

# Nickel-Phosphorus Coating Challenges of the TUCAN UCN Source

Russell Mammei  
TUCAN Collaboration



UNIVERSITY  
OF MANITOBA



THE UNIVERSITY OF  
WINNIPEG



KEK



RCNP



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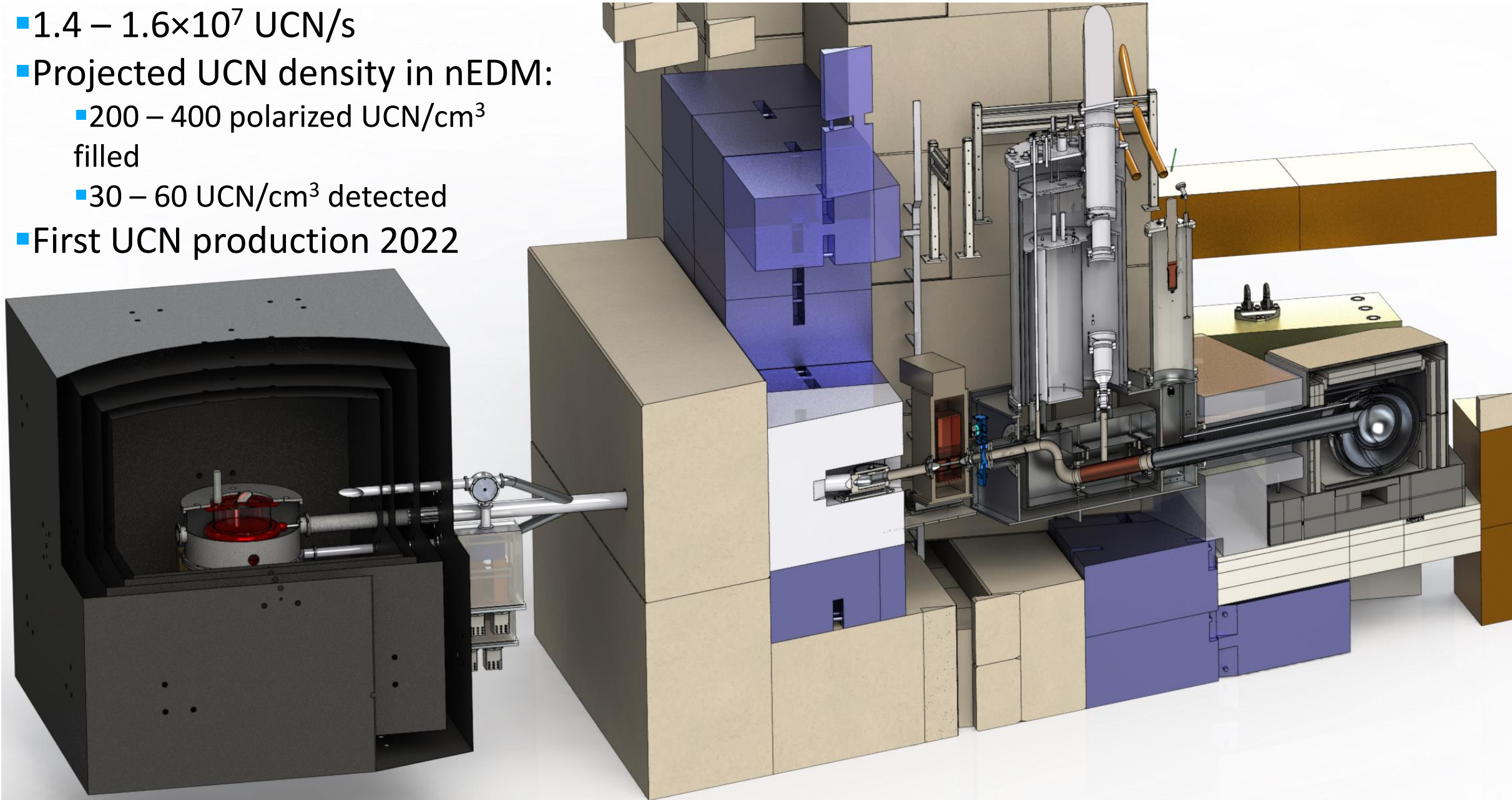


