

Combining NNLO QCD corrections with parton showers for Higgs production in bottom-quark fusion

Aparna Sankar

In collaboration with

C. Biello, M. Wiesemann, G. Zanderighi

based on [2402.04025]



MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT
FÜR PHYSIK

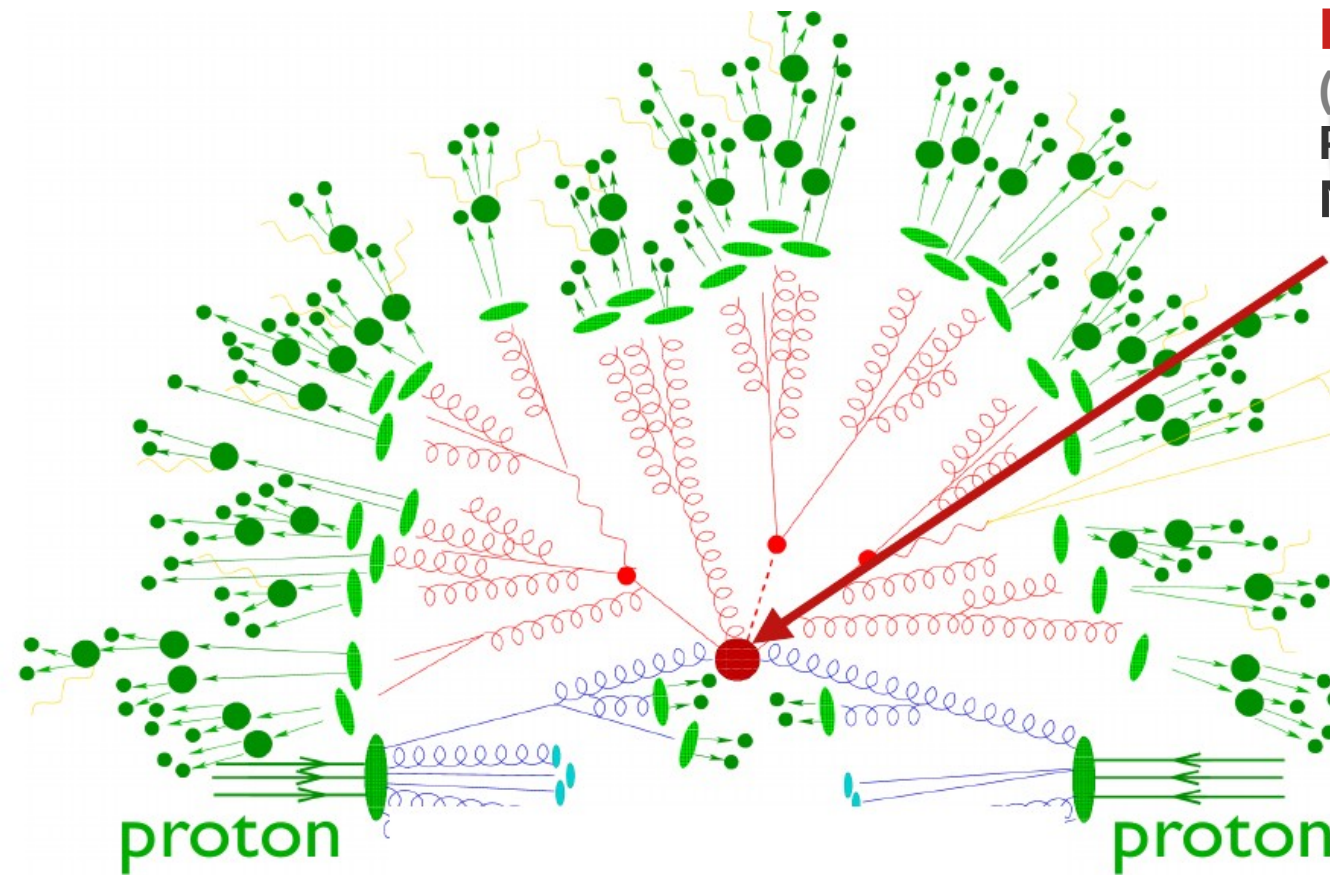


Technische Universität München

31st International Workshop on Deep Inelastic Scattering

Grenoble, 10 April 2024

Events at LHC: theoretical perspective



Hard scattering
($\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \ll \mu \approx Q$)
Perturbation theory
NNLO is the frontier!

[Sherpa's artistic view]

Events at LHC: theoretical perspective

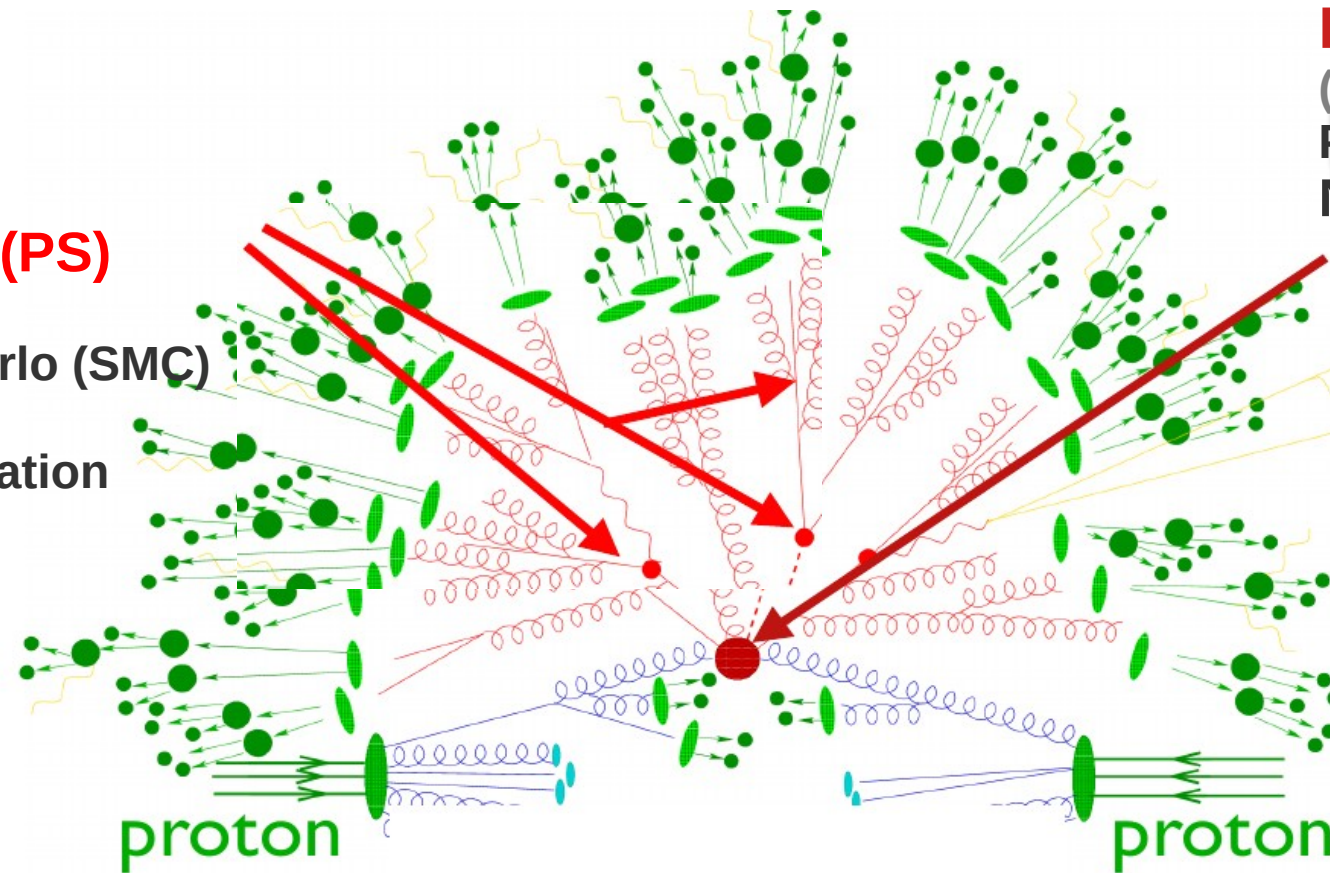
Parton shower (PS)

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} < \mu < Q$$

Shower Monte Carlo (SMC)

