

Geant4 model of HPGe detector Gentiane @LSM

Maryvonne De Jésus
December 16th 2021

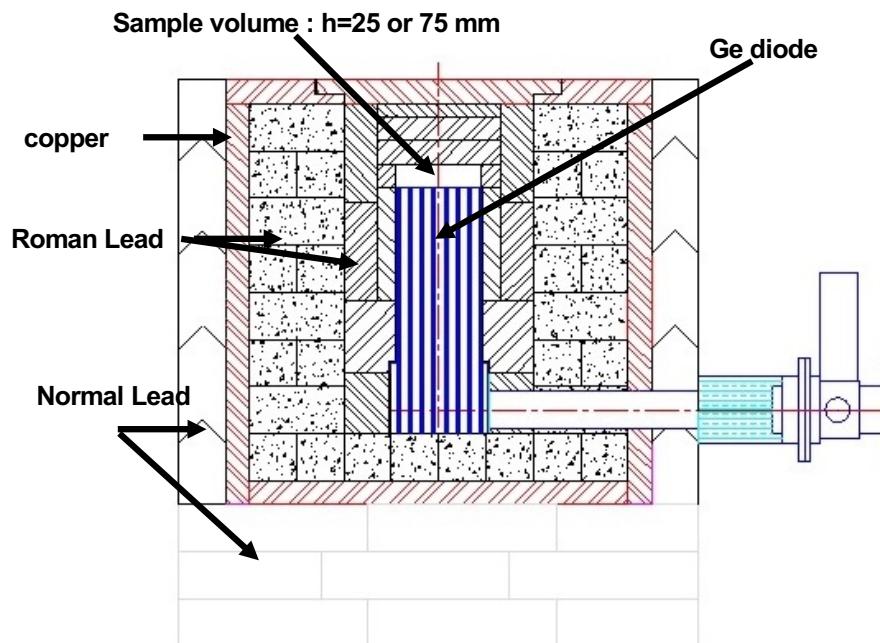


Gentiane detector @ LSM

(available for EDW-I since november 97)

High Purity Ge diode of 210 cm^3 n-type :

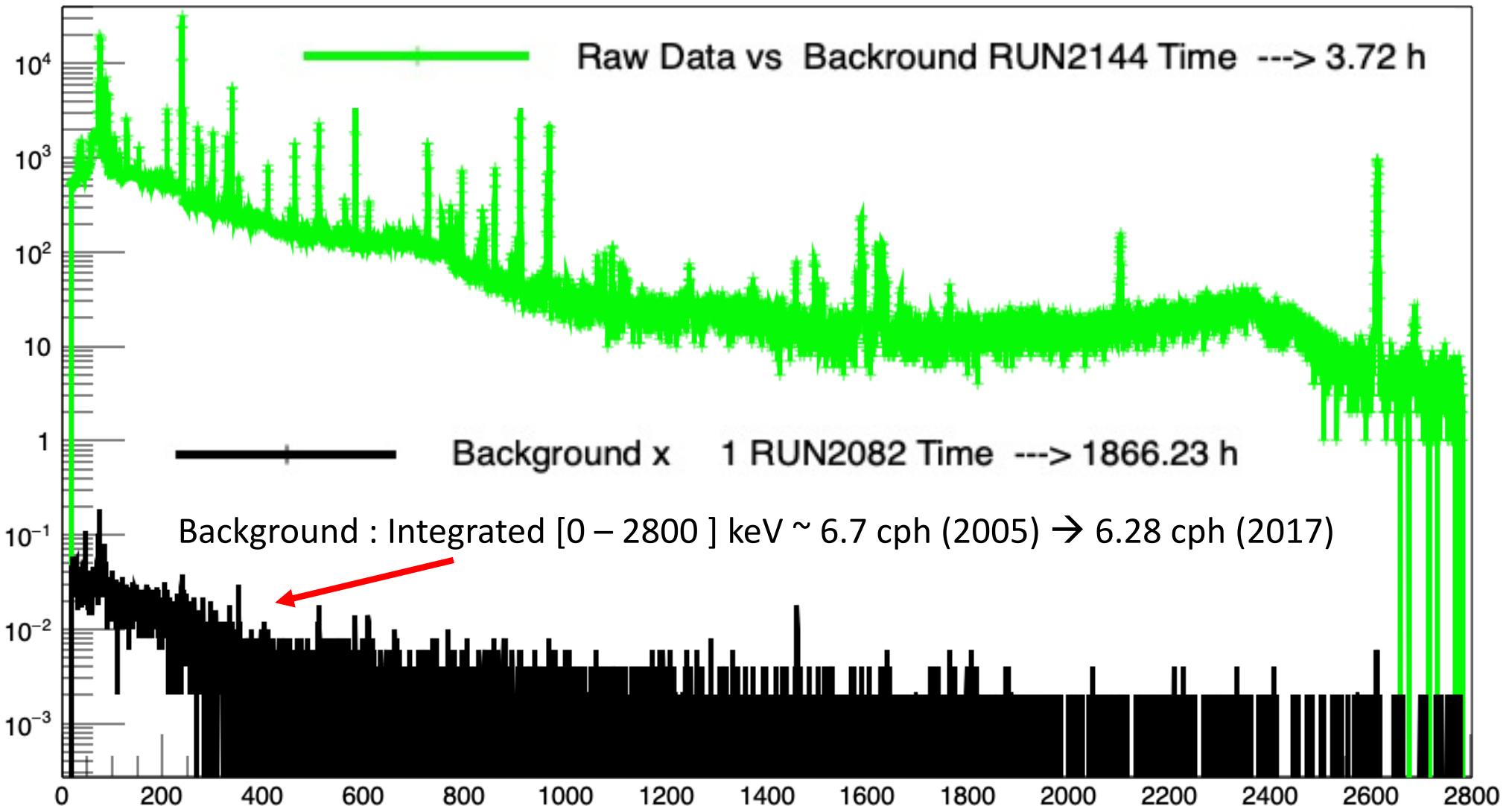
- Closed-ended coaxial, detector operated at 77 K
- Ultra-low-background cryostat, archeological lead shielding
- Nitrogen flux: 150cc/mn N₂



Moved to main room
end october 2017

- Sensitivities :
 - Background counting rate: < 6.7 counts/hour 0-3000 keV (~ 2005)
 - ~ mBq/kg (0.1 – 0.2 ppb for U/ Th)
 - 10 $\mu\text{Bq} / \text{kg}$ (tests of ^{60}Co in Cu)
- Two configurations h = 25 mm and h = 75 mm for sample volume ²
- On December 16th 2021: sample # 2207