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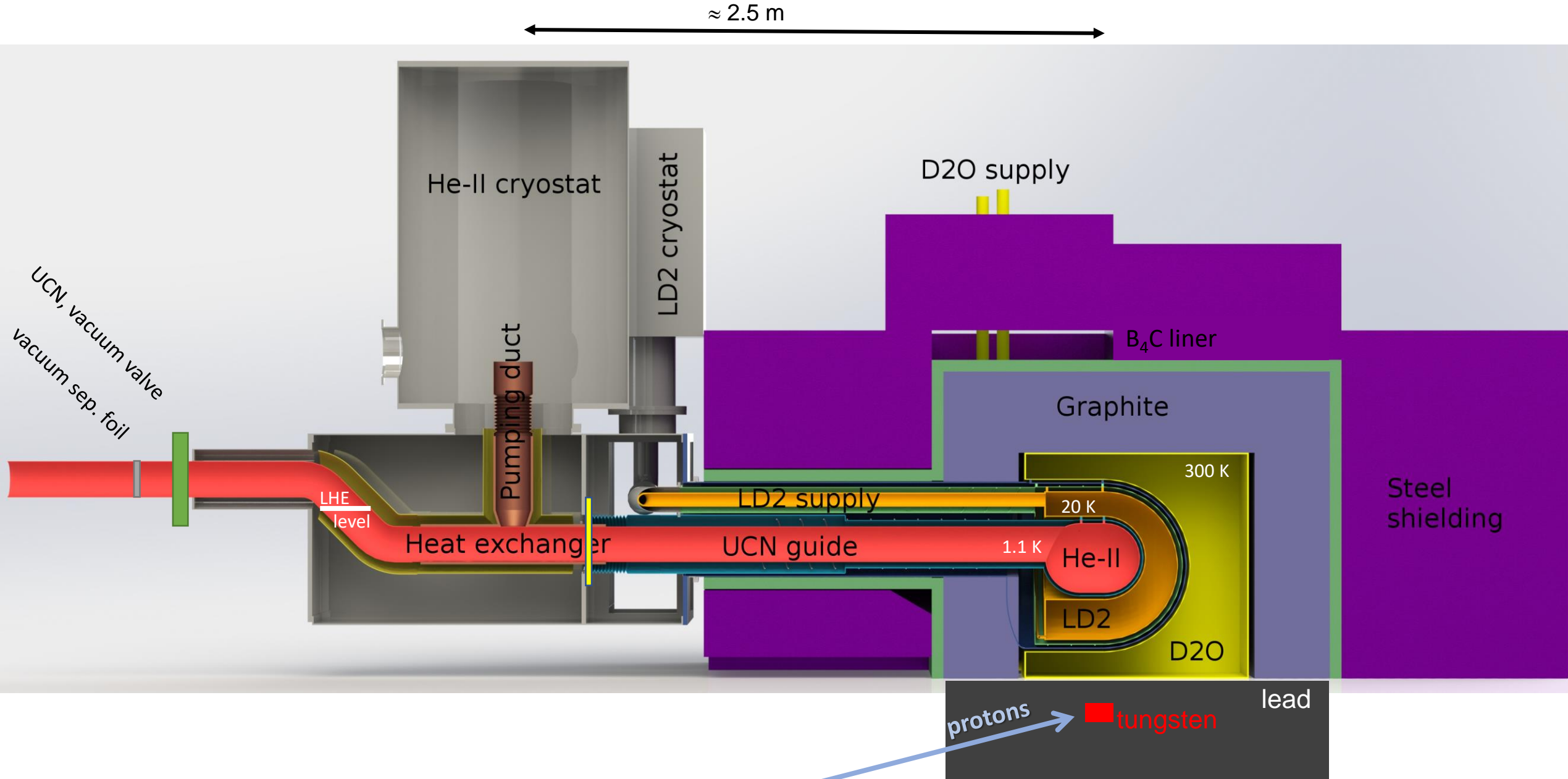
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# TUCAN nEDM and UCN Source Schematic

- $1.4 - 1.6 \times 10^7$  UCN/s
- Projected UCN density in nEDM:
  - 200 – 400 polarized UCN/cm<sup>3</sup> filled
  - 30 – 60 UCN/cm<sup>3</sup> detected
- First UCN production 2022



- Next generation UCN source basics



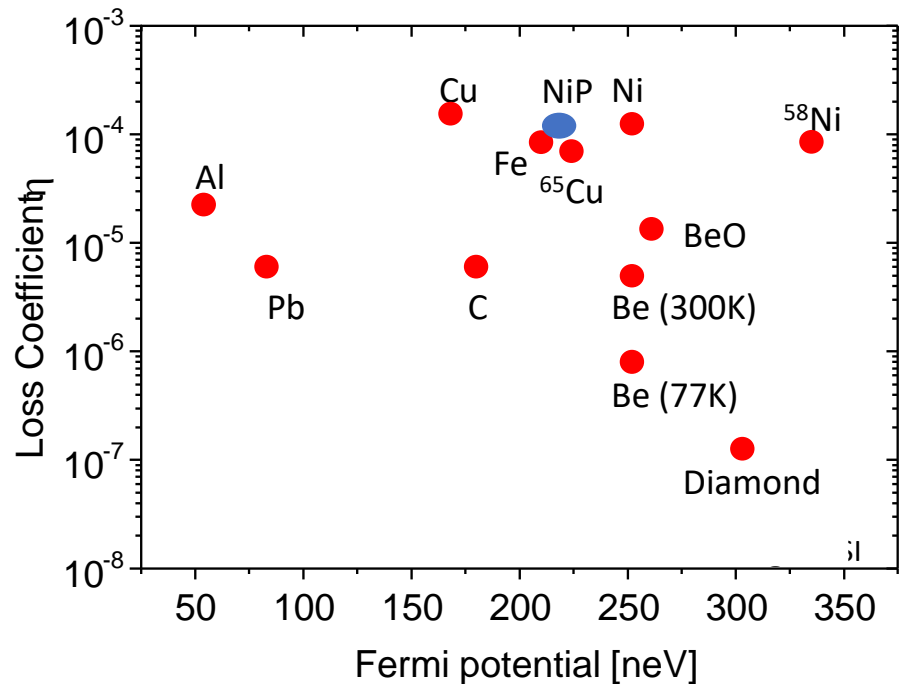
# UCN TRANSPORT/STORAGE REFRESHER

## Fermi (Material) Potential

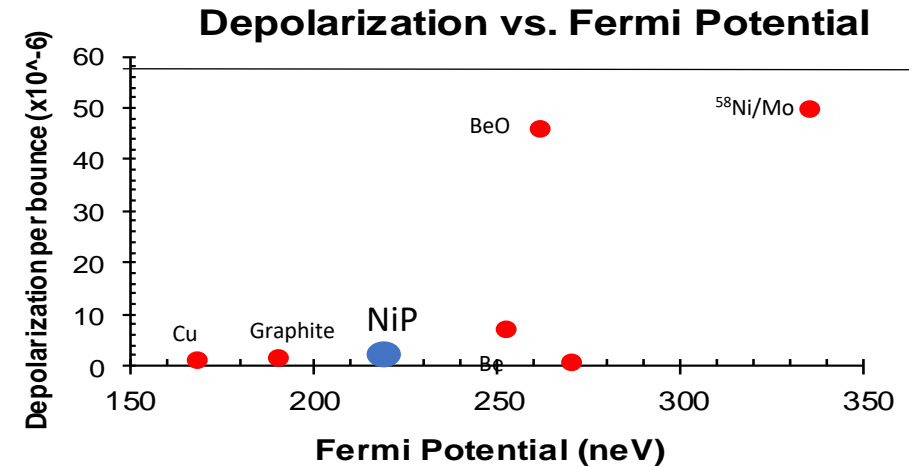
$$V = \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m} Nb \quad \text{UCN flux} \propto (V)^{3/2}$$