Resummation of
soft/collinear radiation

Less accurate



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Hadronization

$$\mu \approx \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$$

Non-perturbative model

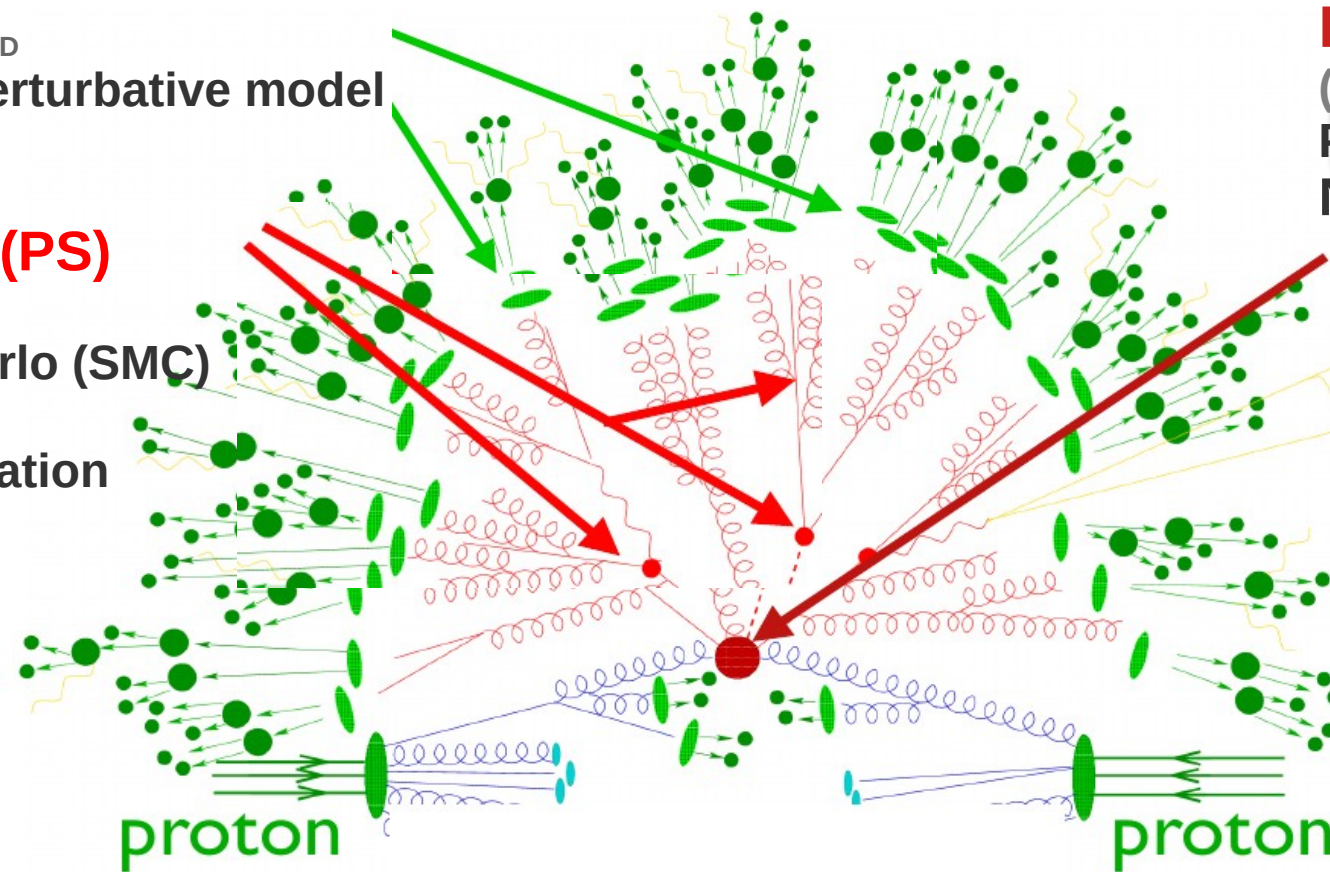
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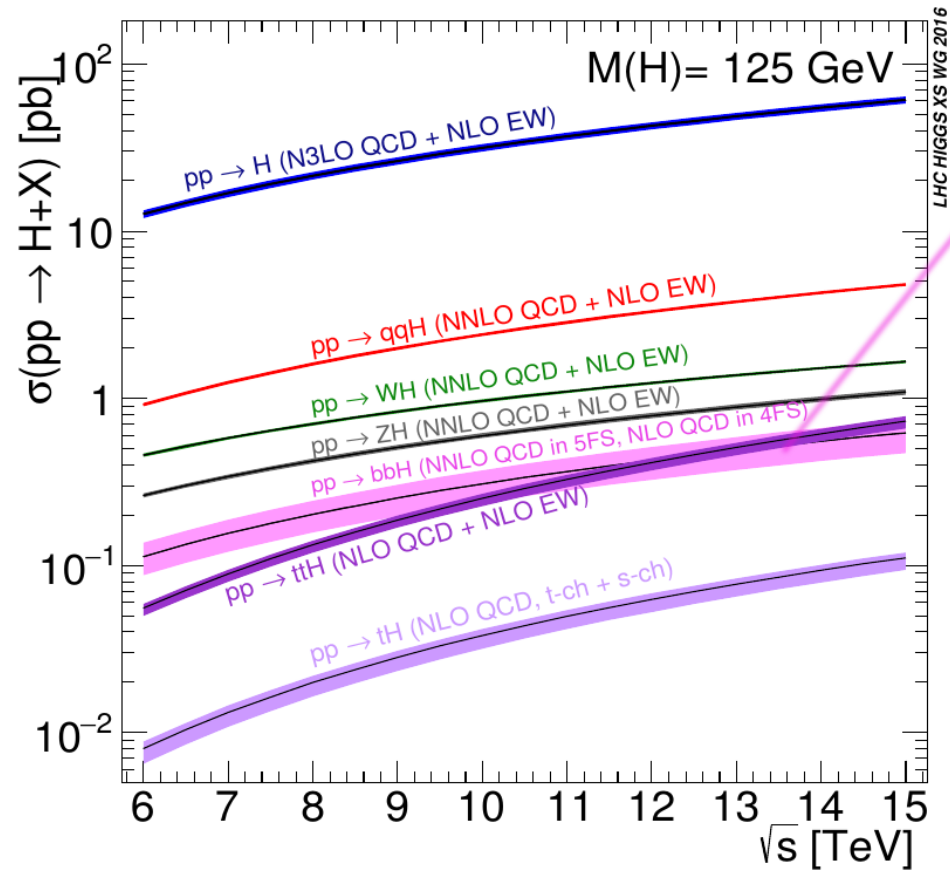
Combine them in a consistent way (NNLO+PS)
to obtain realistic predictions for the LHC
phenomenology

proton

proton

[Sherpa's artistic view]

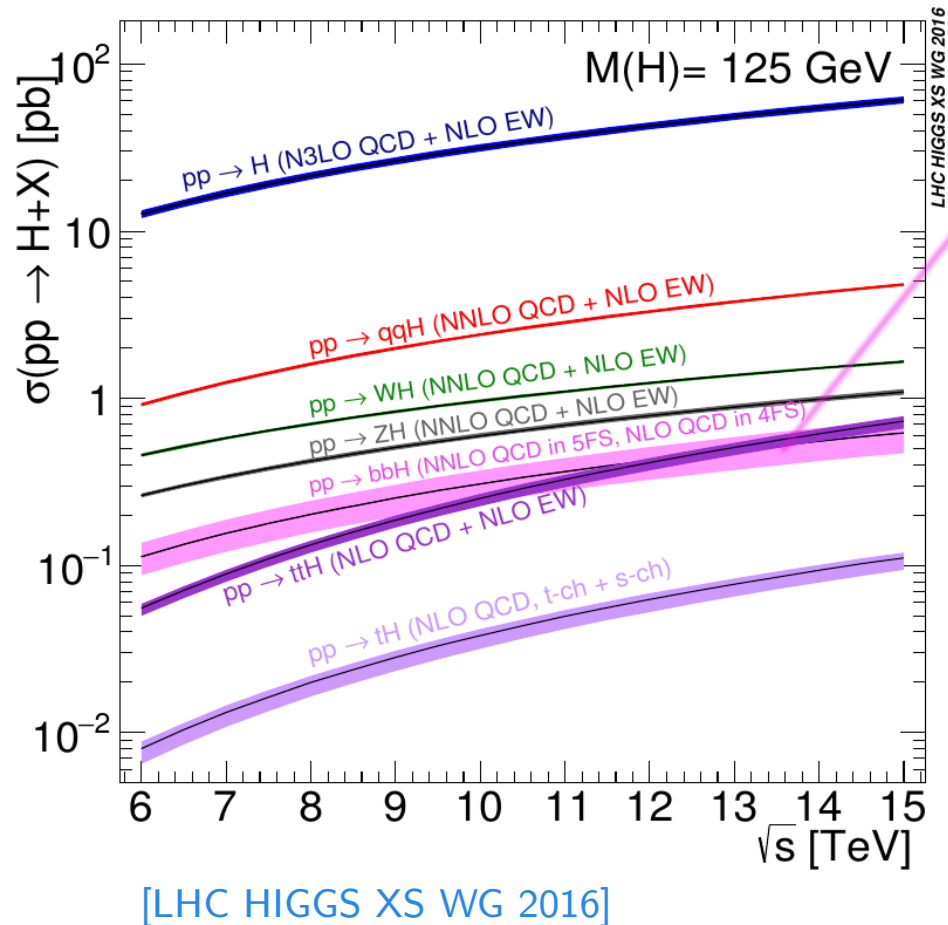
Higgs in bottom fusion ($b\bar{b}H$)



[LHC HIGGS XS WG 2016]

- Although it is a **subdominant channel**, its cross section is **large enough**.
- **Bottom Yukawa coupling**: Important due to its **enhancement in New Physics models** like minimal supersymmetric extensions of the SM
- $b\bar{b}H$ enters as a **background** in other **Higgs searches** (notably HH)
- Also interesting on **how bottom quark is treated**

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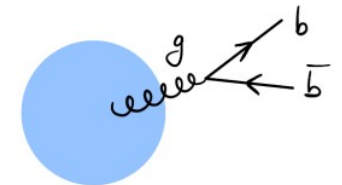
5 flavor scheme (5FS)



$$m_b = 0$$

$$f_b \neq 0$$

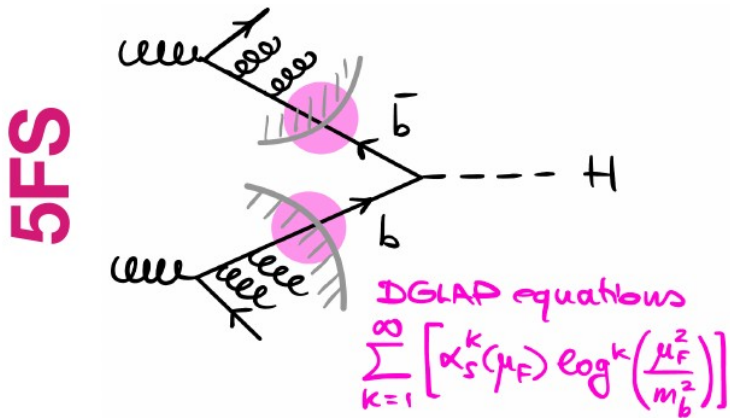
4 flavor scheme (4FS)



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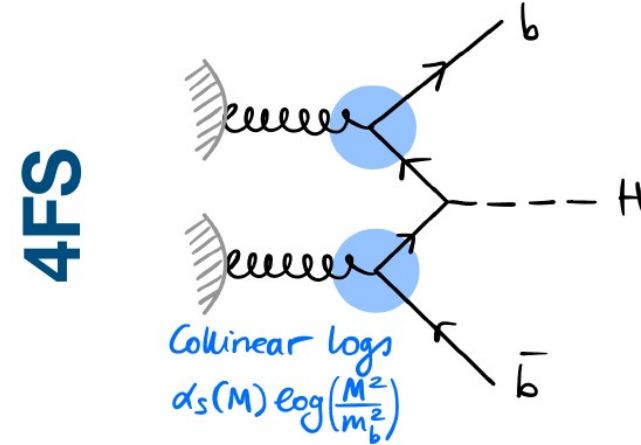
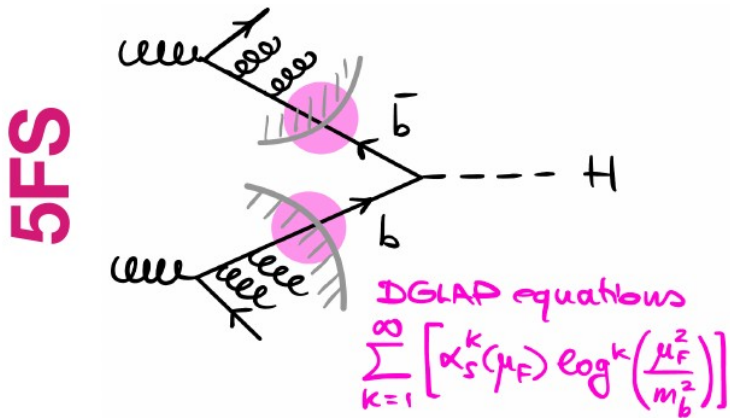
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Higgs in bottom fusion ($b\bar{b}H$)



- ✓ Computing **higher orders** is **easier**
- ✓ The **DGLAP** evolution **resums** initial state collinear **logs** into the bottom PDFs
- Neglecting $O(m_b/m_H)$, it yields **less accurate** description of bottom kinematic distribution

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- Computing **higher orders** is more **difficult** due to higher multiplicity & also due to the massive bottom
- It **does not resum** possibly large **collinear logs**
- ✓ **Mass effects** $O(m_b/m_H)$ are present

Higgs in bottom fusion ($b\bar{b}H$)

STATE OF THE ART:

- **N3LO** for the total cross section in the **5FS** [Duhr, Dulat, Mistlberger (1904.09990)]
- **N3LO matched to NLO** in the **4FS** by a prescription, namely, **FONLL** [Duhr, Dulat, Hirschi, Mistlberger (2004.04752)]
[Forte, Napoletano, Ubiali [1508.01529, (1607.00389)]
- **NLO+PS** in the **4FS** [Wiesemann, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torrielli (1409.5301)]
- **NLO-QCD** (matched to **parton showers**) combined with **NLO-EW** in the **4FS** [Pagani, Shao, Zaro (2005.10277)]

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THIS TALK:

We discuss the **first fully-differential** calculation of **NNLO QCD** matched to **parton showers** (**NNLO+PS**) for $b\bar{b}H$ in the **5FS**.