Gentiane detector @ LSM : Background level



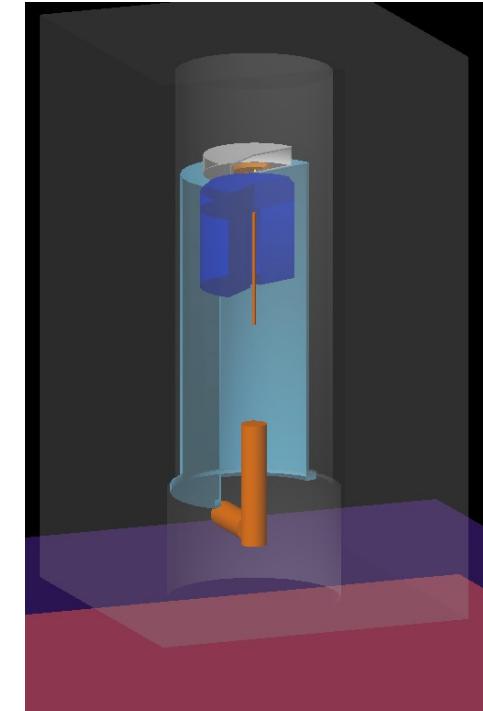
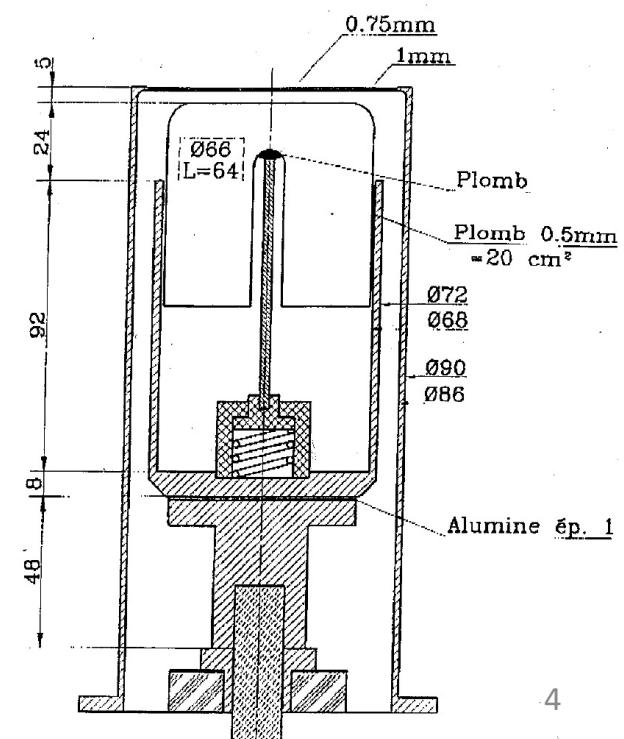
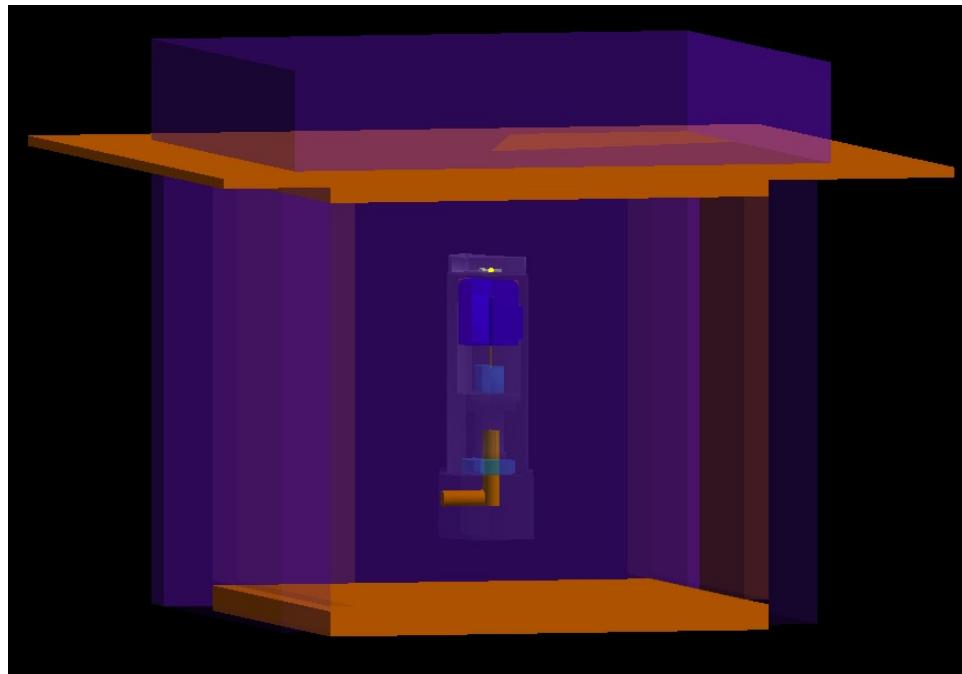
Implementation of Gentiane geometry in Geant4

```
physicsList->AddPhysicsList("radioactive_decay");

export G4DATA=/Applications/Geant4/share/Geant4-10.4.2/data
export G4RADIOACTIVEDATA=$G4DATA/RadioactiveDecay5.2
export G4LEVELGAMMADATA=$G4DATA/PhotonEvaporation5.2
export G4NEUTRONHPDATA=$G4DATA/G4NDL4.5
export G4LEDEDATA=$G4DATA/G4EML0W7.3
export G4REALSURFACEDATA=$G4DATA/RealSurface2.1.1
export G4ABLADATA=$G4DATA/G4ABLA3.1
export G4LENDDATA=$G4DATA/LEND_GND1.3-ENDF.BVII.1/
```

A **time window** ($t_r = 4 \mu\text{s}$) is applied to decide whether adjacent detections need to be combined. Detection entries falling within the same t_r window will be added.

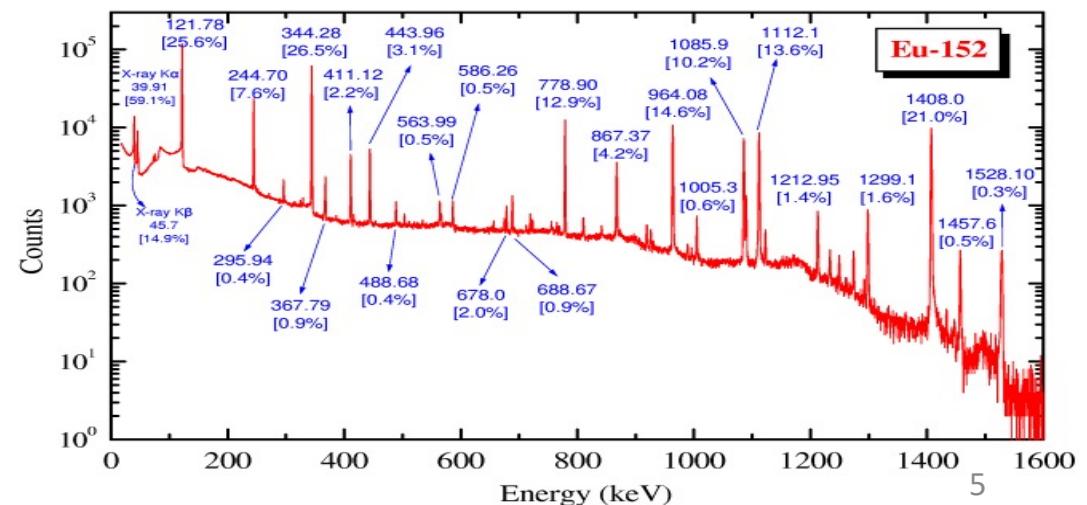
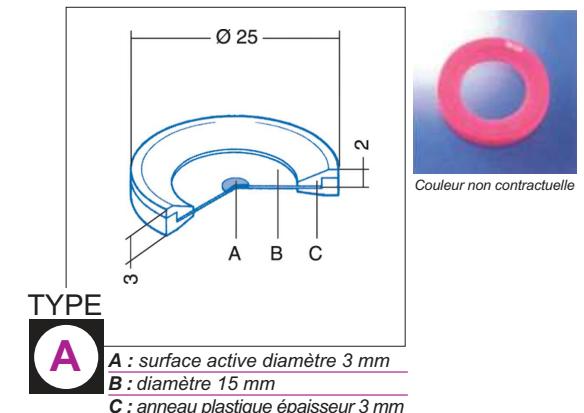
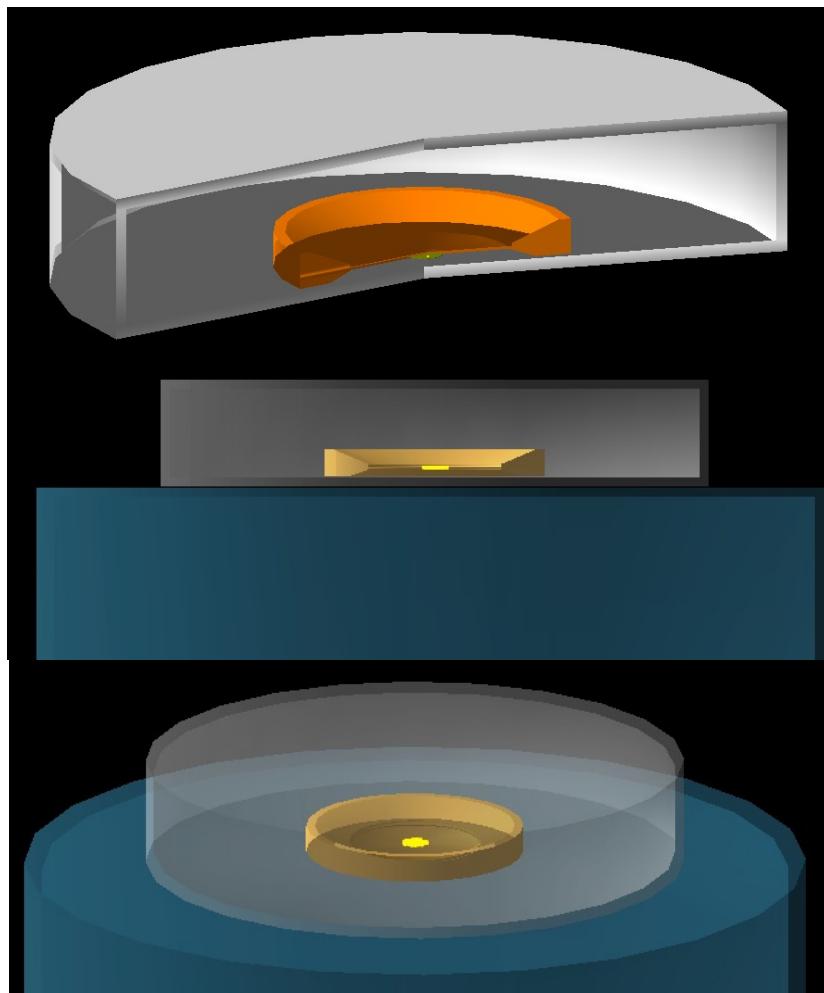
No time pile-up window has been set.