## UCN Loss Probability

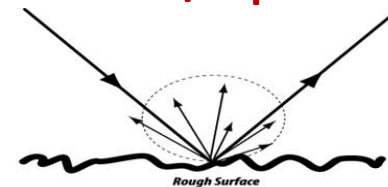
- Neutron absorption
- Inelastic upscattering



## Depolarization Probability



## Diffuseness /Specular Reflection



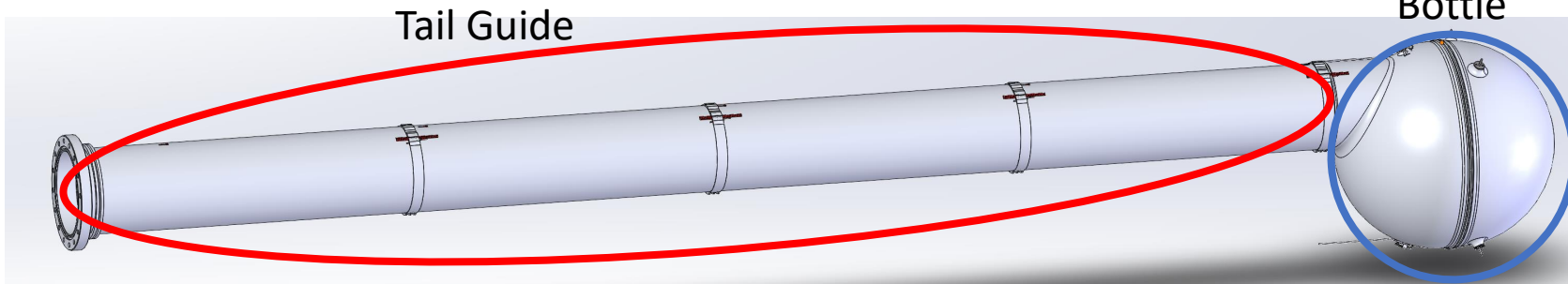
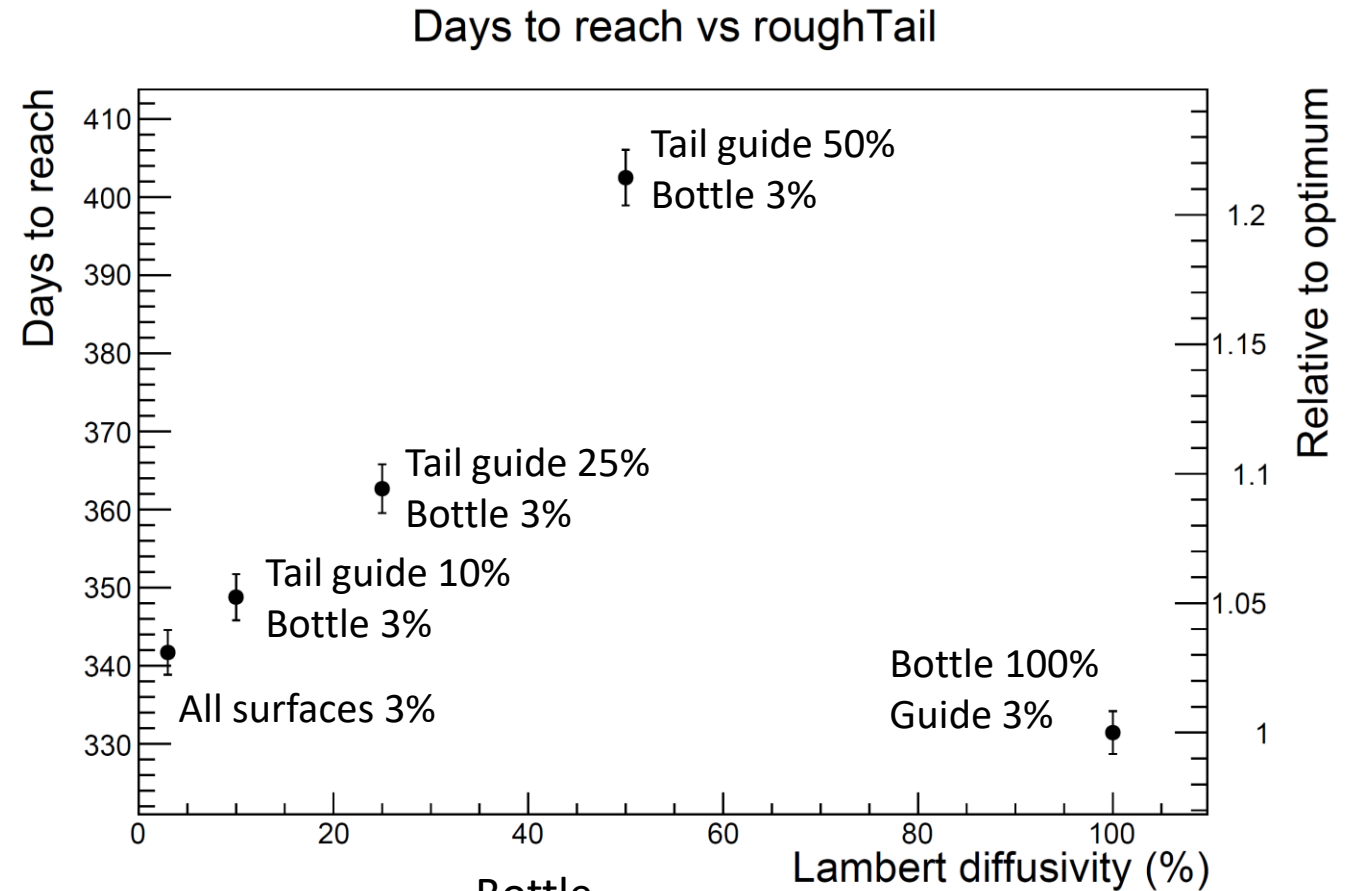
Usually means applying a coating on industrial, machined components

# Sensitivity to diffuse reflection in tail

Pentrack UCN simulations of our experiment:

- Metric is Days to Reach a  $1\sigma_{\text{stat}}$  <10-27 nEDM statistical measurement
- Vary diffuseness using Lambert reflection model

**Bottle diffuseness not strong effect**  
**Some Tail Guide diffuseness is okay**



Work of Wolfgang Schreyer  
using Pentrack



# NiP coating of He-II tail section

The electroless NiP deposition process requires control of the bath temperature ( $\sim 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and that the solution circulates over the surfaces to be coated

## Challenges:

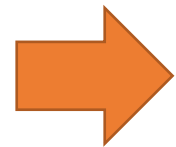
Aluminum (requires a Zincate or Copper preplating)

2.7 m long (requires baths large enough or willingness to use the tail section as the bath)

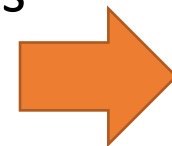
Closed on one end (requires pumping to get the solution to flow over the surfaces to be coated)



Current supplier:  
ChemProcessing in IL, USA  
(what LANL uses)  
Too long---no interest in using  
the vessel as the bath.



Spoke to 55 places  
(R. Mammei /C.  
Marshall)



July 2020: Dav-tec (MA, USA)  
In principle can do it  
Closed end biggest concern  
->Coat samples

# NiP Coating Acceptance Testing Plan

## Tests:

- Surface roughness tests
- Adhesion tests:
  - Tape tests (Scotch and Duct tape)
  - LN2 Dunk test (with tape tests afterwards)
- UCN storage lifetime/transport test

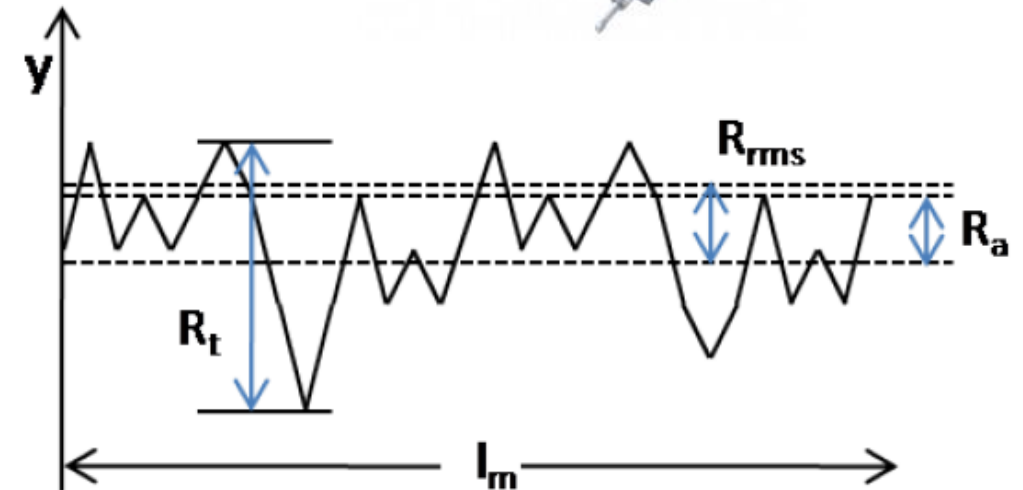
## Materials:

- Short Tube Samples
- TUCAN UCN Guide
- Mini tail section

Polishing company we work with uses the Ra metric in microinch.

Usually our guides are polished to a 2 microinch Ra using the ISO '97 standard

We use Mitutoyo SJ-210 stylus surface roughness meter



Ra is the arithmetic average

1 microinch = ~25 nm

1 microinch = ~25 nm

# Samples

Wolfgang Schreyer has  
done all the surface  
roughness measurements

**Sent 6" OD ~3" long samples (nominal RA 3 microinch starting roughness)**

1<sup>st</sup> try RA varied along the internal circumference from 20-30 microinch

2<sup>nd</sup> try Ra varied along the internal circumference from 3-5 microinch

(They changed the orientation of the samples in their baths)