NNLO+PS accuracy

- **MiNLO'** + reweighting
- **Geneva**
- **UNNLOPS**

[Hamilton, Nason, Zanderighi (1212.4504)]

[Alioli, Bauer, Berggren, Tackmann, Walsh, Zuberi (1211.7049)]

[Höche, Prestel (1507.05325)]

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MinNNLO_{PS}

| | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-----|------|
| | F | F+J | F+JJ |
| F@MinNNLO _{PS} | NNLO | NLO | LO |

[Monni, Nason, Re, Wisemann, Zanderighi (1908.06987)]

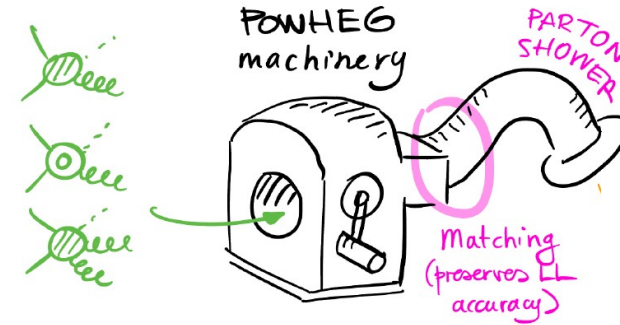
- ✓ No computationally intense reweighting
- ✓ No unphysical merging scale
- ✓ Leading-log (LL) accuracy of the shower preserved
- ✓ Numerically efficient

An extension of the **MinLO'** procedure

| | | | |
|-----------|-----|-----|------|
| | F | F+J | F+JJ |
| FJ@MinLO' | NLO | NLO | LO |

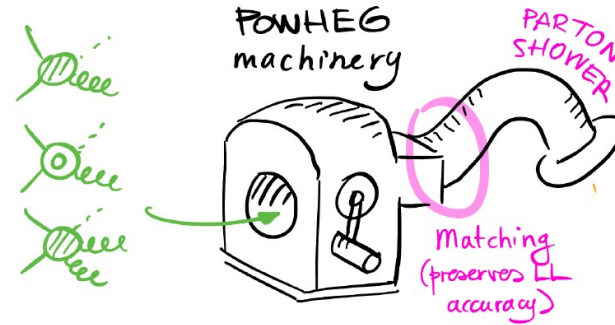
MiNNLO_{PS} in a Nutshell

- The matching to the parton shower is performed according to the **POWHEG** method [P. Nason (0409146)]
- The **POWHEG** approach: we generate the **hardest radiation** (i.e. the largest p_T) **first** with **NLO** accuracy, then attaching a **parton shower** with **softer** emissions.



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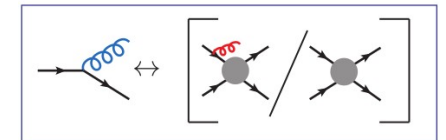


- **MiNNLO_{PS}** in **POWHEG** framework: we start from a differential description of the production of the colour singlet and a jet ($pp \rightarrow \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{J}$).

$$d\sigma_F^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} = d\Phi_{\text{FJ}} \bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \times \left\{ \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(\Lambda_{\text{pwg}}) + \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(p_{T,\text{rad}}) \frac{R_{\text{FJ}}}{B_{\text{FJ}}} \right\}$$

Describes the generation of the 1st radiation

Describes the generation of the 2nd radiation according to the **POWHEG** method



MiNNLO_{PS} in a Nutshell

Central ingredient of MiNNLO_{PS}

Very simplified notation!

MiNLO' structure

$$\mu_R = \mu_F = p_T$$

$$\bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \sim e^{-\tilde{S}} \left\{ d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(1)} (1 + \tilde{S}^{(1)}) + d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(2)} + (D - D^{(1)} - D^{(2)}) \right\}$$

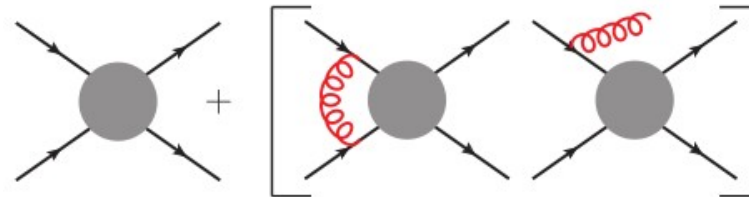
Sudakov form factor
suppresses \bar{B} at low p_T

FO differential cross sections

Luminosity

$$D(p_T) = -\frac{d\tilde{S}(p_T)}{dp_T} \mathcal{L}(p_T) + \frac{d\mathcal{L}(p_T)}{dp_T}$$

Additional terms to reach
NNLO accuracy



Phenomenology with $\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}$

Z γ [2010.10478, 2108.11315]

WW [2103.12077]

ZZ [2108.05337]

WH/ZH($H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$) [2112.04168]

$\gamma\gamma$ [2204.12602]

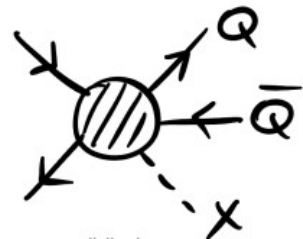
WZ [2208.12660]

SMEFT studies [2204.00663, 2311.06107]

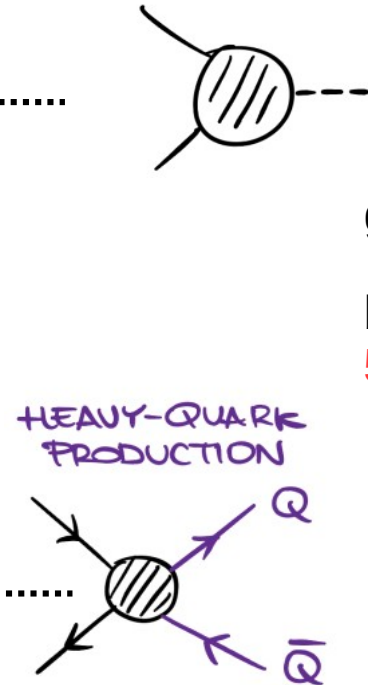


$b\bar{b}H, b\bar{b}Z$ [in progress]

4FS



Talk by J. Mazzitelli



$gg \rightarrow H, W/Z$ [1908.06987, 2006.04133, 2402.00596]

$b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ [2402.04025]

5FS

$t\bar{t}$ [2012.14267, 2112.12135]

$b\bar{b}$ [2302.01645]

Phenomenology of $b\bar{b}H$

Comparison of the total inclusive cross section of **MINLO'** and **MINNLO_{PS}** predictions with fixed-order results at NLO and NNLO obtained with the public code **SuSHI** [with μ_R and μ_F set to m_H]

[Harlander, Liebler, Mantler (1212.3249)]

| Process | NLO (SuSHI) | NNLO (SuSHI) | MINLO' | MINNLO _{PS} |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ | $0.646(0)^{+10.4\%}_{-10.9\%}$ pb | $0.518(2)^{+7.2\%}_{-7.5\%}$ pb | $0.571(1)^{+17.4\%}_{-22.7\%}$ pb | $0.509(8)^{+2.9\%}_{-5.3\%}$ pb |

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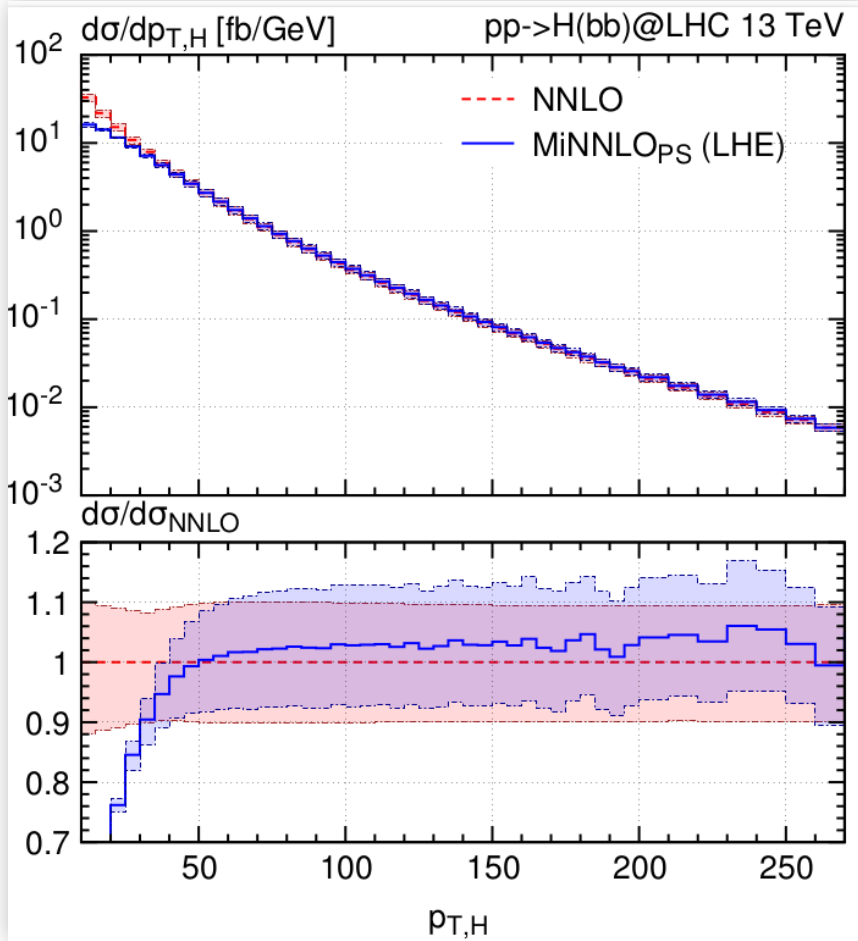
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- NNLO QCD corrections **reduce cross section** by > 10%
- Scale **uncertainties** significantly **reduced** with NNLO QCD corrections
- Our **MINNLO_{PS}** predictions are in **agreement with NNLO** QCD cross section within quoted uncertainties

Comparison to fixed-order results

Transverse-momentum spectrum of the Higgs boson ($p_{T,H}$)

Les Houches level (LHE)



$d\sigma/dp_{T,H}$ [fb/GeV]

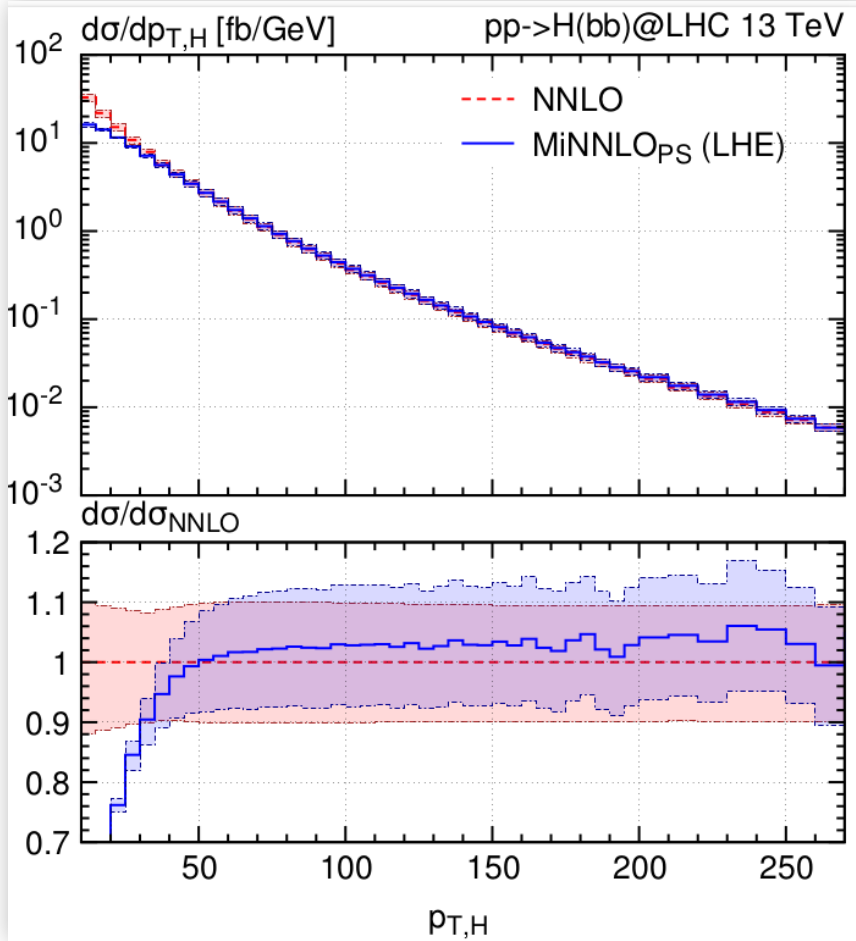
$d\sigma/d\sigma_{NNLO}$

NNLO [Harlander, Tripathi, Wieseemann (1403.7196)]