Run2116: Eu152 Calibration H25

Radionucléide et période	Référence	Flux γ dans 4π sr s $^{-1}$ /aire d'émission (min et max)	Activité kBq (*)	μ Ci	Conditionnement	Incertitude de mesure à k=2 %	
			kBq (*)	μ Ci	Diamètre mm	Type	
¹⁵² Eu	EU152EGMA10	5.2 à 1.1 $\times 10^3$	4	1.1 $\times 10^{-1}$	25	A	2 à 6

Légende : (1) Campagne de production 2 fois/ans : mars et septembre de chaque année. (*) Tolérance de fabrication $\pm 30\%$
Toutes les activités sont mesurée en flux théorique.



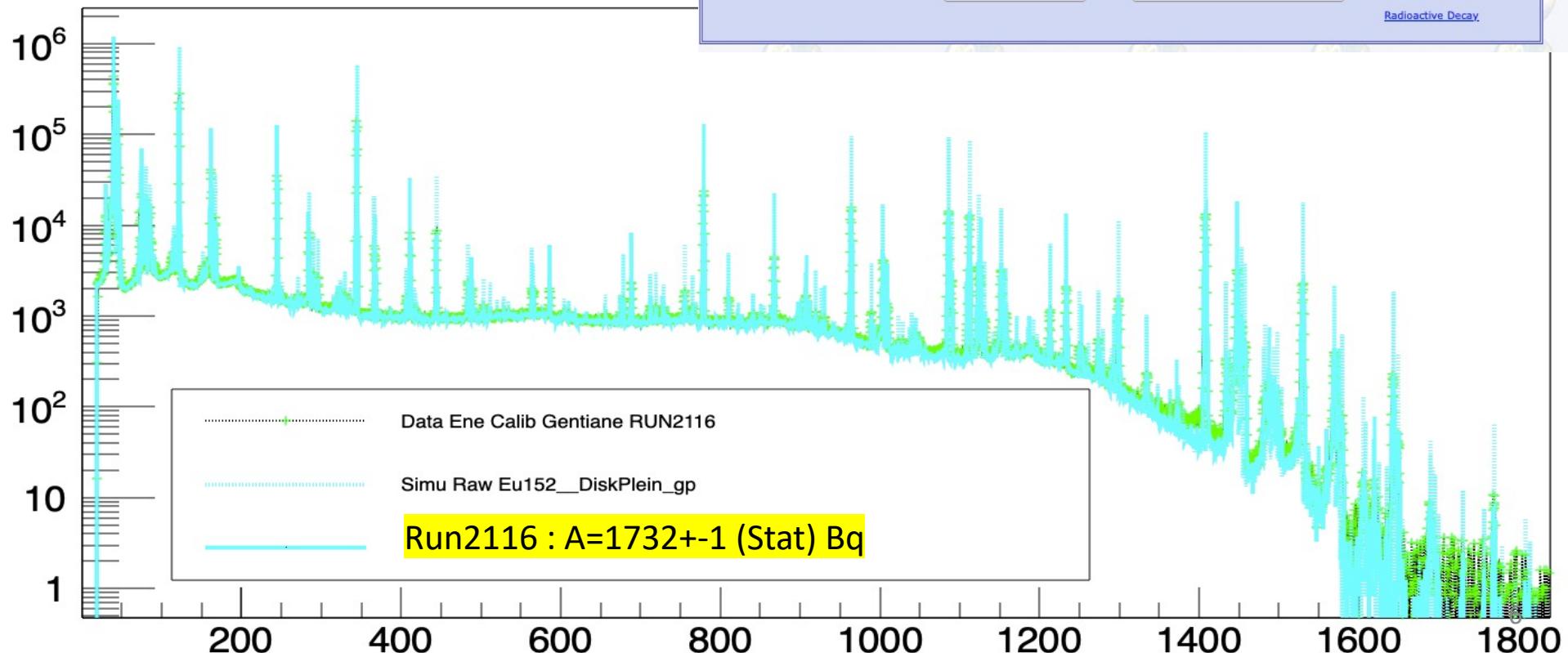
Run2116 Eu152 Calibration

Maximum Likelihood Method used to fit 152Eu data with Geant4

Fine tuning of the details of the geometry by minimizing the chi2 of the fit !!!

A (CERCA) = $1736 \pm (35 \text{ to } 105)$ Bq

A(G4) = 1732 ± 1 Stat $\pm 10\%$ Syst Bq



<http://www.radprocalculator.com/Decay.aspx>

Rad Pro Calculator

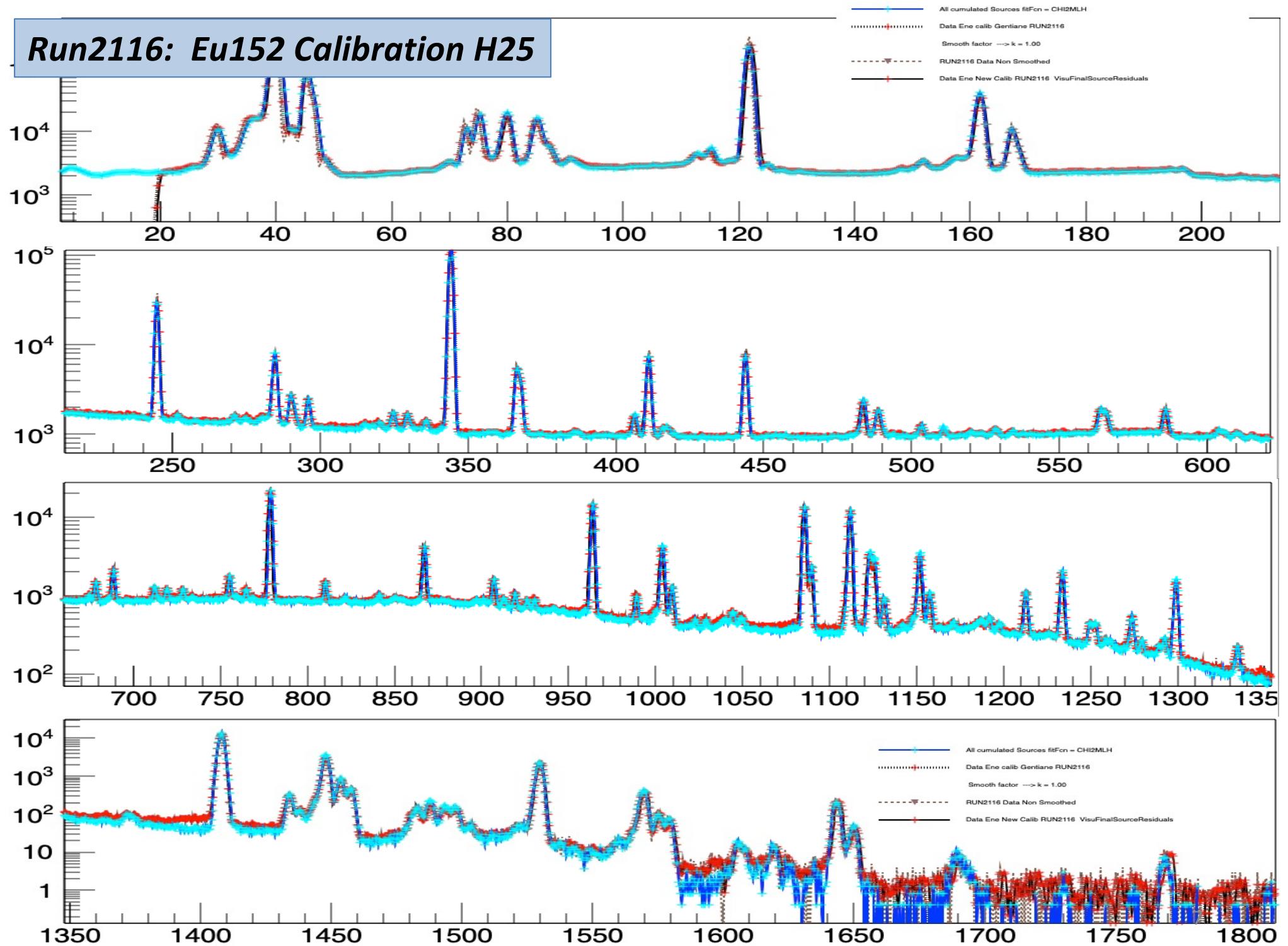
Site Navigation Menu Home Page Online Calculators Freeware Rad Pro Information Documents Help

For those needing portability, Rad Pro for Desktop works with Windows 8.1/10 tablets. Will not work with Surface tablets running Windows RT.