**Prepared Mini tail section ("bong")**

12" Al hemispheres polished by me, 6" tube ~30" long





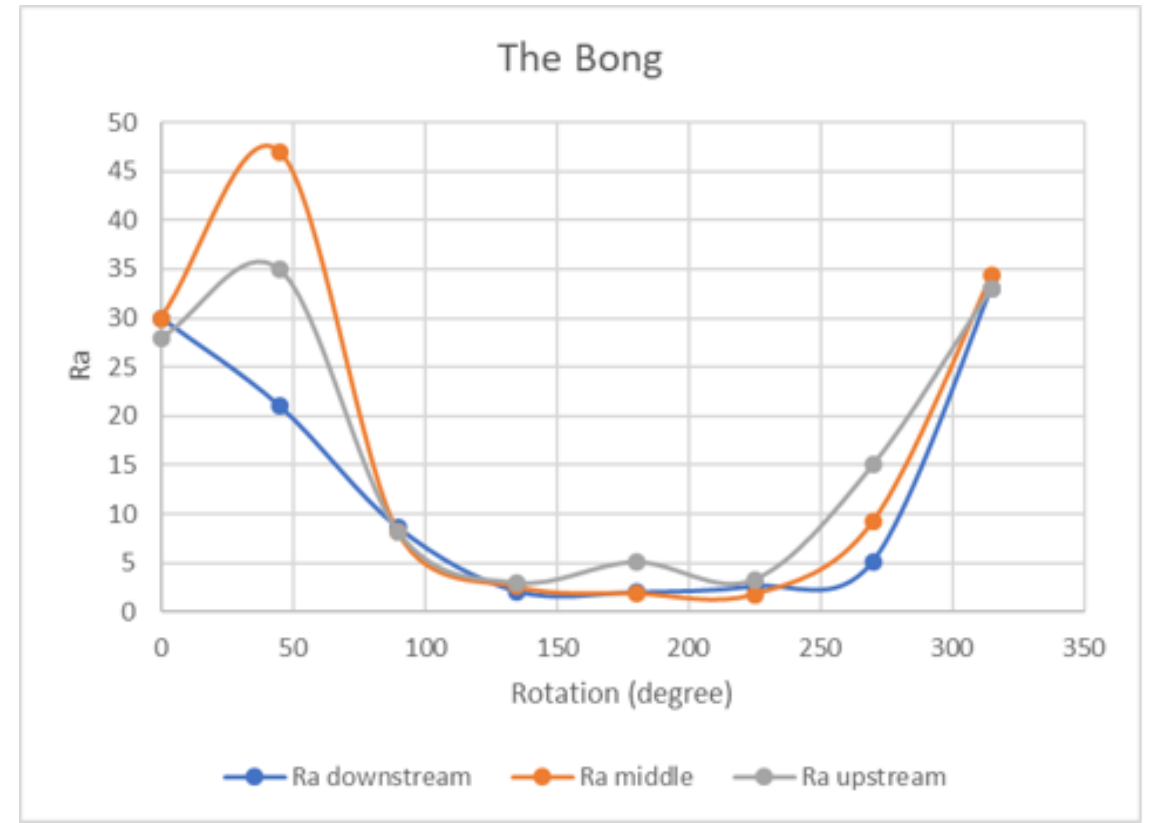
# Day-tec Bong Sample Tests



Surface roughness tests (UCN need say)

Adhesion tests:

- Tape tests (Scotch and Duct tape) Passed
- LN2 Dunk test (with tape tests afterwards) Passed



# UCN tests of Dav-tec NiP coating at LANL(1)

**Goal: Make a relative measurement of Dav-tec coated guide to a Chem Processing coated guide**

1. To qualify the DavTech coating in general
2. To eliminate any bugs in the measurement for a more important possible tail section test later

## **Guides:**

UGD 201: Dav-tec , 1 m , 4" OD, 10-30 microinch Ra

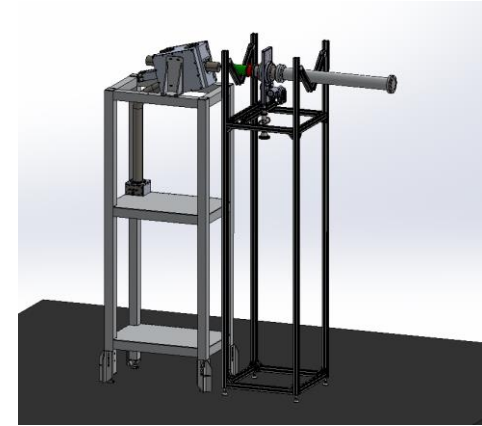
UGD37: ChemProcessing, 1 m, 4" OD, ~5 microinch Ra

The Covid-19 Pandemic prevented us from going to LANL to make the measurement in Dec of 2020.

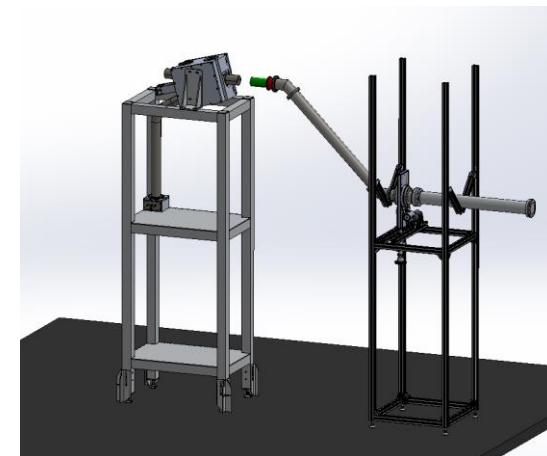
-LANL performed the measurement themselves for us:

- **Taufique Hassan** for performed the experiment during 3 night shifts. Thank you!
- **Doug Wong** did the analysis. Thank you!