Comparison to fixed-order results

Transverse-momentum spectrum of the Higgs boson ($p_{T,H}$)

Les Houches level (LHE)



$d\sigma/dp_{T,H}$ [fb/GeV]

- **Full agreement in large $p_{T,H}$ regime** with fixed-order predictions within quoted uncertainties
- Fixed-order calculations diverge for $p_{T,H} \rightarrow 0$
MiNNLO_{PS} prediction remains **finite**

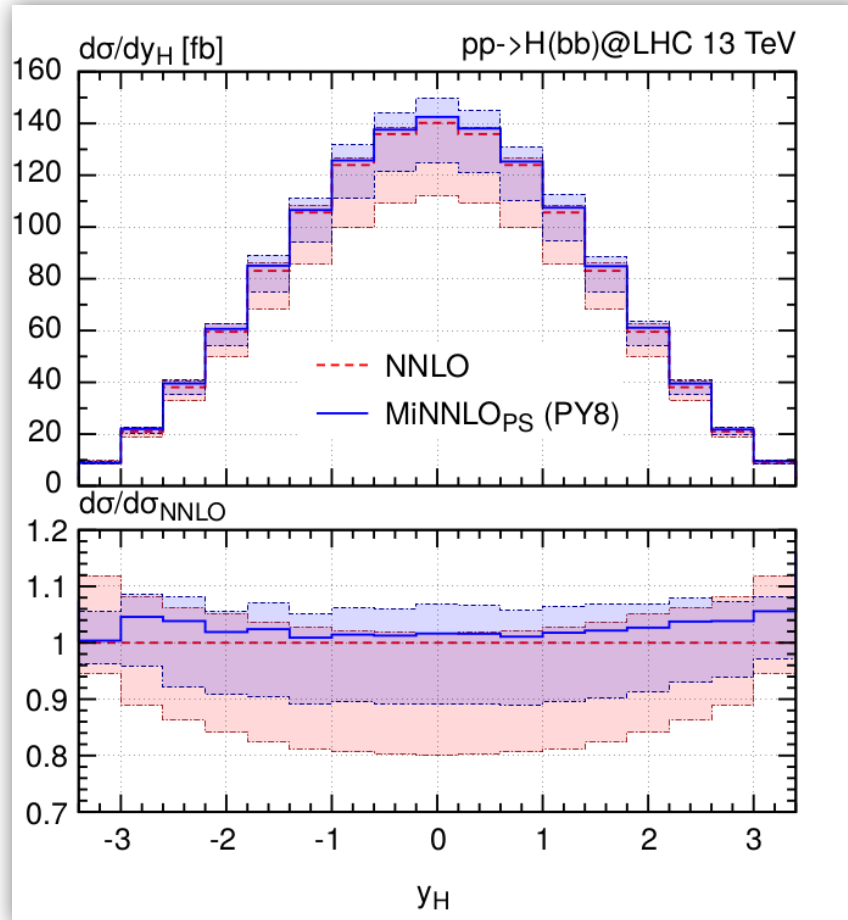
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Comparison to fixed-order results

Rapidity distribution of the Higgs boson (y_H)

PY8 level

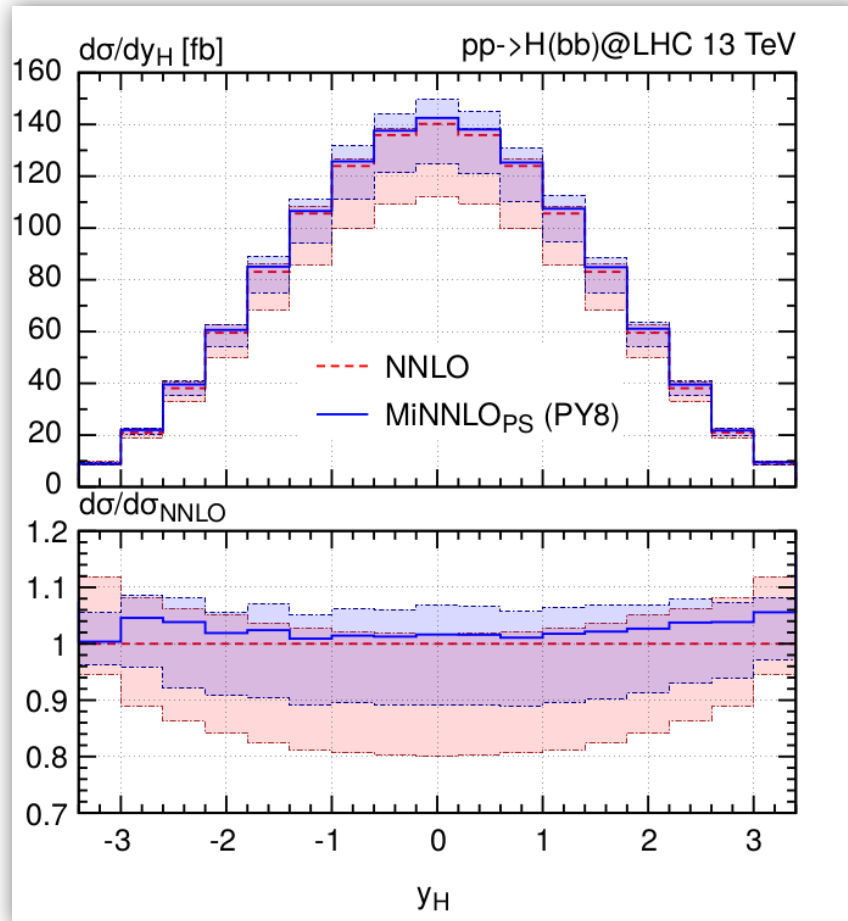


NNLO [Mondini, Williams (2102.05487)]

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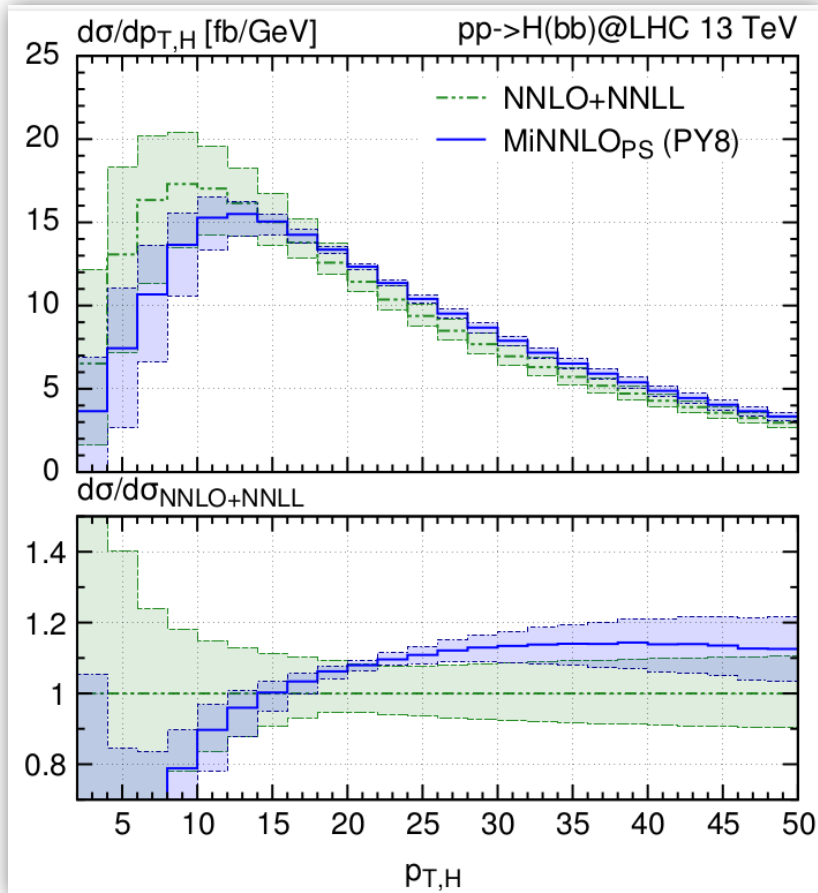
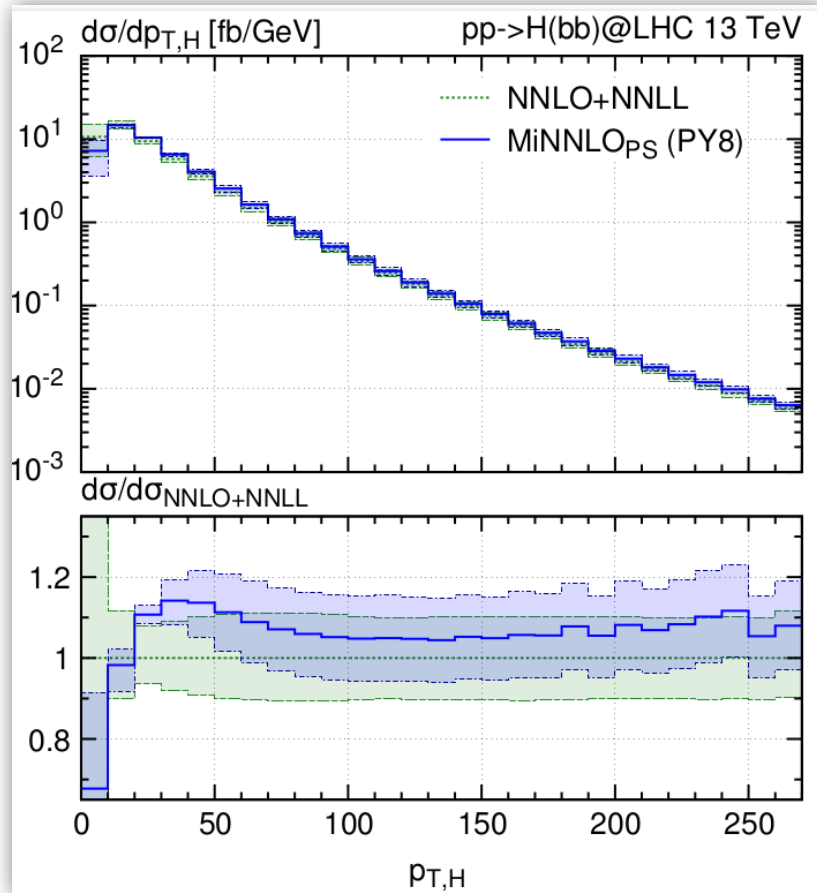
PY8 level



- A **good agreement**, both in terms of normalization and in terms of shape, between the two central predictions.
- The **bands** of **MiNNLO_{PS}** result are **more symmetric** & slightly **smaller** than the **NNLO** ones.
- Apart from that, impact of the parton shower is very moderate.