Decay Calculations

Select Element Europium (Eu)	Select Isotope Eu-152	Select Units Bq
Half Life 13.537 Years	<input type="checkbox"/> Isotope Not Listed?	
Original Date and/or Time 06/01/2005 12:00:00 AM	Pick	Calculation Date and/or Time 1/25/2019 12:00:00 AM
Original Activity 3494 Bq	Calculated Activity 1736.00747674786 Bq	
<input type="button" value="Calculate"/> <input type="button" value="About the Decay Calculator"/>		

Run2116: Eu152 Calibration H25



RUN2144: IAEA Standards : RgTh-1 H25

(Thanks to Irene Lefevre for lending different standards)

IAEA-RG-Th1		IAEA-RG-U1	
Radionuclide	Activity (Bq kg^{-1})	Radionuclide	Activity (Bq kg^{-1})
^{232}Th	3250	^{232}Th	< 4
^{235}U	3.6	^{235}U	238
^{238}U	78	^{238}U	4940
^{40}K	6.3	^{40}K	< 0.68

Table 3: IAEA-RG-Th1 (thorium ore) and IAEA-RG-U1 (uranium ore) certified values of activities.
<https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/54029967.pdf>

Mass of the sample (91.71 – 18.60)
 $M_{\text{RgTh-1}} = 73.11 \text{ g}$

Equivalent Activities for
RgTh-1 TVL

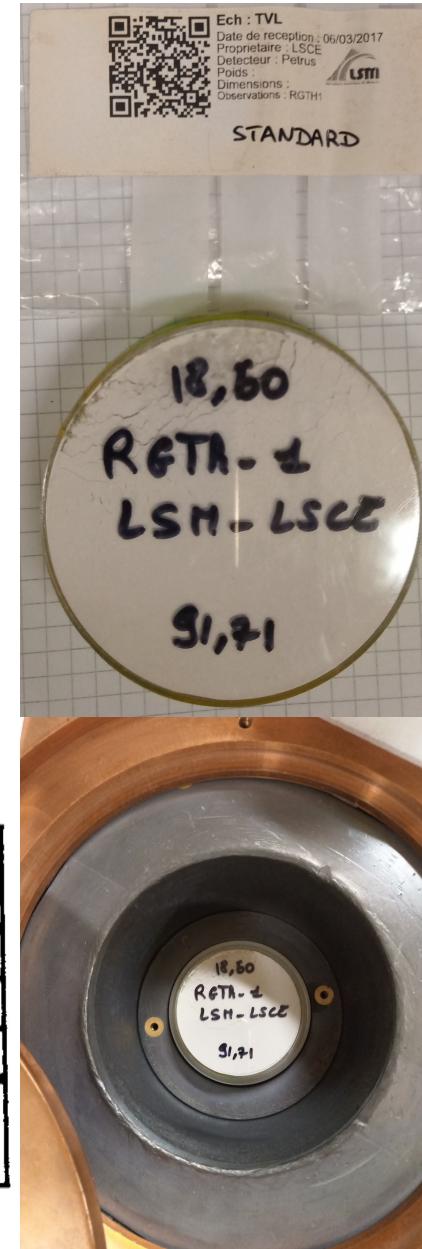
$$\begin{aligned} A(^{232}\text{Th}) &= 237.6 \pm 4.8 \text{ Bq} \\ A(^{238}\text{U}) &= 5.70 \pm 0.11 \text{ Bq} \\ A(^{40}\text{K}) &= 0.46 \pm 0.01 \text{ Bq} \\ A(^{235}\text{U}) &= 0.26 \pm 0.01 \text{ Bq} \end{aligned}$$

IAEA/RGTh-1
CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

COMPONENT	CONCENTRATION*	CONFIDENCE INTERVAL**
Thorium	800 $\mu\text{g/g}$	$\pm 16 \mu\text{g/g}$
Uranium	6.3 $\mu\text{g/g}$	$\pm 0.4 \mu\text{g/g}$
Potassium	0.02%	$\pm 0.01\%$

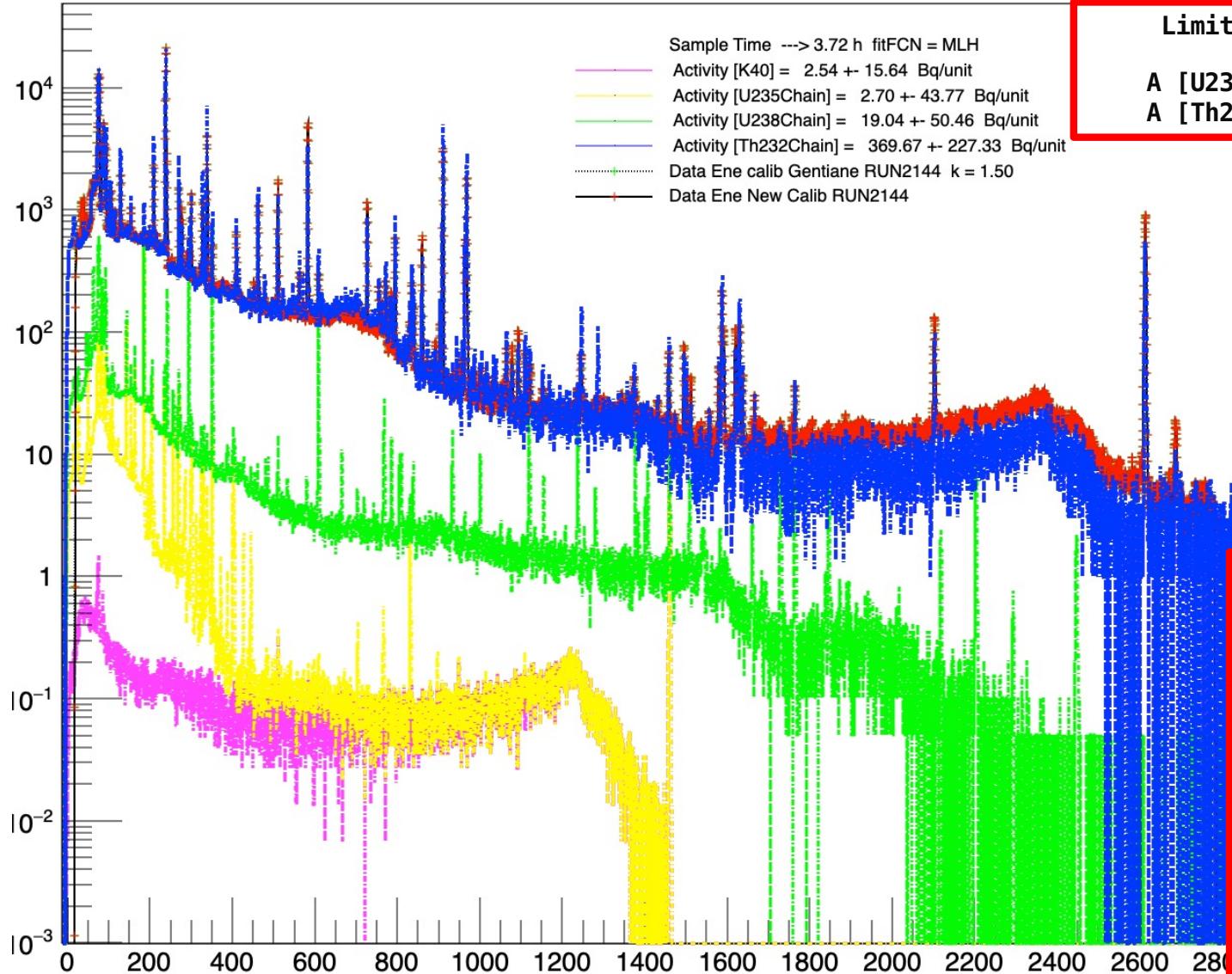
*Expressed on dry weight basis (constant weight at 130°C)
**At a significance level of 0.05

[https://inis.iaea.org/collection/NCLCollectionStore/_Public/18/088/18088420.pdf?r=1](https://inis.iaea.org/collection/NCLCollectionStore/Public/18/088/18088420.pdf?r=1)



RUN2144: IAEA Standards : RgTh-1 H25

First attemp : try a fit with full chains and K40



K40 and U235 contributions negligible

Limiting to ^{238}U and ^{232}Th fulls chains

$$\begin{aligned} A [\text{U238Chain}] &= 21.35 \pm 0.35 \text{ Bq} \\ A [\text{Th232Chain}] &= 369.67 \pm 0.02 \text{ Bq} \end{aligned}$$

Conclusions :

- → Chains are not in equilibrium ?
- → Geant4 is not able to simulate accurately a full chain ?