**Test layouts, high position (0-90 neV?)**



**Test layouts, low position (90-180 neV)**

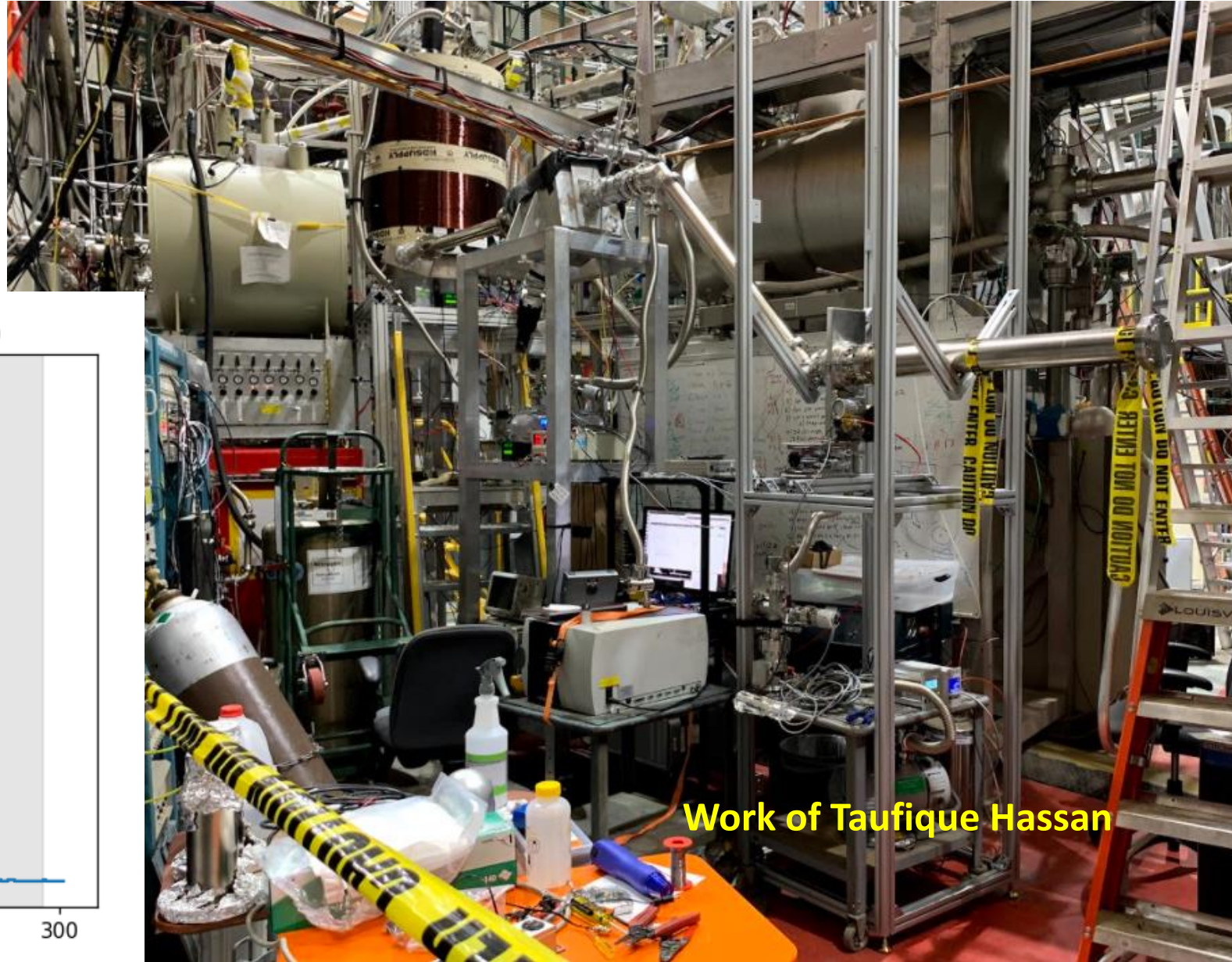
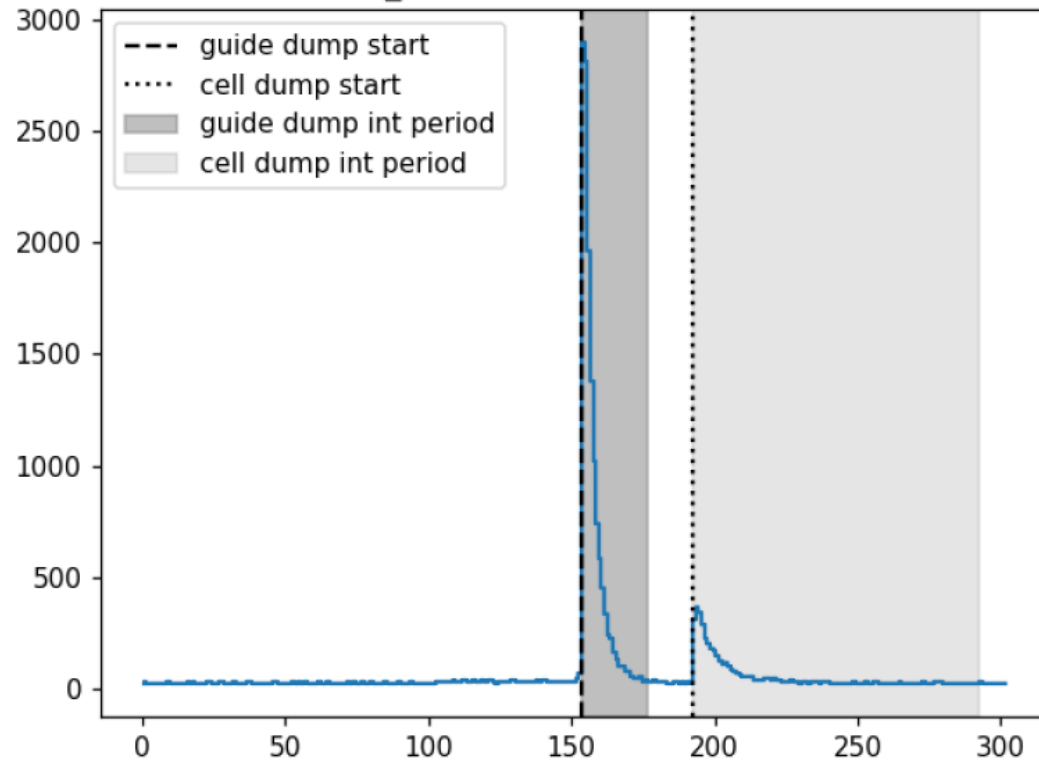