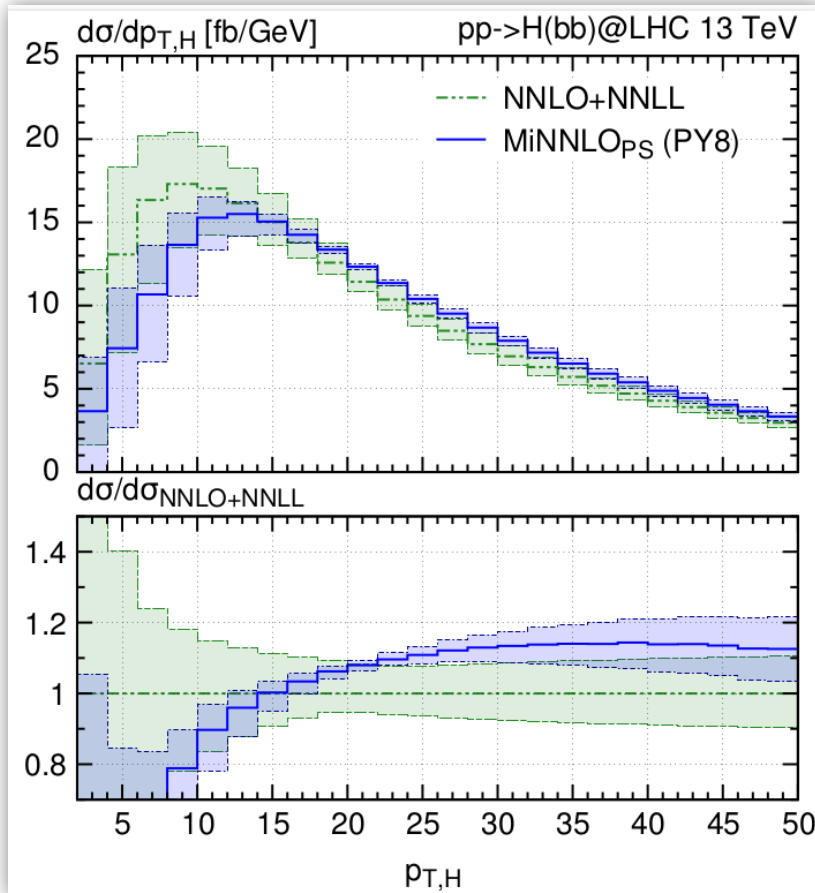
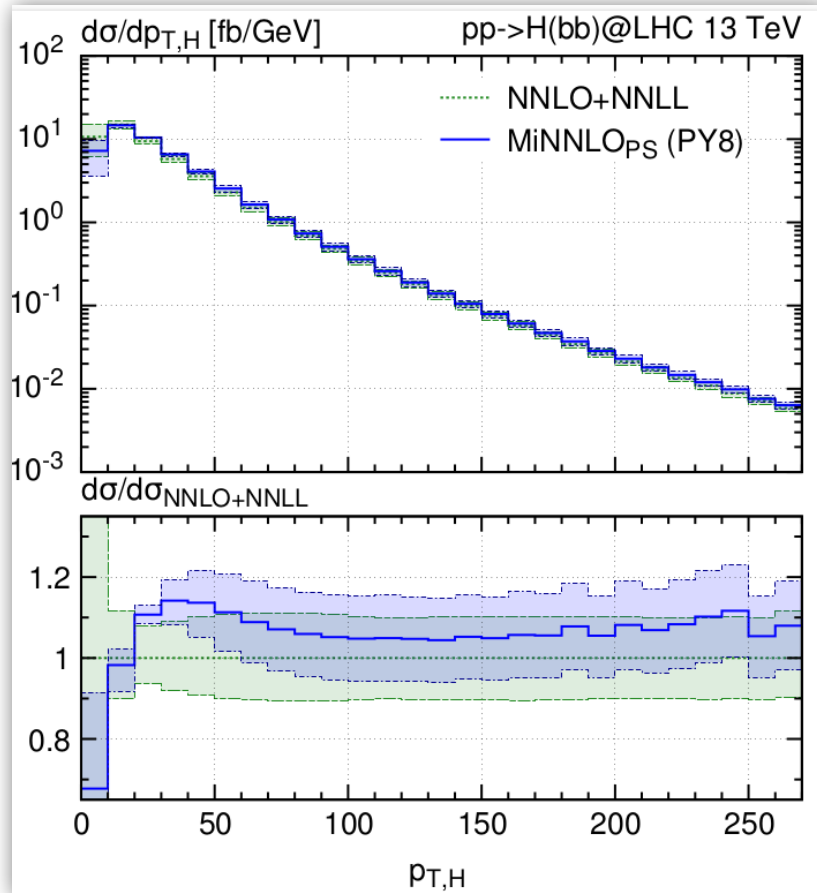
NNLO [Mondini, Williams (2102.05487)]

Comparison to NNLO+NNLL



NNLO+NNLL [Harlander, Tripathi, Wieseemann (1403.7196)]

Comparison to NNLO+NNLL

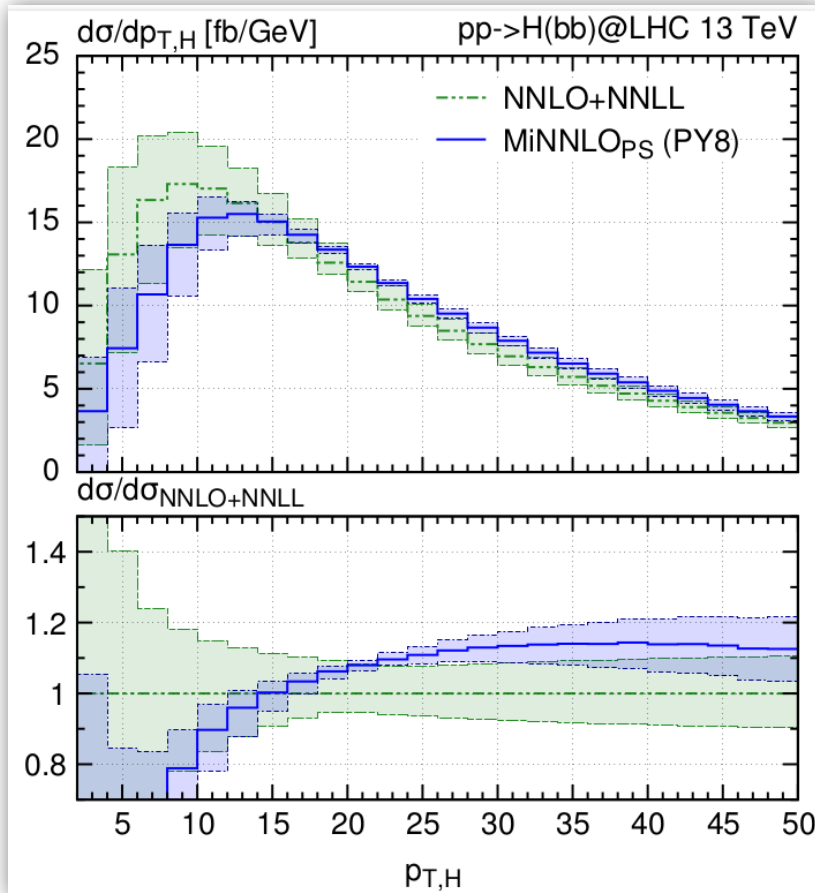
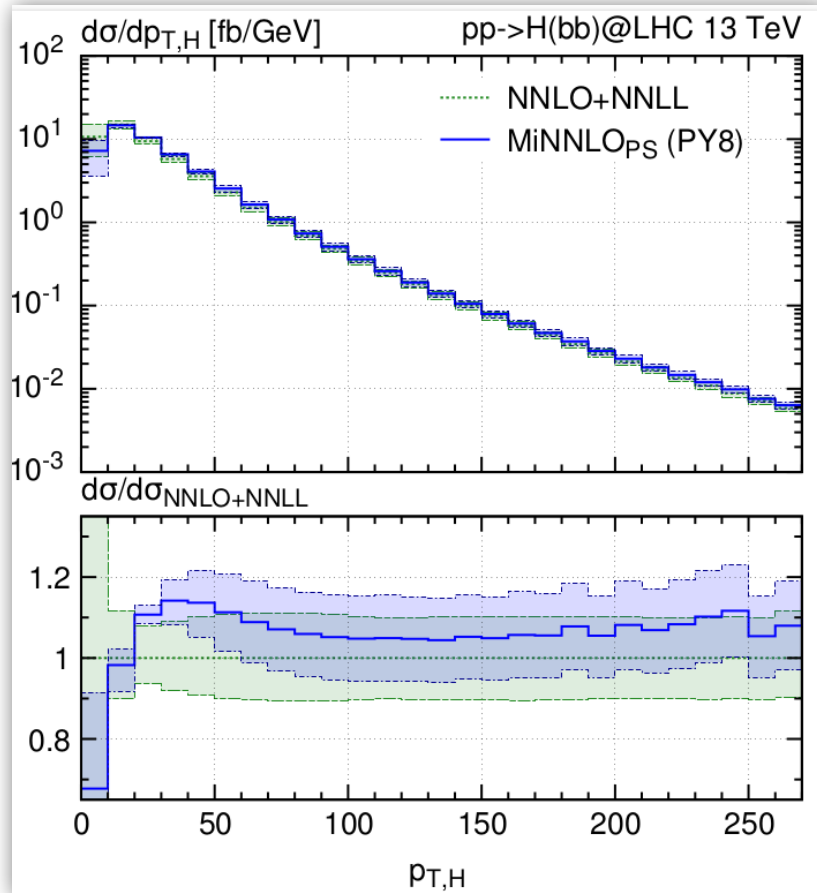


Parton showering effects

- At large $p_{T,H}$:
 $\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}$ shifted 10% up,
well within the given scale-
uncertainty bands.