Simulate gamma emitters individually

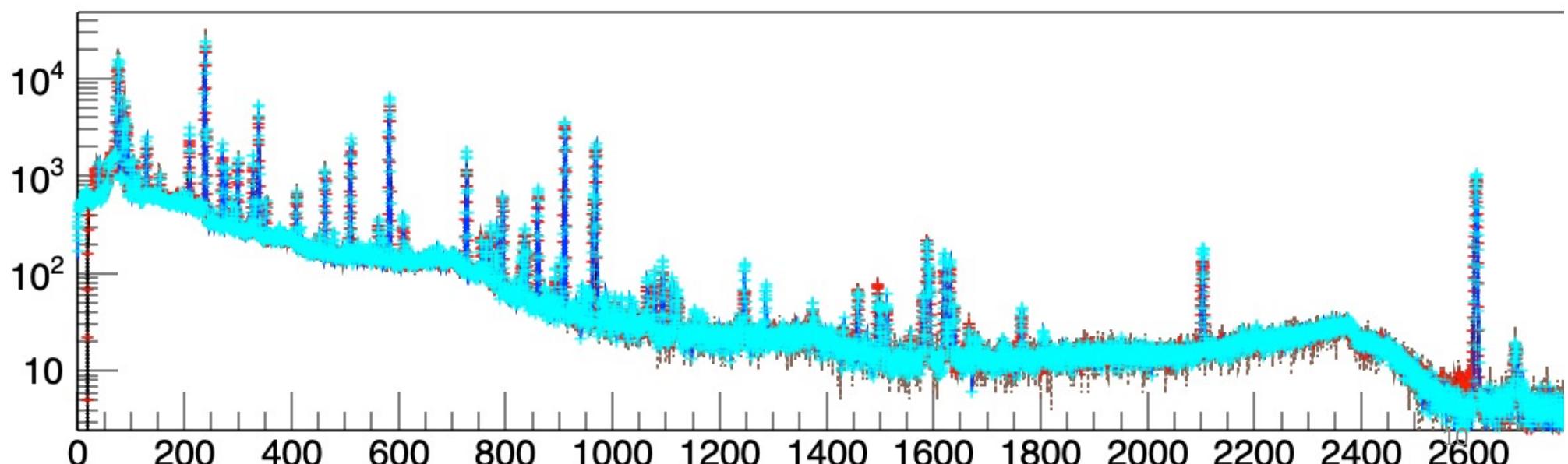
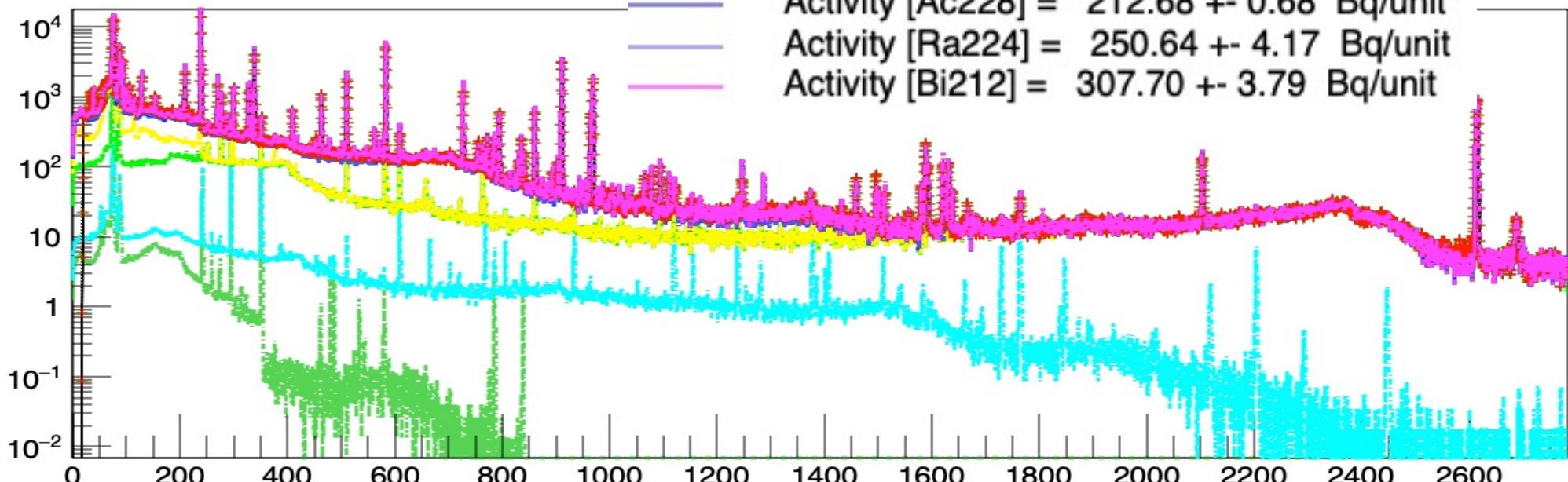
OR