# UCN tests of Dav-tec NiP coating at LANL(2)

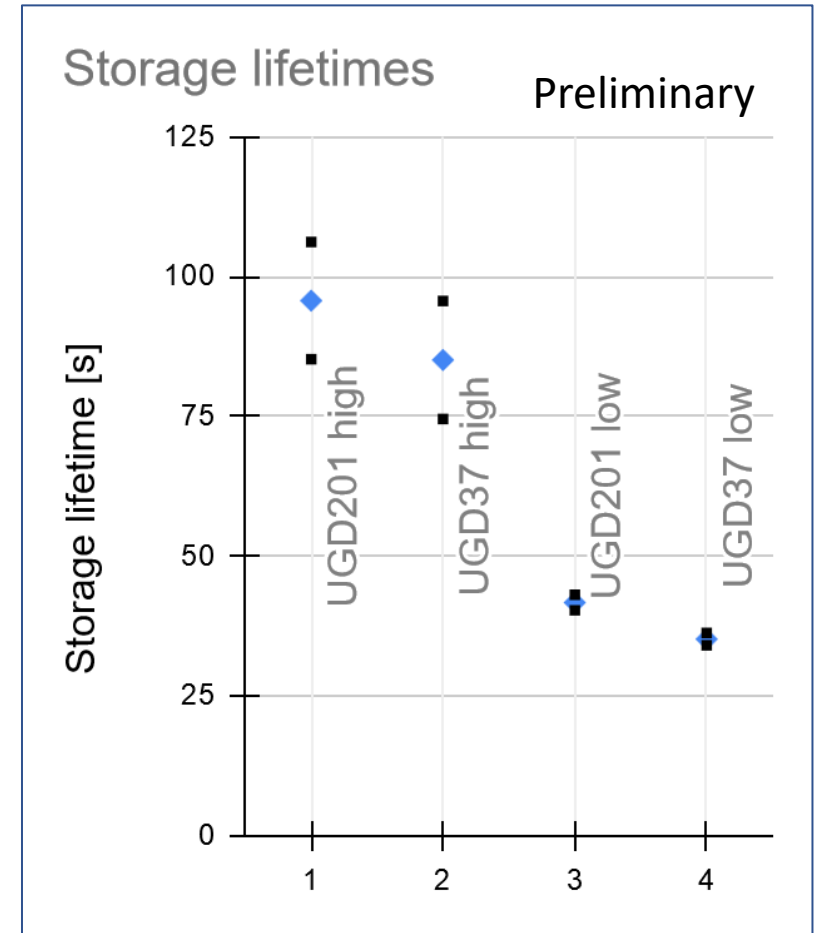
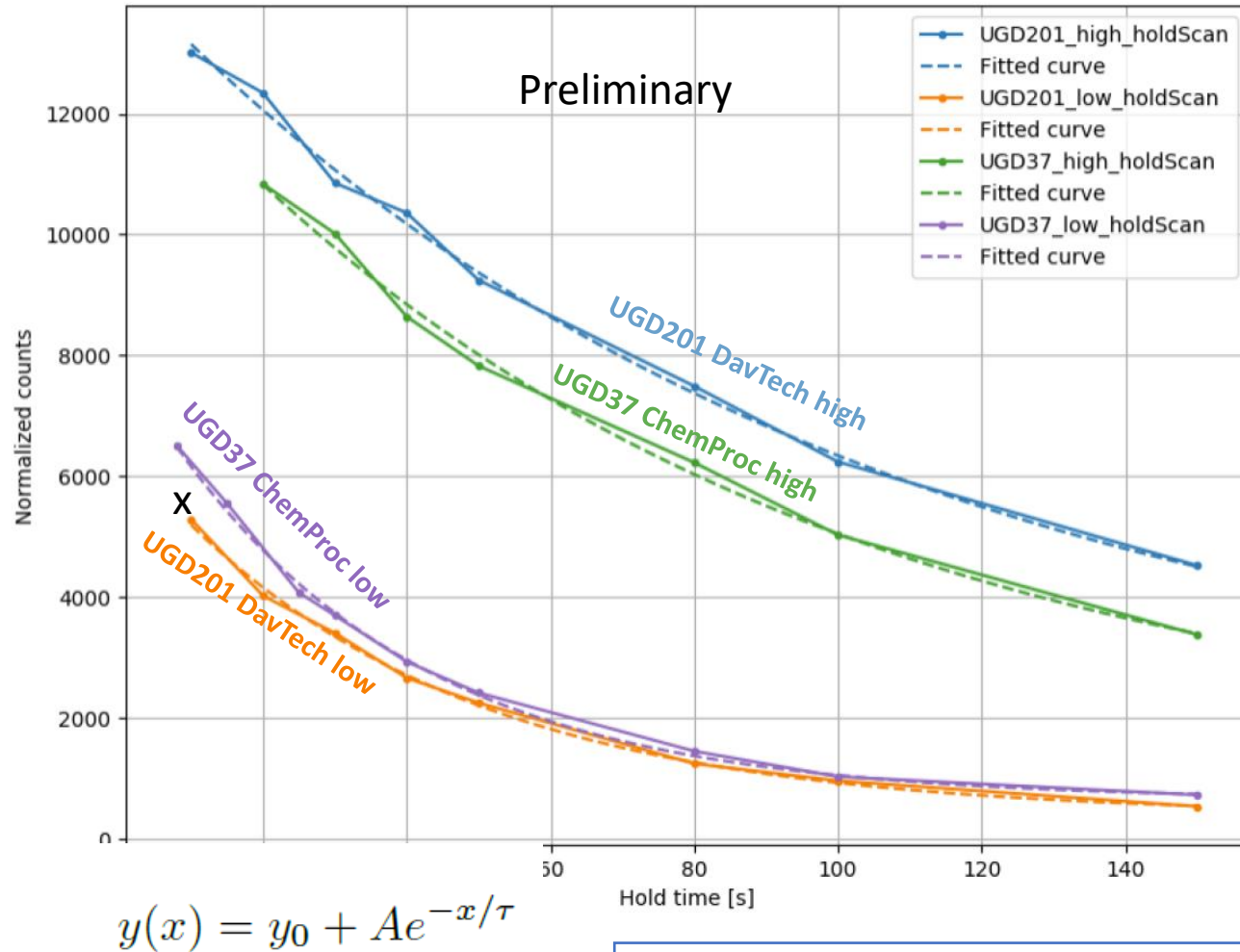
Example storge lifetime run

20201215\_run12 chan3 time hist (after cut)



Work of Taufique Hassan

# UCN tests of Dav-tec NiP coating at LANL(3)



Dav Tech guide tau consistently longer than ChemProcessing:  
Some inconsistencies remain to be investigated, but these results gives a high confidence in the performance of the DavTech coating.



# UCN Testing the Tail Section Options

Timeline:

Fabrication of tail section: March '21

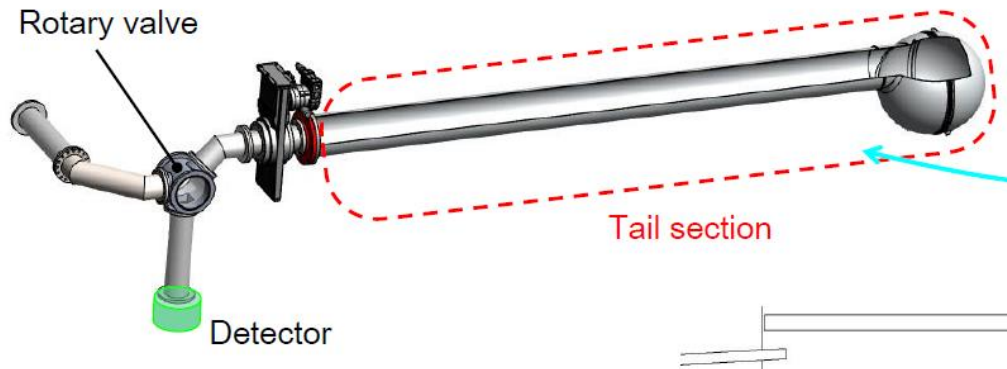
Coating and Cleaning: April '21

Available for testing May '21



## Storage Experiment in J-PARC

Measurement of UCN storage time in the tail section

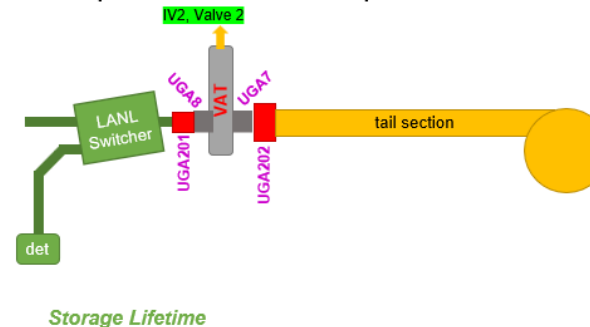


## Repeat LANL Storage experiment with tail section

TCN20-010

Tail section, high

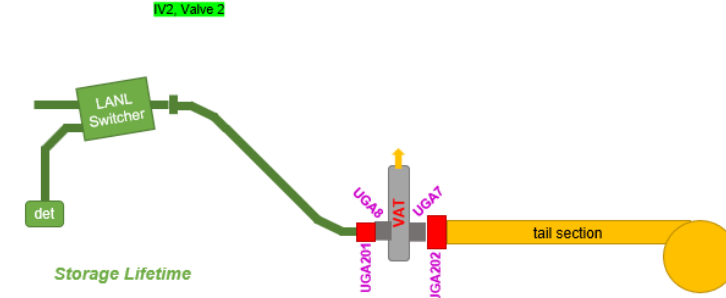
Adapter, VAT valve, adapter, tail section



TCN20-110

Tail section, low

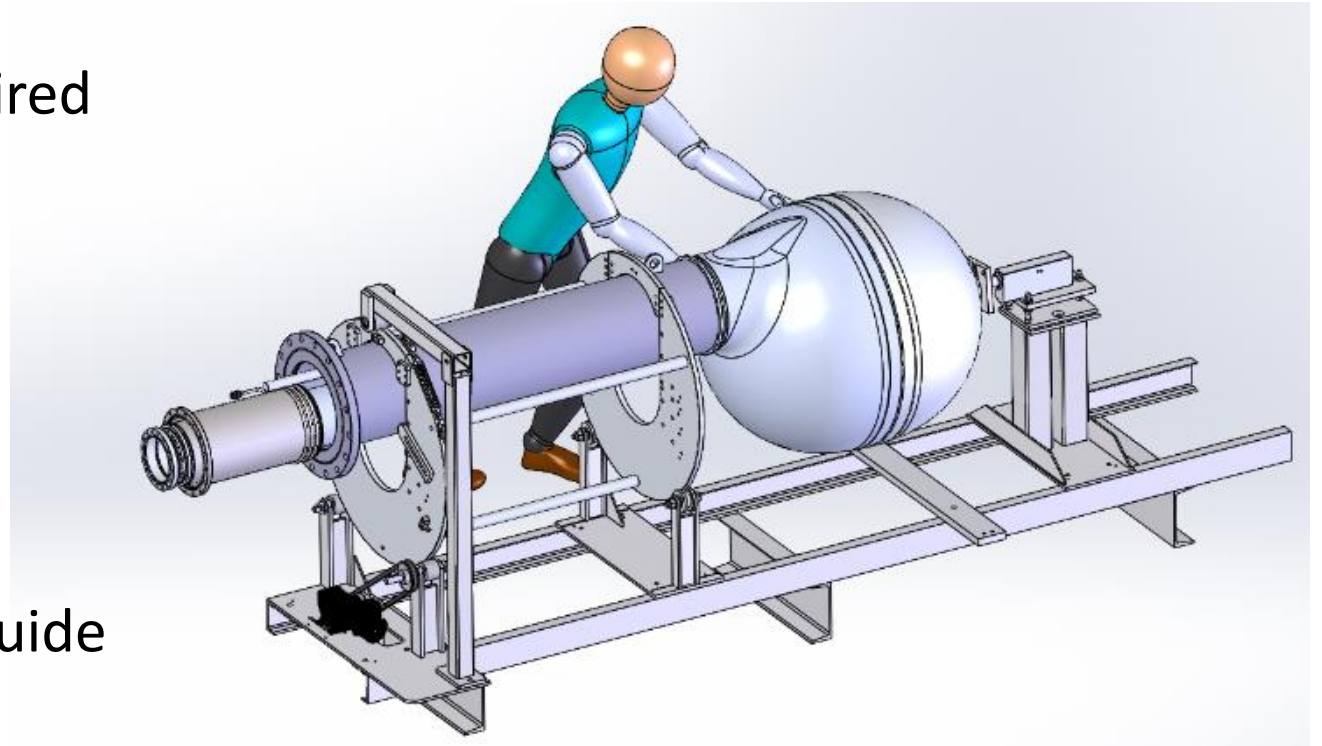
Adapter, VAT valve, adapter, tail section



# Conclusion

- TUCAN Collaboration's new UCN source expected to begin commissioning in 2022
- NiP coating of UCN source volume required the use of new company: Dav-tec.
- Vetting Dav-tec's NiP
  - Tape tests and LN<sub>2</sub> dunks
  - UCN tests
- UCN Storage time in Dav-tec NiP UCN Guide performed at LANL → Successful
- Will measure Storage time of the actual UCN source volume later this year.

Tail Assembly Welding Jig



END

# He-II vessel (in construction)

- Physics requirements:
  - Low beam heating & neutron absorption  
→ Al6061, machined to minimal thickness
  - Good UCN storage & transport  
→ Polishing + electroless nickel plating (NiP)
- Engineering requirements:
  - Withstand +/- 1 atm pressure
  - Superfluid leak tight  
→ successful weld tests (before and after plating)
  - Accurate temperature measurement  
→ optimized coupling of sensors to bottle

