



Trace space reconstruction of pepperpot data

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Content

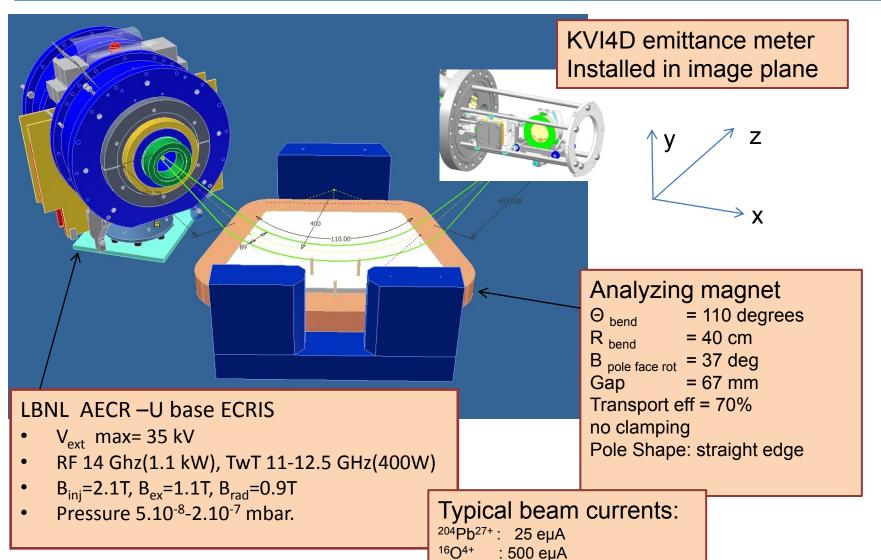


- AECR source setup.
- KVI4D pepper pot emittance meter.
- Trace space measurement.
- Analysis (reconstruction)
- Results (projections)
- Conclusions.