Split chains and simulate as out of equilibrium, early and late parts separately

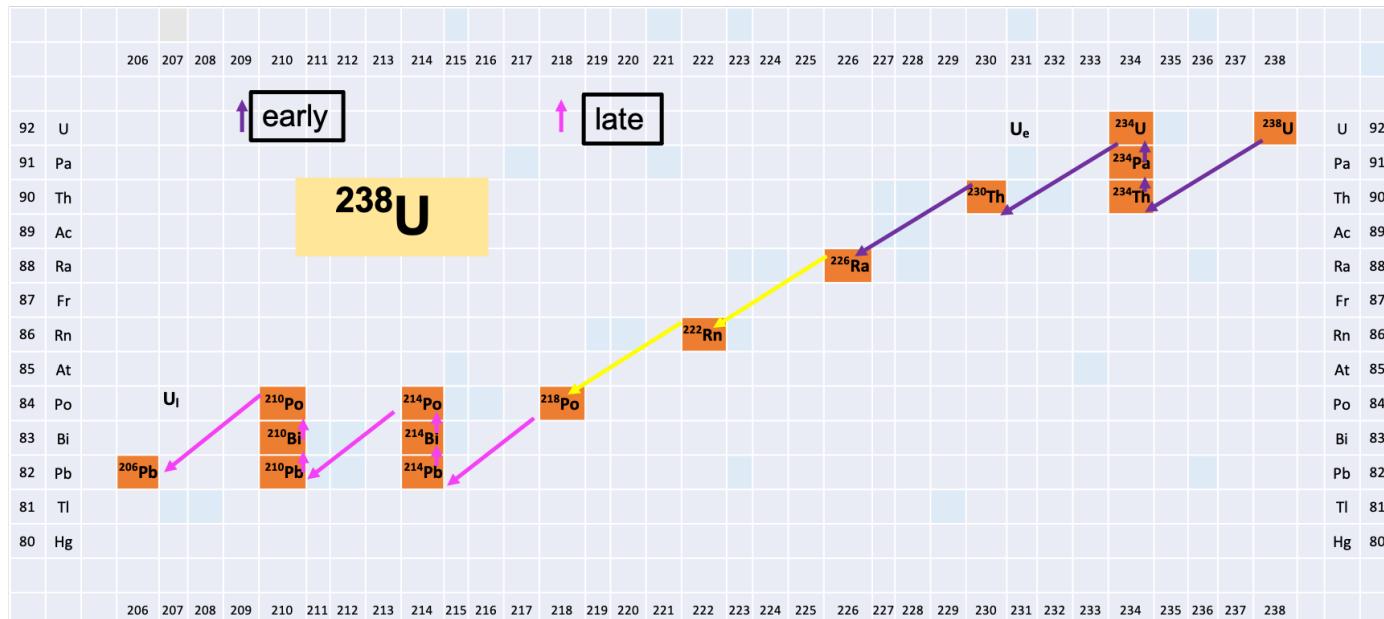
*Errors are statistical errors

Simulation of gamma emitters individually

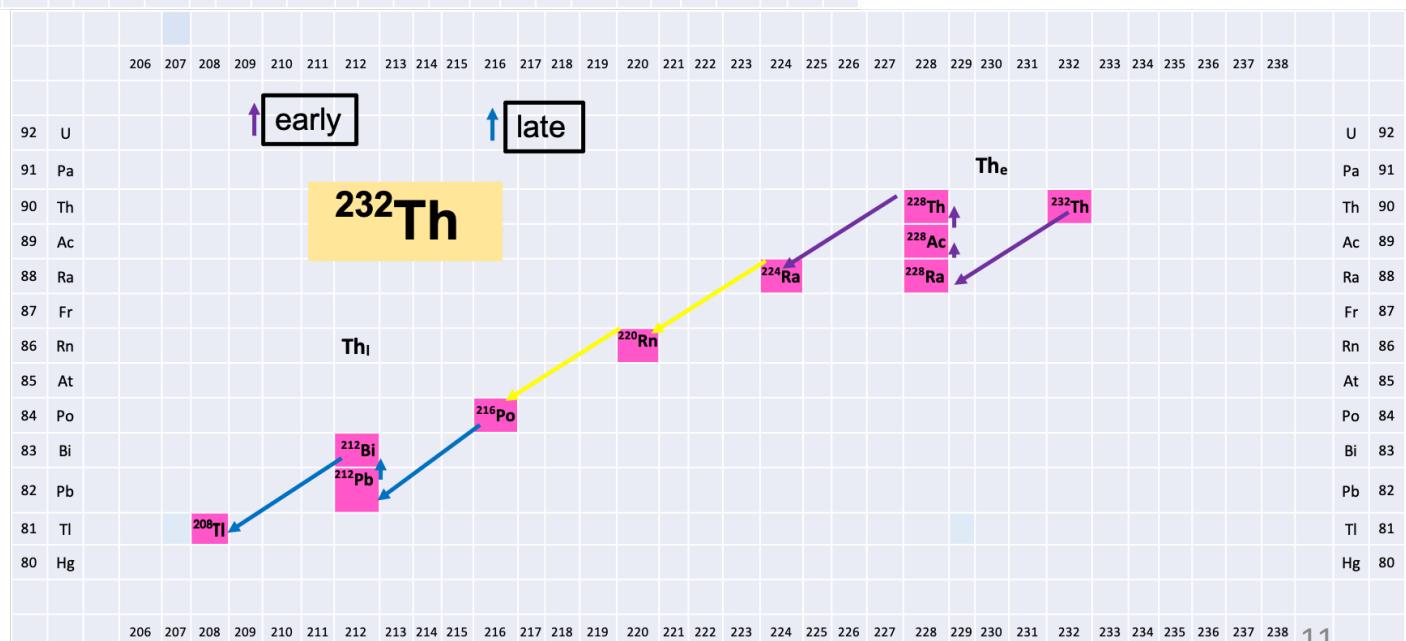
Activity [Pb214] = 4.92 +/- 0.22 Bq/unit
Activity [Bi214] = 6.53 +/- 0.27 Bq/unit
Activity [Tl208] = 83.03 +/- 0.34 Bq/unit
Activity [Pb212] = 200.56 +/- 0.60 Bq/unit
Activity [Ac228] = 212.68 +/- 0.68 Bq/unit
Activity [Ra224] = 250.64 +/- 4.17 Bq/unit
Activity [Bi212] = 307.70 +/- 3.79 Bq/unit

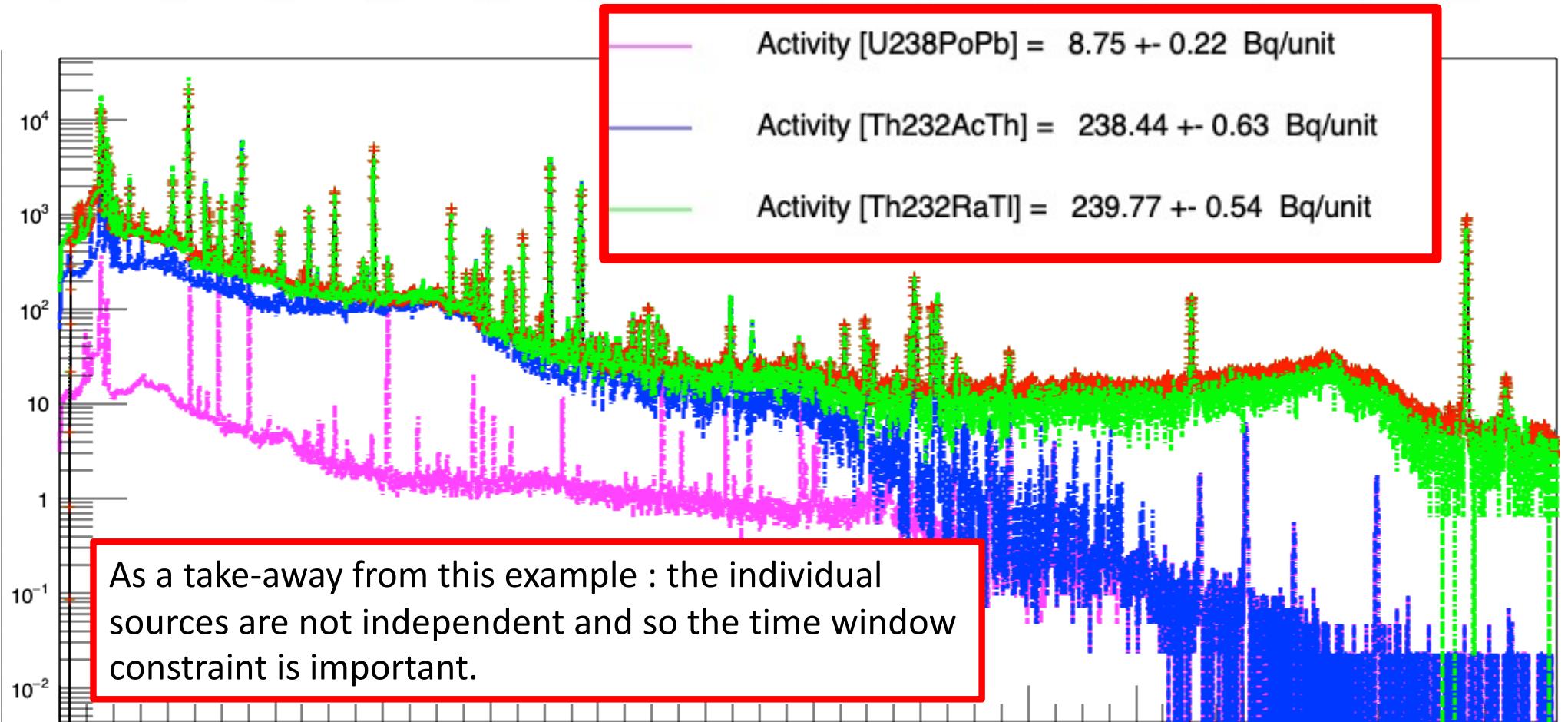
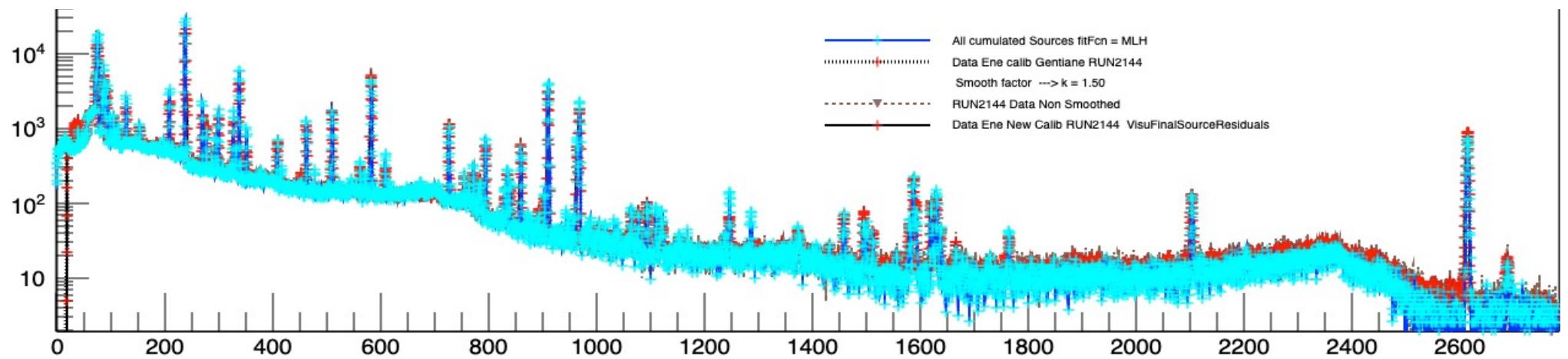


