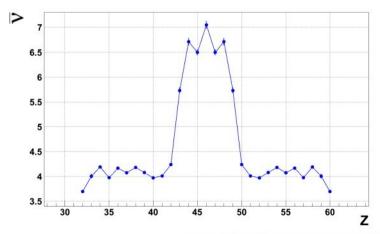


# A glimpse at the results of the 2012 measurement

- All technical challenges were met (and beyond)
- Excellent Z separation, mass discrimination (FWHM 0.6 to 0.8 mass units)
- Measurement of prompt neutron yields
- Measurement of the total kinetic energy
- <sup>234,235,238</sup>U, plus ~70 proton-rich nuclei

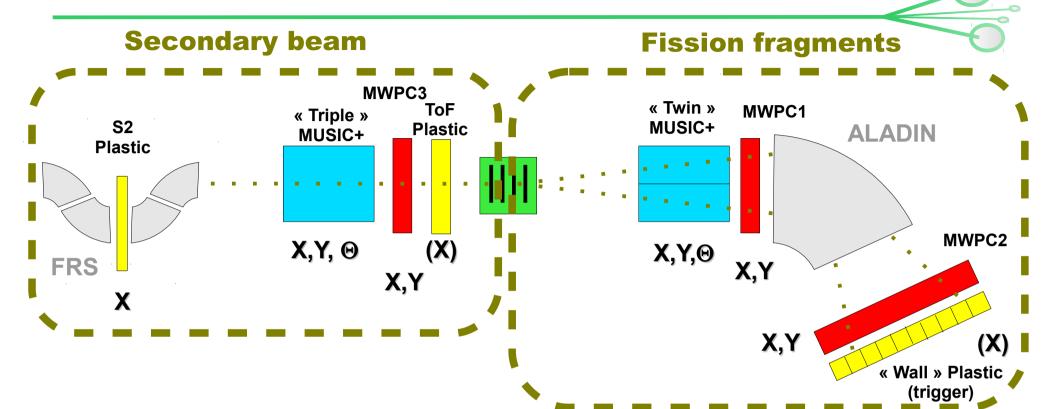








## "SOFIA+": 2014 setup upgrade

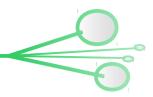


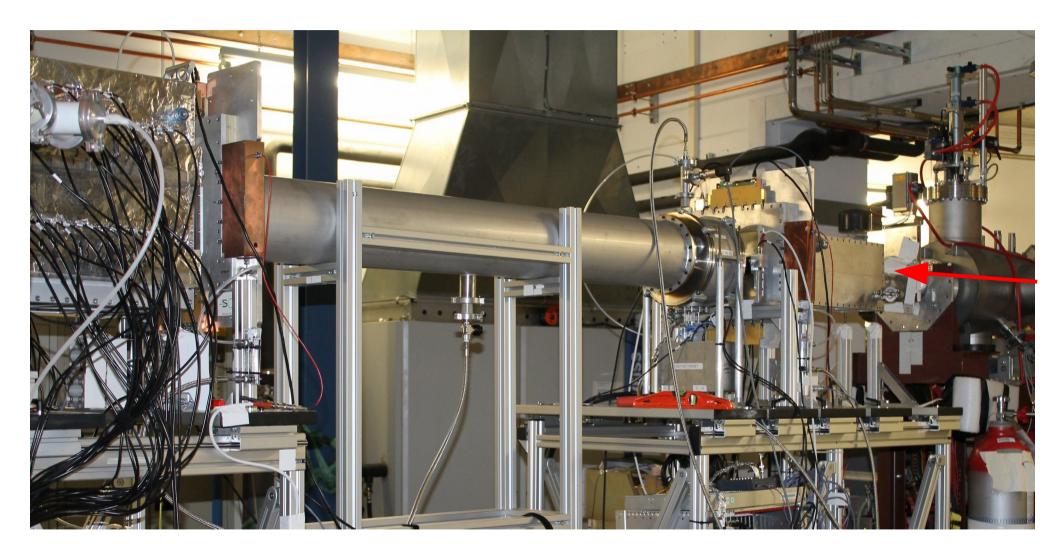
- New MUSIC & additionnal MWPC → Secondary beam identification & tracking
- Single intermediate scintillator
- Revamped Twin-MUSIC 
  → Improved resolution and tracking
- New MWPC read-out
- High-rate capable PM for S2

  Improved counting rate (x4)
- Total flight path increased to 8 m



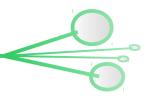
# How does it look? Upstream Aladin...