NNLO+NNLL [Harlander, Tripathi, Wiesemann (1403.7196)]

Comparison to NNLO+NNLL

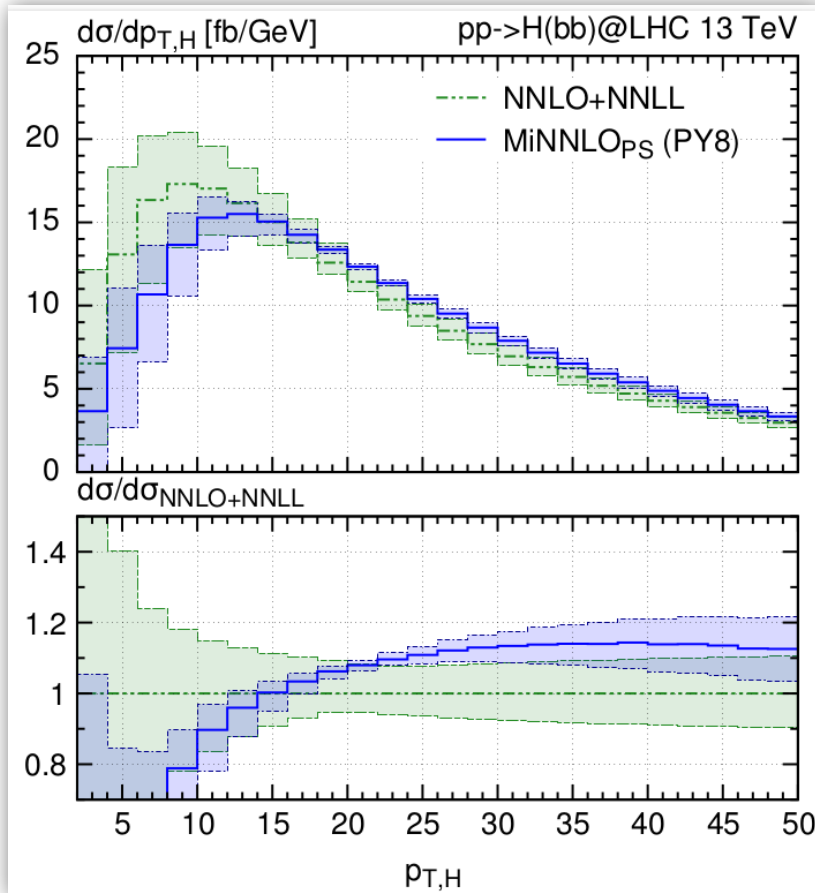
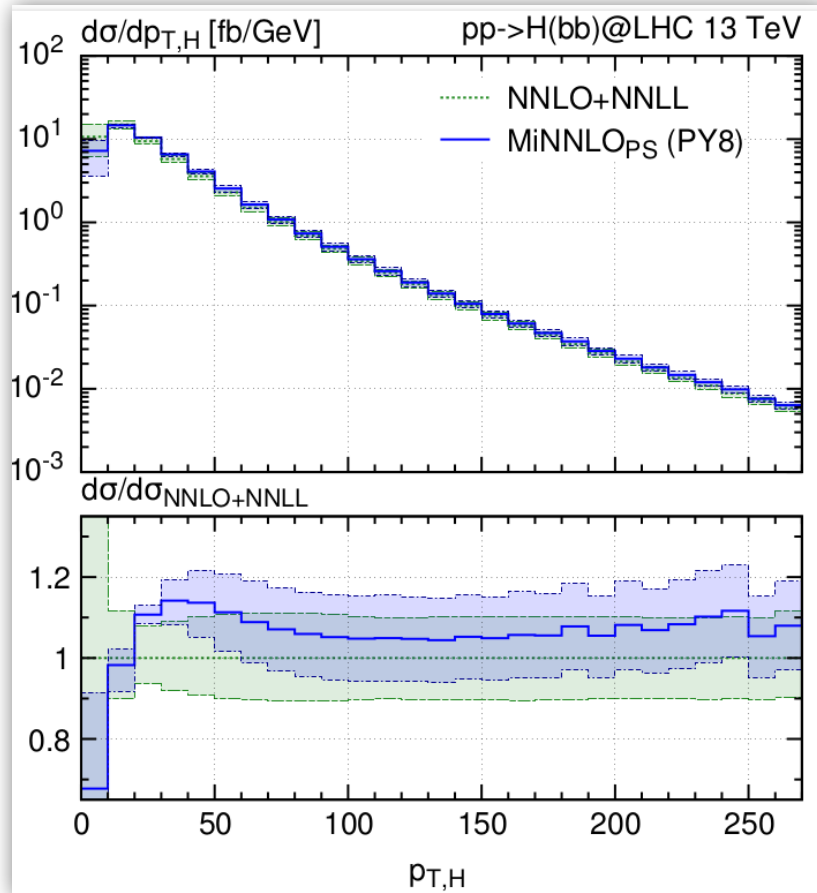


Parton showering effects

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- **At small $p_{T,H}$:**
slightly worsen the agreement.
 $\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}$ uncertainties are
underestimated.
Require additional variations
within the shower settings.

NNLO+NNLL [Harlander, Tripathi, Wieseemann (1403.7196)]

Comparison to NNLO+NNLL



NNLO+NNLL [Harlander, Tripathi, Wieseemann (1403.7196)]

Parton showering effects

- **At large $p_{T,H}$:**
MiNNLO_{PS} shifted 10% up, well within the given scale-uncertainty bands.
- **At small $p_{T,H}$:**
slightly worsen the agreement. MiNNLO_{PS} uncertainties are **underestimated**. Require additional variations within the shower settings.
- **Massless approximation misses potentially relevant mass effects at small p_T ,** need to **combine** with for **massive 4FS** calculation.

$b\bar{b}H$ in 4FS with MiNNLO_{PS}

- Start from the **POWHEG $Hb\bar{b}j$** generator
- Produce **NNLO+PS** predictions using the framework of MiNNLO_{PS}

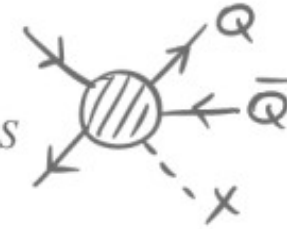


Mazzitelli, Wiesemann [in progress]

$b\bar{b}H$ in 4FS with MiNNLO_{PS}

Start from the **POWHEG $Hb\bar{b}j$** generator

Produce **NNLO+PS** predictions using the framework of MiNNLO_{PS}



Mazzitelli, Wiesemann [in progress]

The **double virtual correction** for a **massive bottom** pair and Higgs production is not known: approximate it with the **massification procedure**

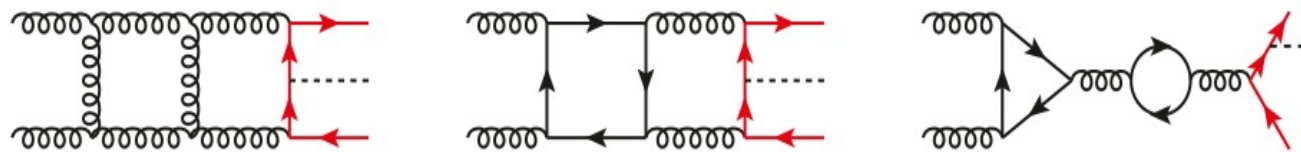
Talk by L. Buonocore

$$\mathcal{A}^{(2)} = \underbrace{\log(m_b)\text{-terms} + \text{const.}} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{m_b}{Q}\right)$$

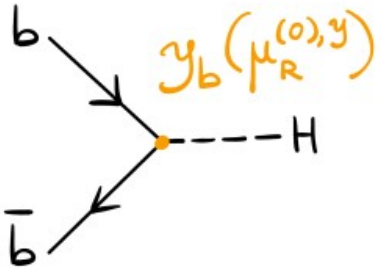
Mitov, Moch [0612149]

$$\mathcal{F}^{(2)} \mathcal{A}_{m_b=0}^{(0)} + \mathcal{F}^{(1)} \mathcal{A}_{m_b=0}^{(1)} + \mathcal{F}^{(0)} \mathcal{A}_{m_b=0}^{(2)}$$

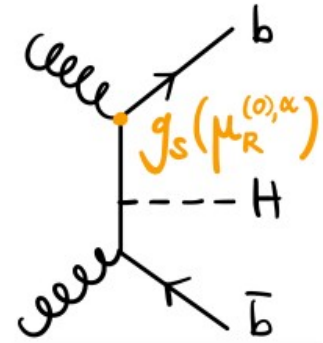
Badger, Hartanto, Kryś, Zoia [2107.14733]



$b\bar{b}H$: scheme comparison

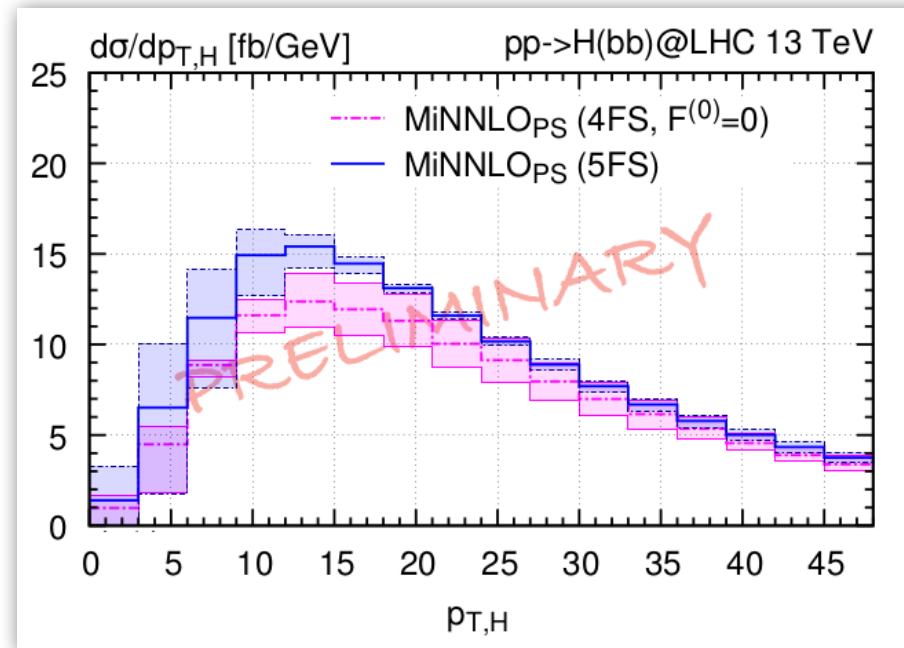


| $(\mu_R^{(0),\alpha}, \mu_R^{(0),y})$ | NLO _{PS} (5FS) | NLO _{PS} (4FS) | MINNLO _{PS} (5FS) | MINNLO _{PS} (4FS, $\mathcal{F}^{(0)} = 0$) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| $(\frac{1}{4}H_T, m_H)$ | $0.646(0)^{+10.4\%}_{-10.9\%}$ pb | $0.381(2)^{+20.2\%}_{-15.9\%}$ pb | $0.509(8)^{+2.9\%}_{-5.3\%}$ pb | $0.434(1)^{+6.4\%}_{-10.0\%}$ pb |



$$\frac{H_T}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i \in \text{final}} \sqrt{m^2(i) + p_T^2(i)}$$

PDF: NNPDF40_nnlo_as_01180
with different active flavours



Summary & Outlook

- **First presentation** of **NNLO+PS** computation for **$b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ (5FS)** production at the LHC by using **MINNLO_{PS}** method.
- **Extensive validation** against fixed-order results from literature, showcasing consistency in relevant kinematical regions.
- **Initial step** towards a complete NNLO+PS description of $b\bar{b}H$ production.
- **Future directions** include the completion of **4FS $b\bar{b}H$** with massive bottom quarks and the combination of full **4FS–5FS at NNLO+PS** accuracy.

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THANK YOU !

Backup slides

MiNNLO_{PS} in a Nutshell

MiNNLO_{PS} in POWHEG framework: we start from a differential description of the production of the colour singlet and a jet ($pp \rightarrow \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{J}$) with phase space $\Phi_{\mathbf{FJ}}$.

$$d\sigma_{\mathbf{F}}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} = d\Phi_{\mathbf{FJ}} \bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \times \underbrace{\left\{ \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(\Lambda_{\text{pwg}}) + \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(\mathbf{p}_{\text{T,rad}}) \frac{R_{\mathbf{FJ}}}{B_{\mathbf{FJ}}} \right\}}_{\text{POWHEG sudakov form factor}}$$

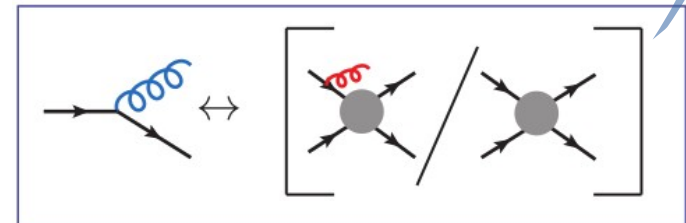
Describes the generation of the 1st radiation

Describes the generation of the 2nd radiation according to the POWHEG method above the infrared cutoff $\Lambda_{\text{pwg}} = 0.89 \text{ GeV}$

Φ_{rad} : The phase space of the 2nd radiation.