RUN2144: IAEA Standards : RgTh-1 H25



Split chains and simulate as out of equilibrium, early and late parts separately





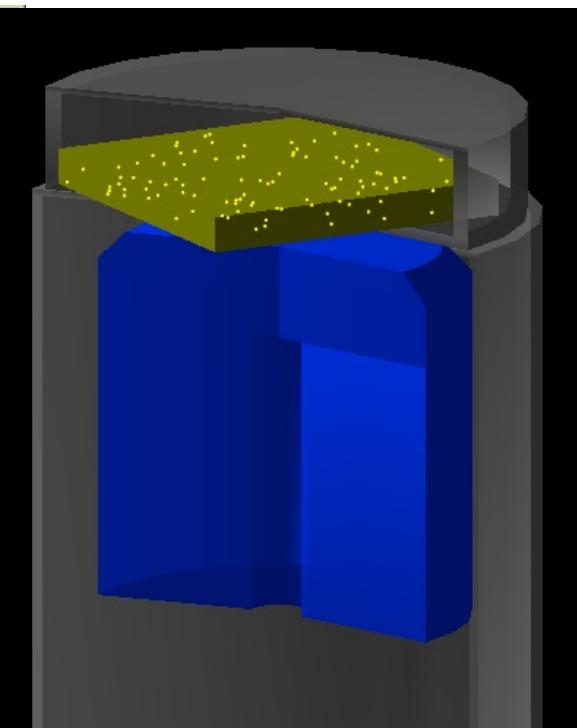
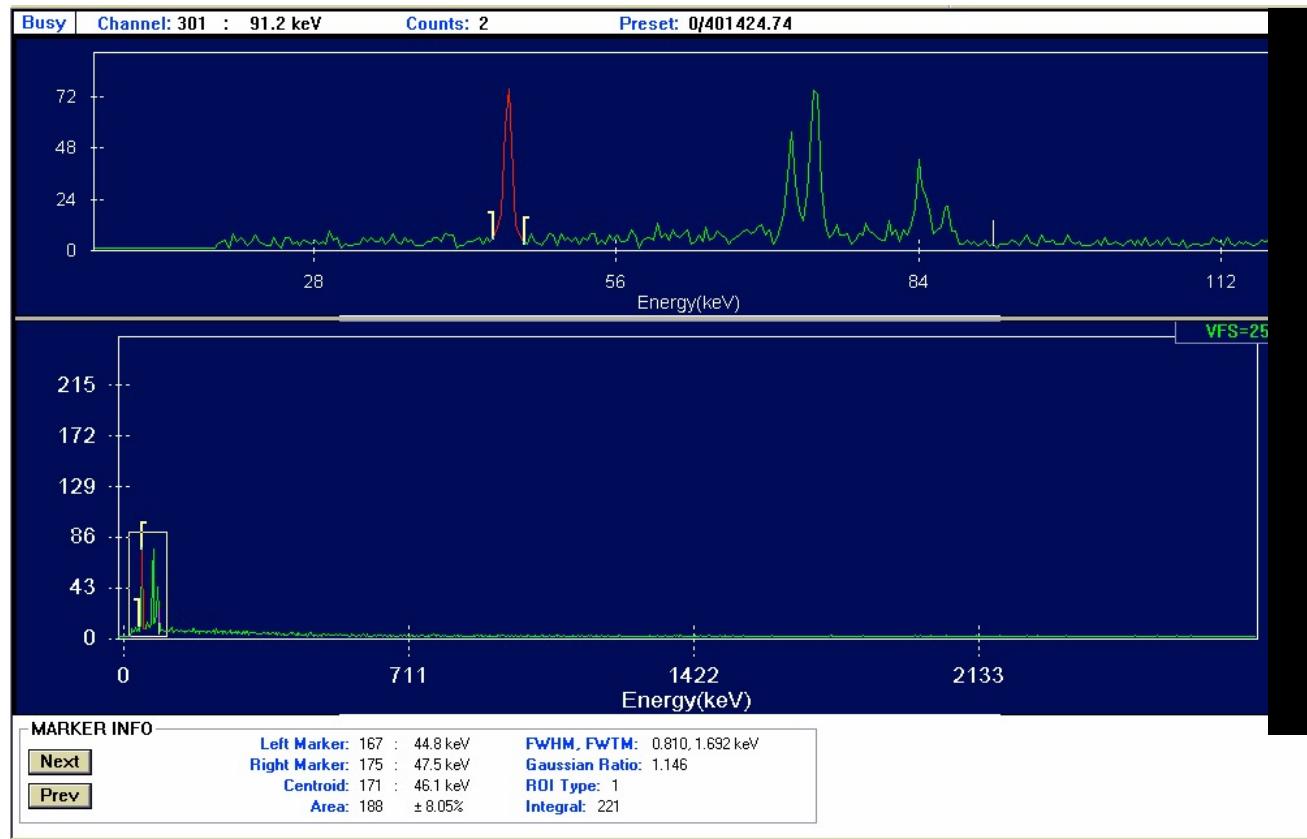
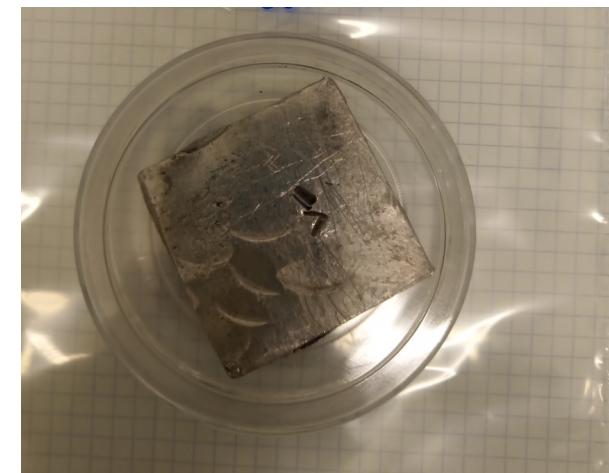
As a take-away from this example : the individual sources are not independent and so the time window constraint is important.

* Errors are statistical errors

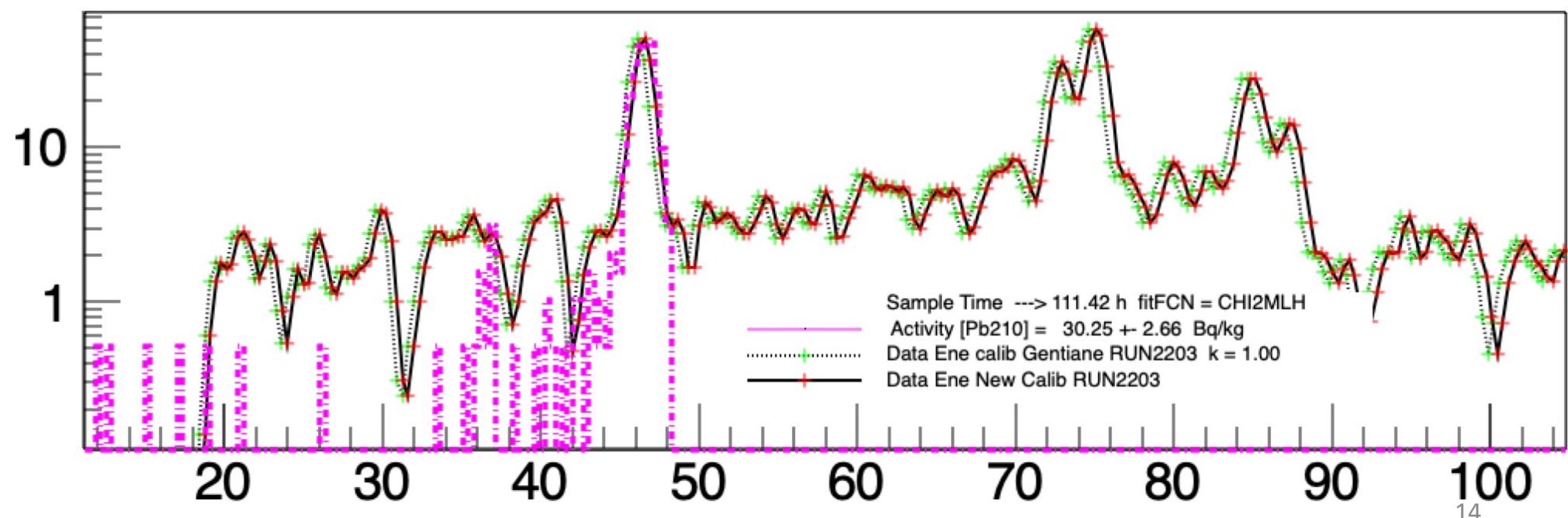
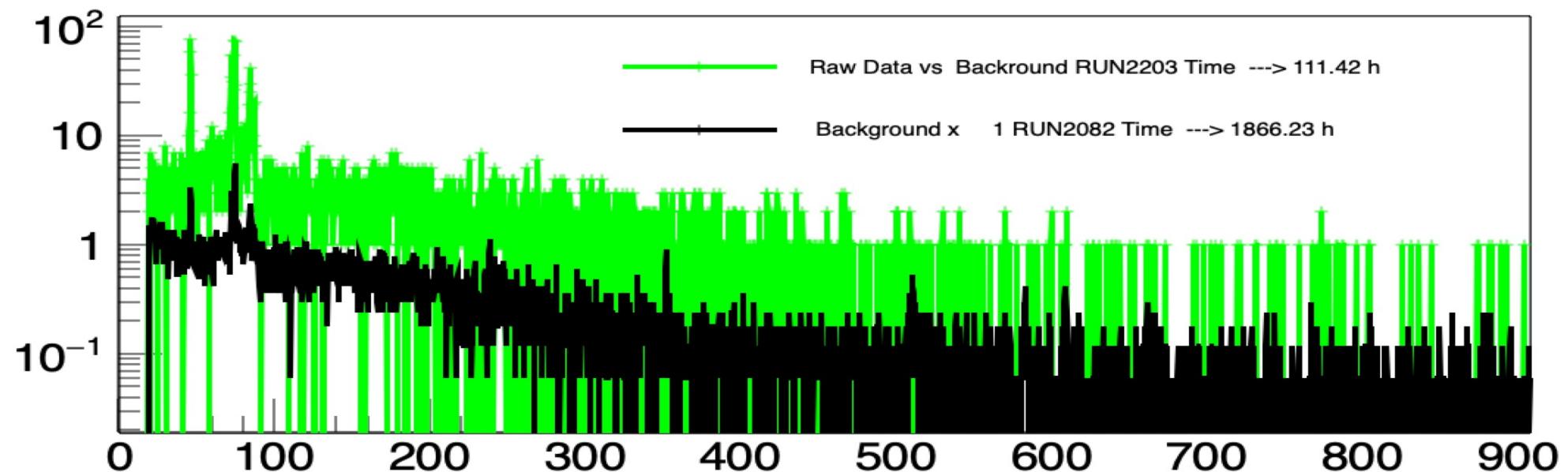
RUN2203: PbLSCE FG2