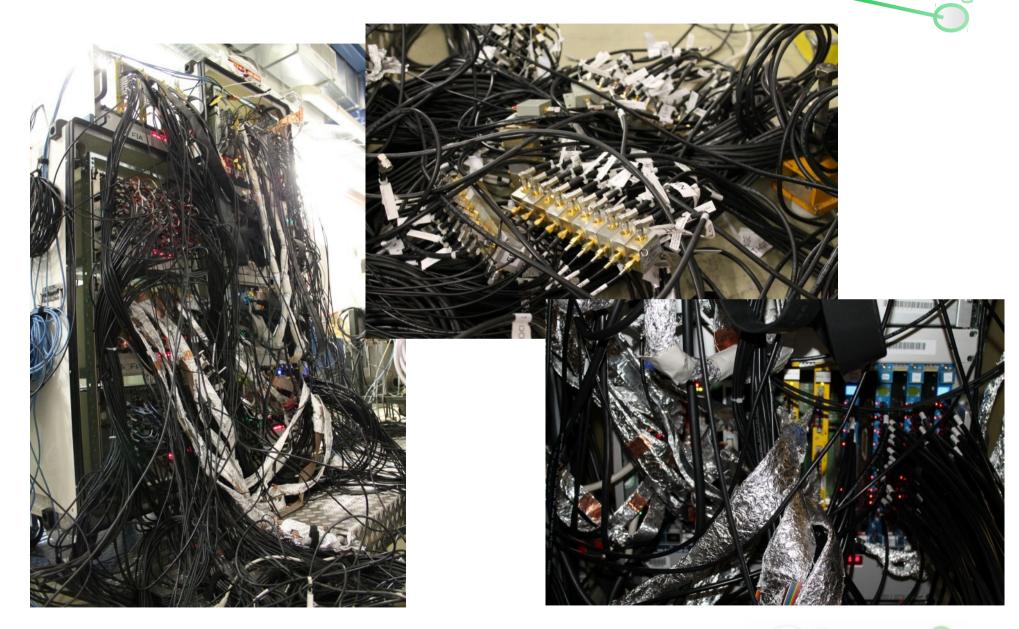
### **How does it look? Downstream ot Aladin**



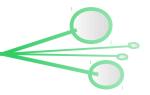




# How does it look? Like a big mess of cables!

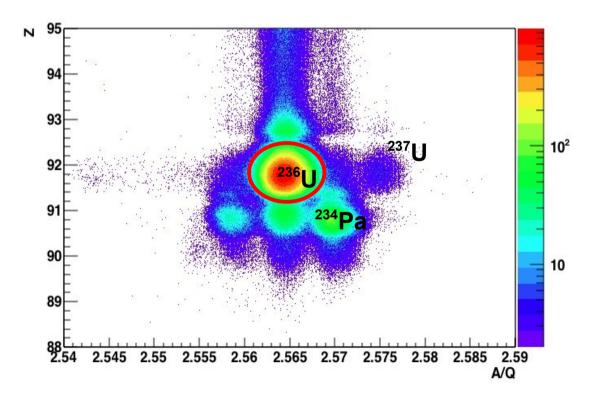


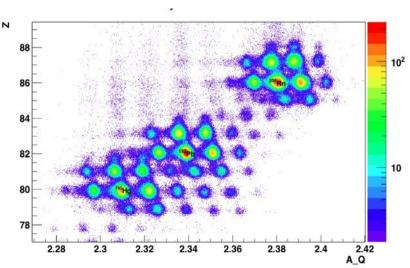




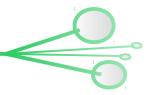
- Objective: fission of <sup>236</sup>U\* (analog of <sup>235</sup>U+n)
- 2 millions events acquired in 20 hours of beam
- Identification of secondary beam







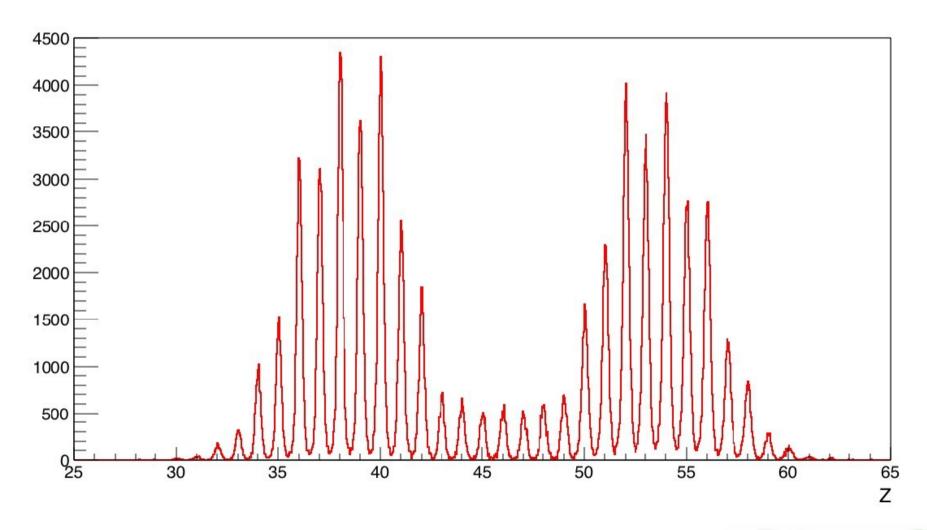




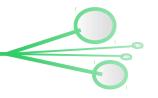
Nuclear charge separation and identification