$\mathbf{p}_{\text{T,rad}}$: Transverse momentum of the 2nd radiation.

$B_{\mathbf{FJ}}$ & $R_{\mathbf{FJ}}$ are the squared tree-level matrix elements for \mathbf{FJ} & \mathbf{FJJ} production, respectively.



MINNLO_{PS} in a Nutshell

Central ingredient of MINNLO_{PS}

Very simplified notation!

MINLO' structure

$$\mu_R = \mu_F = p_T$$

$$\bar{B}^{\text{MINNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \sim e^{-\tilde{S}} \left\{ d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(1)} (1 + \tilde{S}^{(1)}) + d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(2)} + (D - D^{(1)} - D^{(2)}) \right\}$$

Sudakov form factor

suppresses \bar{B} at low p_T

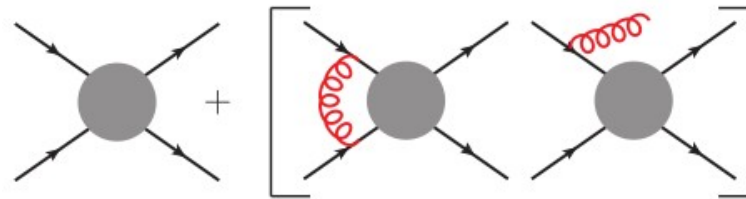
$$\int_{p_i^2}^{Q^2} \frac{dq^2}{q^2} \left[A(\alpha_s(q^2)) \log \frac{Q^2}{q^2} + \tilde{B}(\alpha_s(q^2)) \right]$$

$$A(\alpha_s) = \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right) A^{(1)} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^2 A^{(2)} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^3 A^{(3)}$$

$$\tilde{B}(\alpha_s) = \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right) B^{(1)} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^2 \tilde{B}^{(2)}$$

$$\tilde{B}^{(2)} = B^{(2)} + 2\zeta_3 (A^{(1)})^2 + 2\pi\beta_0 H^{(1)}$$

FO differential cross sections



Luminosity

$$D(p_T) = -\frac{d\tilde{S}(p_T)}{dp_T} \mathcal{L}(p_T) + \frac{d\mathcal{L}(p_T)}{dp_T}$$

Additional terms to reach NNLO accuracy for inclusive distributions in F. contains double virtual correction to $pp \rightarrow F$



Phenomenology of $b\bar{b}H$ - Setup

› **Inputs:**

- Center-of-mass energy: **13 TeV** at LHC.
- Higgs boson mass (m_H): **125 GeV**, Γ_H (decay width): 0 GeV.
- PDFs: **NNPDF40_nnlo_as_01180** with 5 active flavours.
- Central μ_R and μ_F scales set via **$\overline{\text{MiNNLO}}_{\text{PS}}$** method [$\mu_R = \mu_F \sim p_T$].
- **Yukawa coupling** renormalized in **$\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme** [$Y_b(m_b=4.18 \text{ GeV}) \rightarrow Y_b(m_H) = 2.79$].

› **Scale Settings and Uncertainties:**

- Scale uncertainties assessed through customary **7-point μ_R and μ_F variation**.

› **Matching to Parton Shower:**

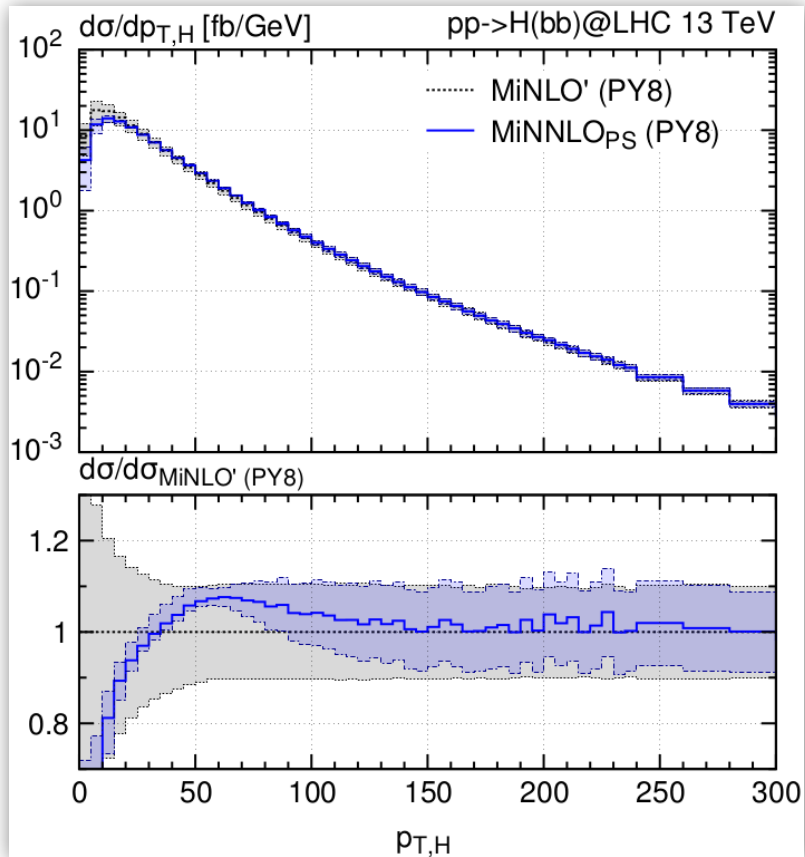
- Predictions matched to parton shower using **Pythia8** with **leading-log (LL)** accuracy.

› **Exclusion of Effects:**

- **Hadronization**, multi-parton interactions (**MPI**), and **QED** radiation effects are **switched off**.

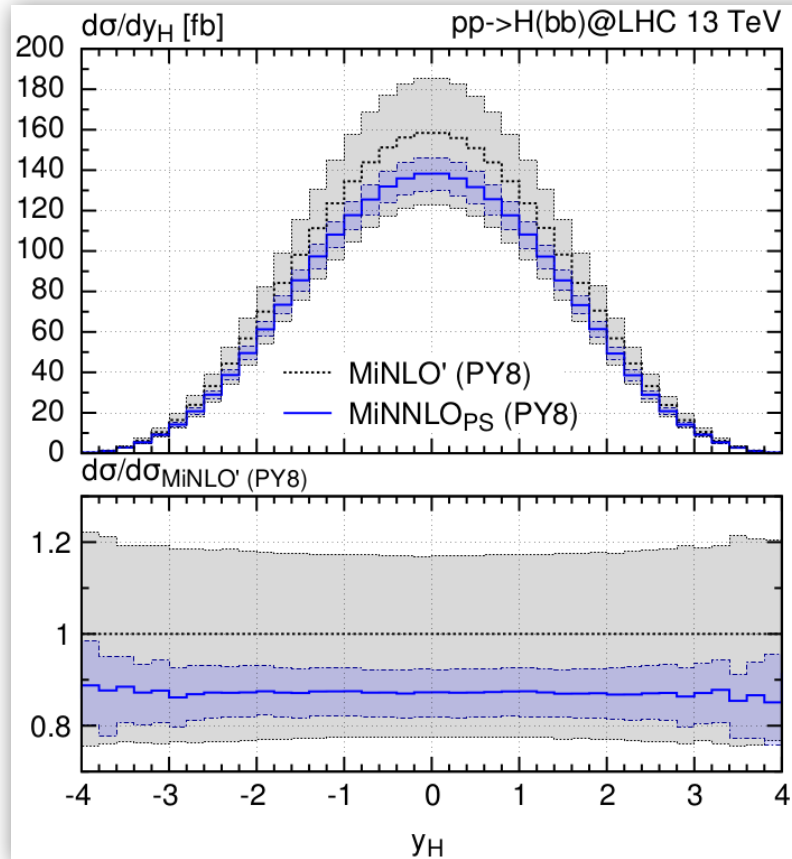
Comparison of MiNLO' & MiNNLO_{PS}

Transverse-momentum spectrum of the Higgs boson ($p_{T,H}$)



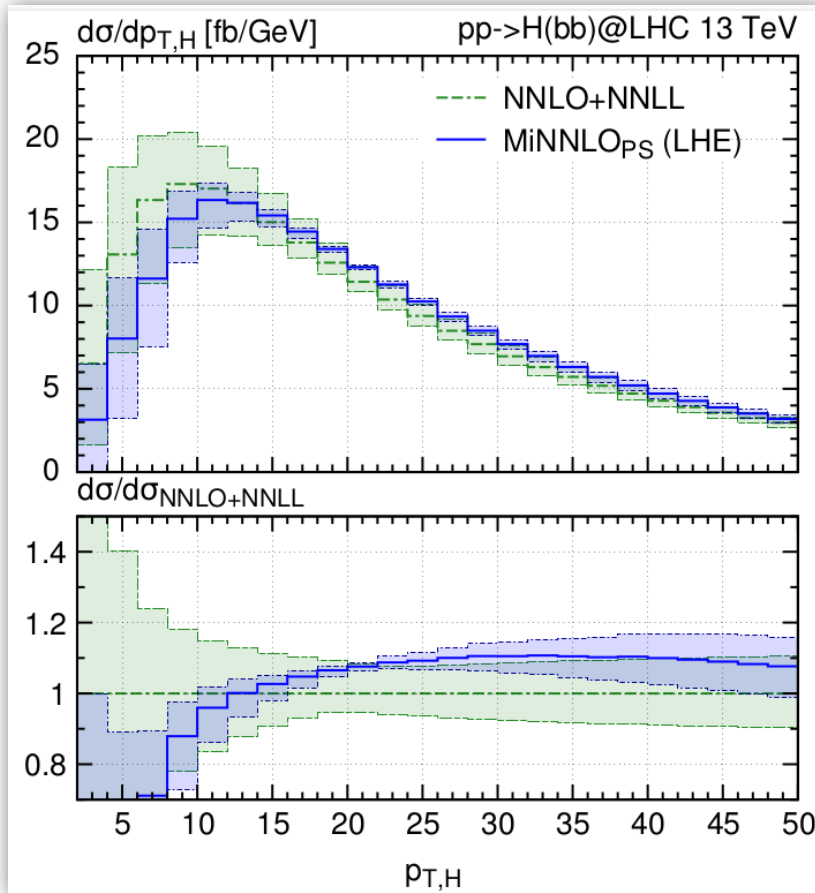
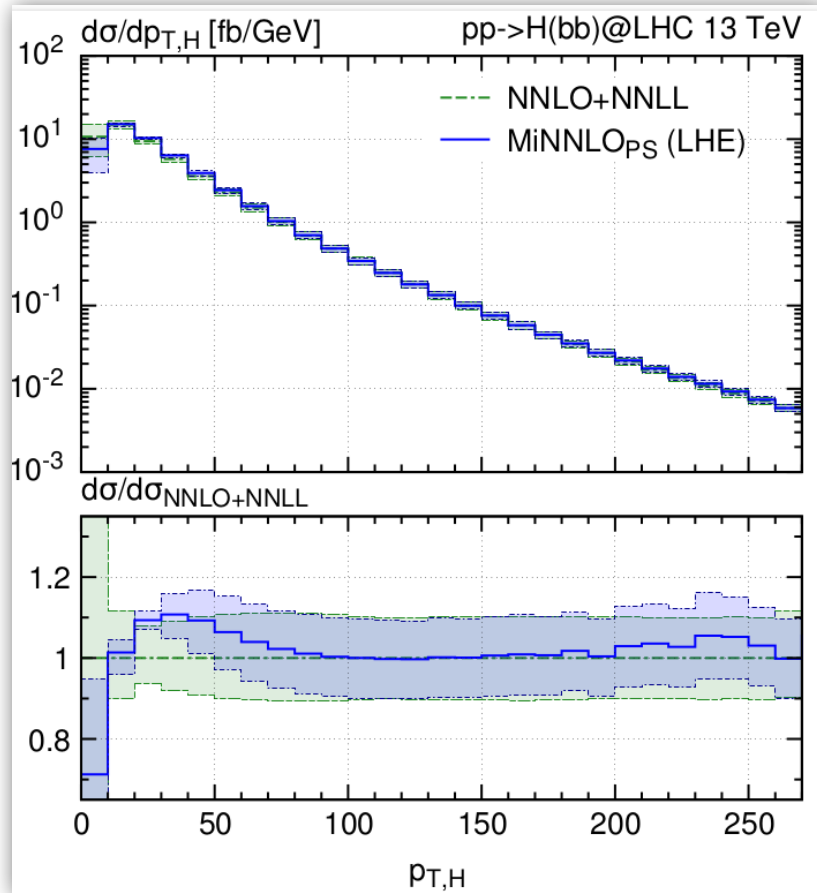
Rapidity distribution of the Higgs (y_H)

PY8 level



- ✓ At small p_T , **MiNNLO_{PS}** significantly dampens distributions, reduces scale uncertainties.
- ✓ At large p_T , **MiNLO'** & **MiNNLO_{PS}** predictions coincide, both **NLO** accurate.
- ✓ y_H distribution: **MiNNLO_{PS}** introduces a flat 14% negative correction, reduces scale uncertainties.