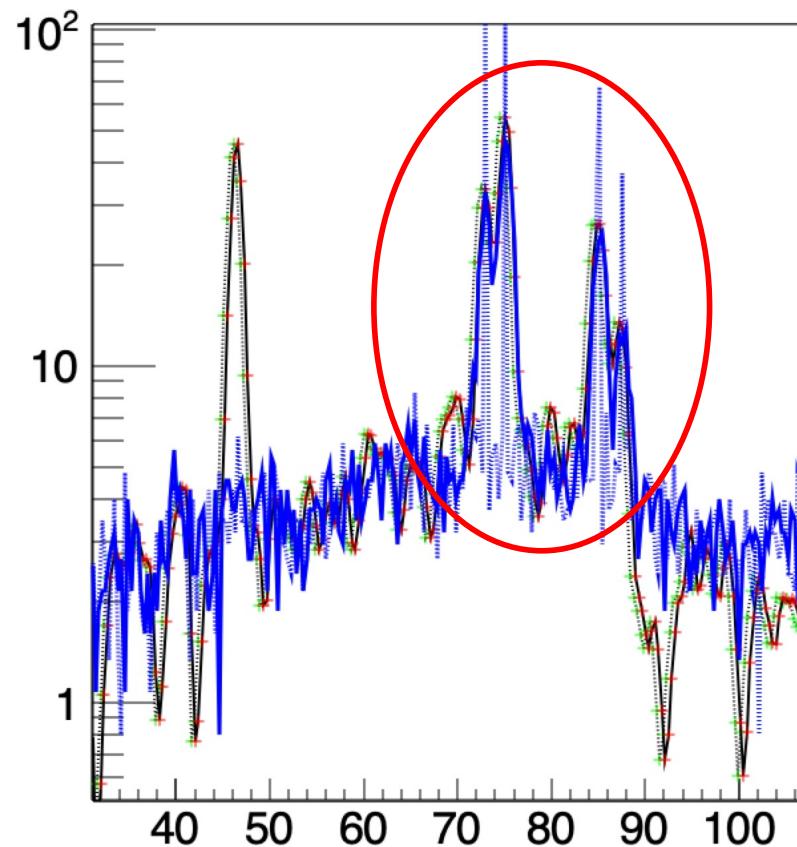
Mass=213.87 g
L= 55.2 mm
L= 55.0 mm
H= 6.2 mm



RUN2203: PbLSCE FG2



RUN2203: PbLSCE FG2



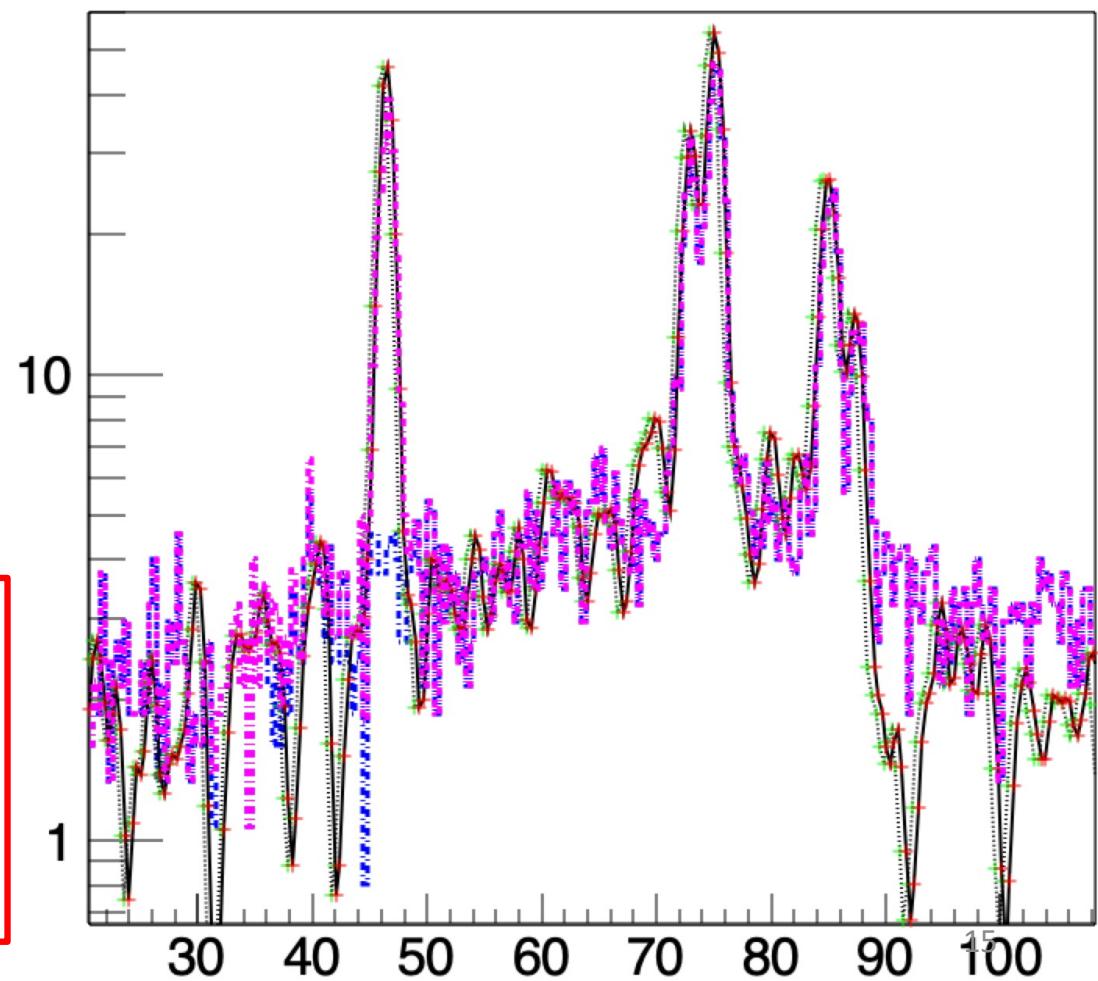
Activity [Pb210] = 19.22 ± 2.43 Bq/kg

Data Ene calib Gentiane RUN2203 $k = 1.20$

Data Ene New Calib RUN2203

*Errors are statistical errors

Use K40 to simulate high energy background inducing Pb X-rays, but the fitted activity for K40 has no physical meaning



Short Conclusion :

- Geant4 RadioactiveDecay physics list combined with maximum likelihood method analysis reliable to simulate common radioactive isotopes within materials.
- Geant4 application can well reproduce the typical spectral features such as the escape and summation peaks, and the Compton and back-scattering continua and edges.

Thank You



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