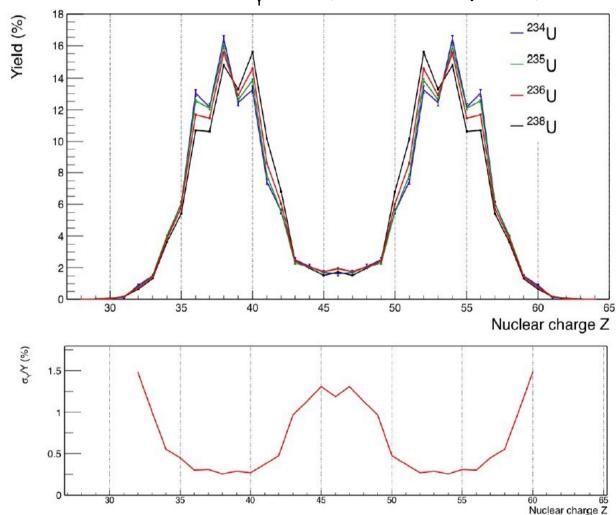
Resolution : δZ ~ 0,35 FWHM



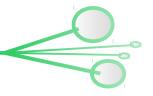




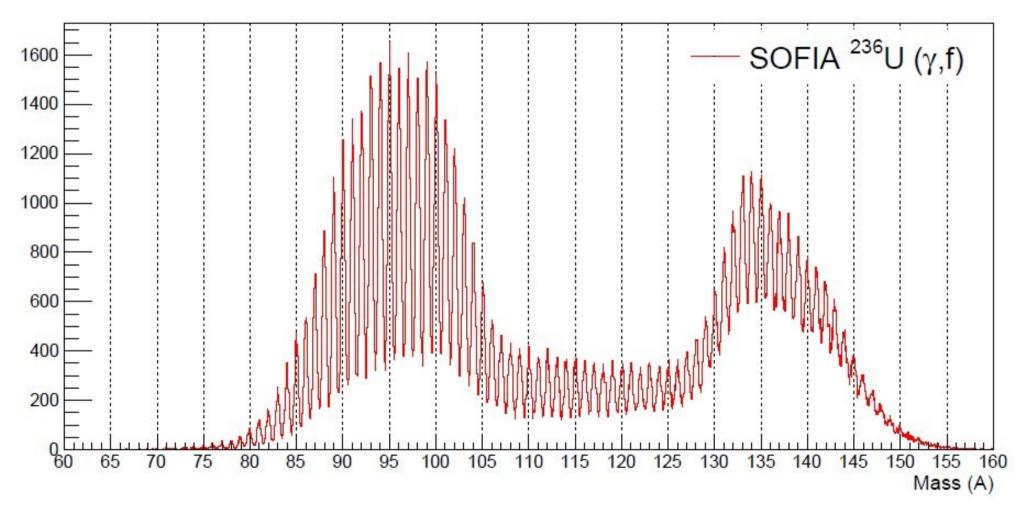
- Preliminary results on Z yields
- High statistics on  $^{236}$ U fission :  $\sigma_{_{Y}}/Y < 0.5\%$  at max yields, < 2% at symmetry





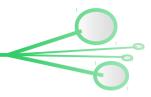


- First hints: 0,5 FWHM for light fragments, 0,8 for heavy
- Still room for improvements





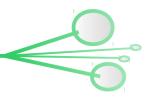
## **Financial support from NEEDS**



- 22 k€ allocated in 2014
  - New read-out for MWPC (FEBEX system)
  - New photomultipliers (special versions, 10 MHz capable)
  - ► Travel expenses for the (many) tests and the (damn short) experiment
- 20 k€ allocated in 2015
  - CNRS part credited by the end of August: not spent yet!
  - ► Foreseen : renewal of MWPC front-end (VMM2 chips)
  - CEA: development of new preamps for the Twin-MUSIC
  - Upcoming test beam time in 2016
- Part of the upcoming nuclear data project NACRE



# **Outlook and perspectives**



- Two SOFIA runs (2012 and 2014) to measure isotopic yields in low energy fission
  - ► High statistics data on <sup>235,236,238</sup>U
  - ► Nuclear charge resolution of 0,35 charge unit FWHM over the whole range
  - Mass resolution of 0,6 mass unit FWHM (light group)
  - ► Ongoing analysis of  $^{236}$ U(γ,f)
  - More than 2.10<sup>6</sup> fission events → high precision on nuclear charge yields: < 0.5 % at maximum yield</p>
- The new R<sup>3</sup>B setup offers further opportunities when FAIR will start (2018?)
  - ► Coupling of SOFIA with neuLAND (neutron wall) for neutron tagging
  - Coupling of SOFIA with CALIFA for prompt gamma calorimetry
- Development of a <sup>242</sup>Pu beam ?
  - ► Access to fission of <sup>240</sup>Pu\*, <sup>239</sup>U\* ...
  - Overlap with GANIL transfer measurements
  - Important cost due to decontamination requirement : political support required