Comparison to NNLO+NNLL



Les Houches level (LHE)

At high $p_{T,H}$:
they coincide again

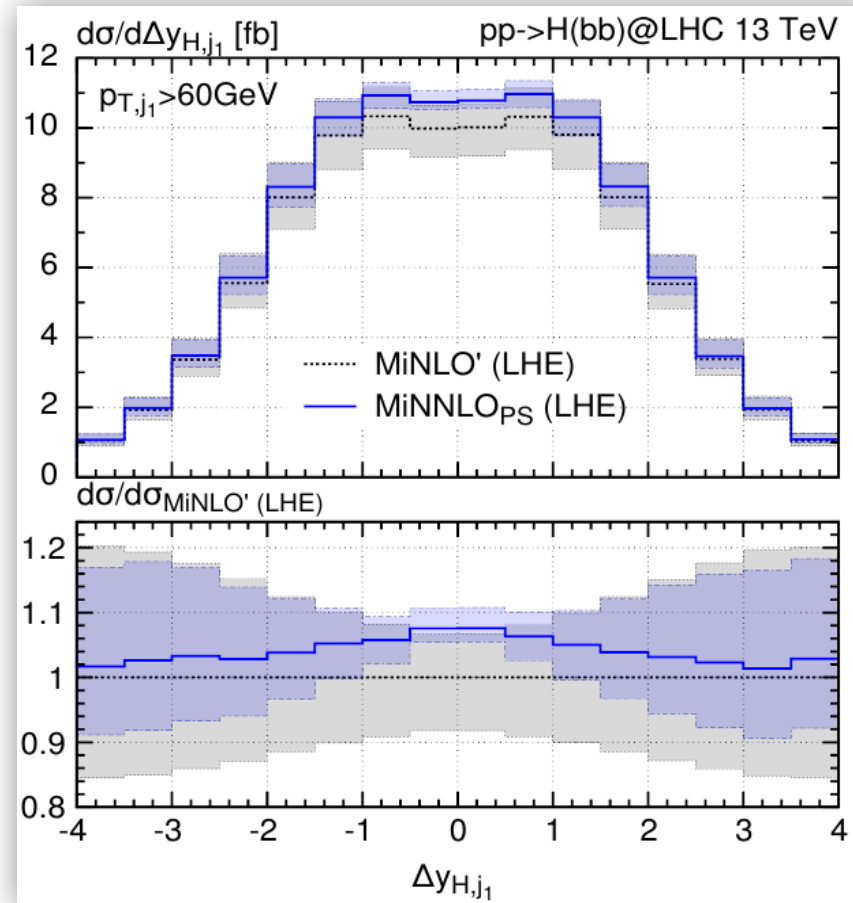
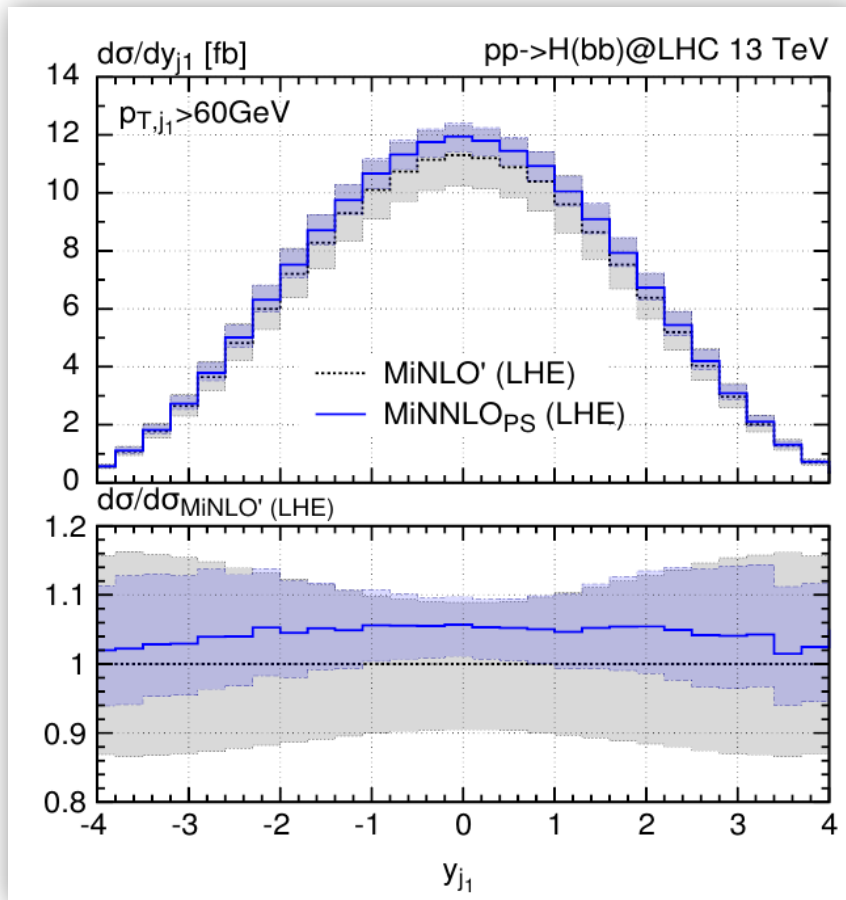
At small $p_{T,H}$:
Acceptable agreement

NNLO+NNLL [Harlander, Tripathi, Wieseemann (1403.7196)]

Comparison of MiNLO' & MiNNLO_{PS}

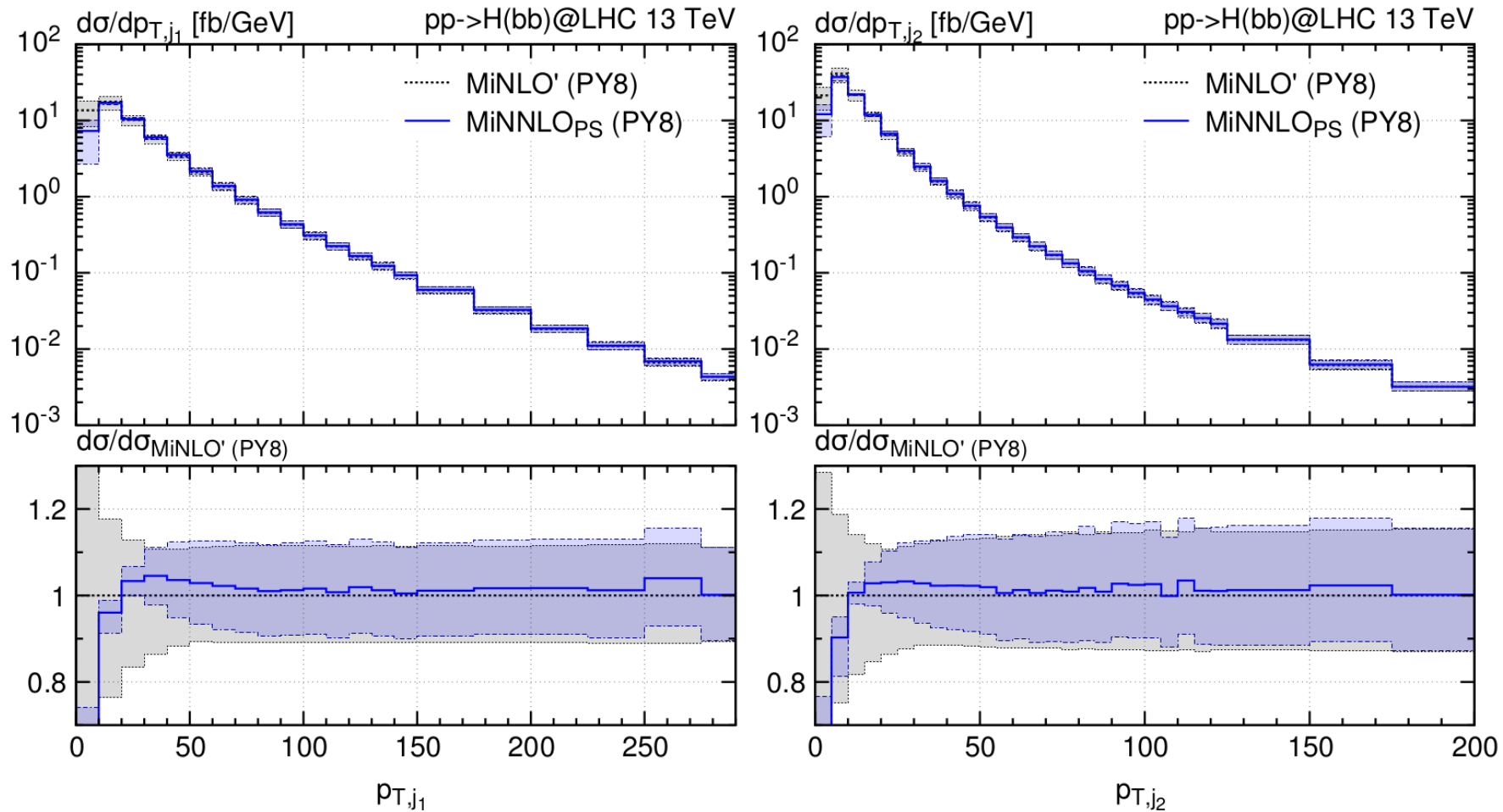
Rapidity distribution of the leading jet (y_{j1})

Rapidity difference between the Higgs boson & the leading jet ($\Delta y_{H,j1}$)



- ✓ Very similar shapes for MiNLO' & MiNNLO_{PS} results
- ✓ MiNLO' & MiNNLO_{PS}: fully consistent within the quoted scale uncertainties

Comparison of MiNLO' & MiNNLO_{PS}



FONLL

- FONLL matches the flavour schemes

$$\sigma^{FONNL} = \sigma^{4FS} + \sigma^{5FS} - \text{double counting.}$$

For a consistent subtraction, we have to express the two cross-sections in terms of the same α_s and PDFs.

- Currently, the flavour matching for bbH is performed at

$$\text{FONNL}_C := \text{N}^3\text{LO}_{5FS} \oplus \text{NLO}_{4FS}.$$