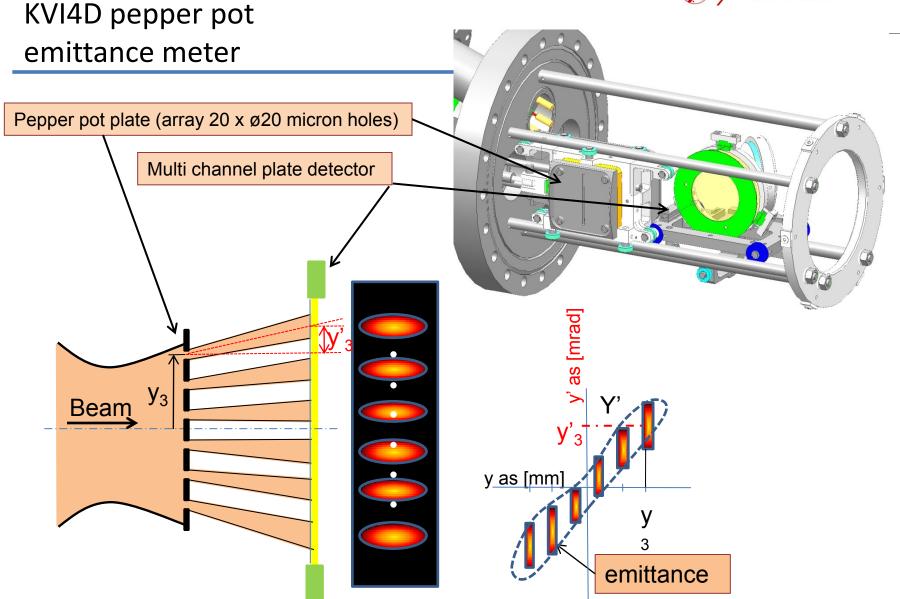


AECR ion source setup





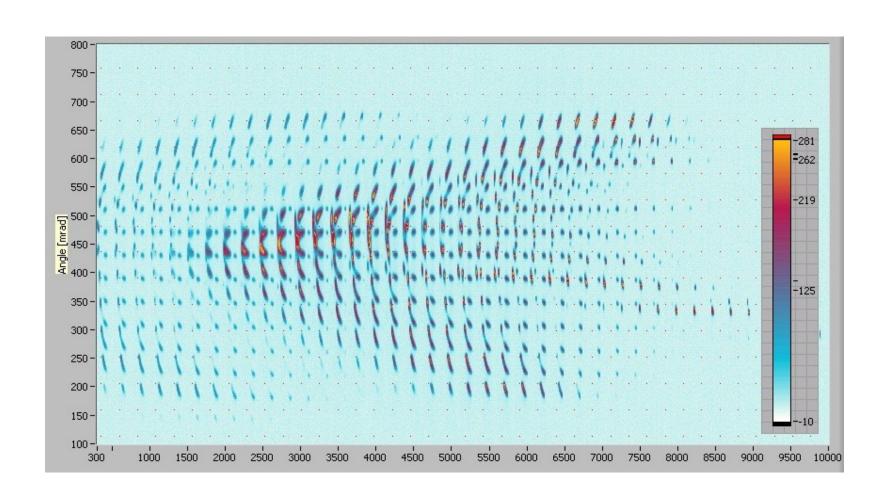






Trace space of a 21 keV He¹⁺ beam

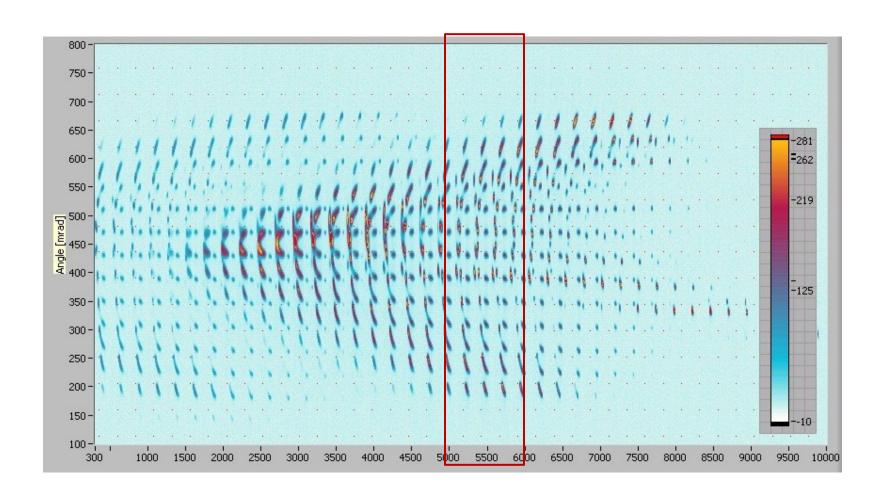






Trace space of a 21 keV He¹⁺ beam

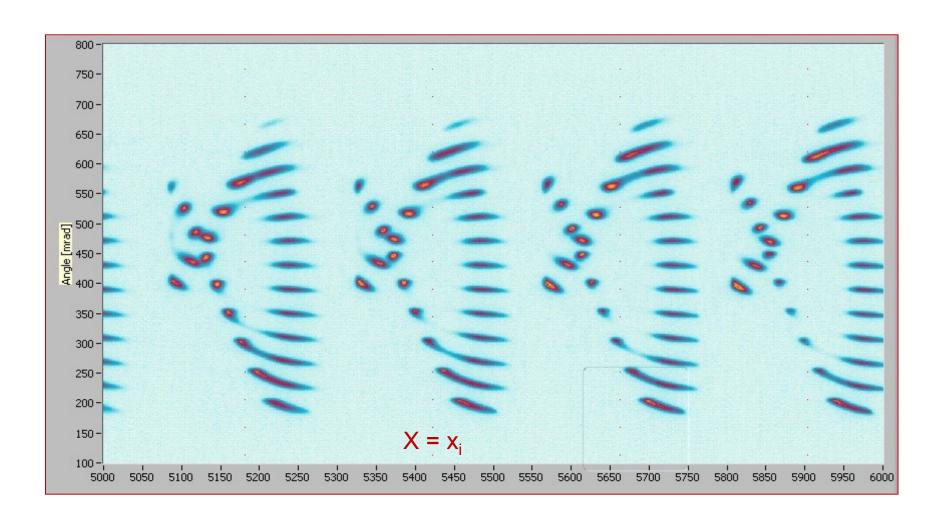




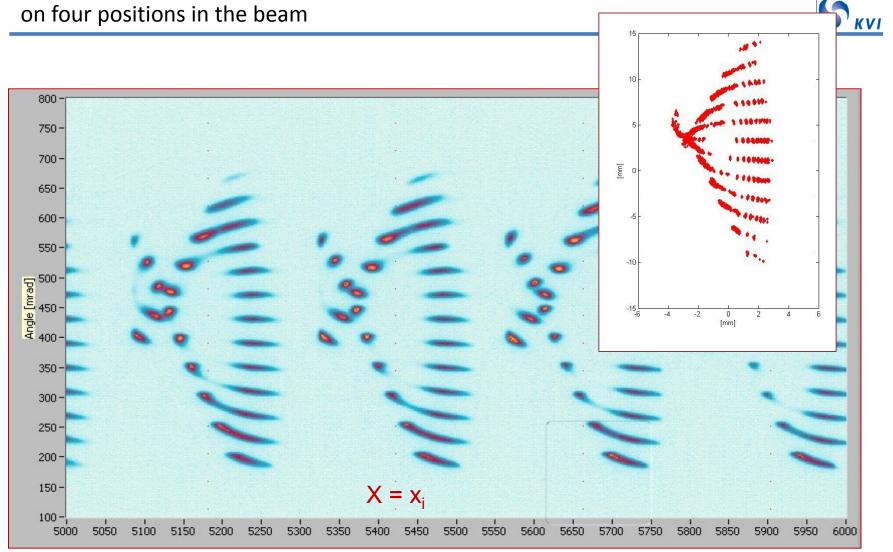


Response distribution of array of 20 holes on four positions in the beam

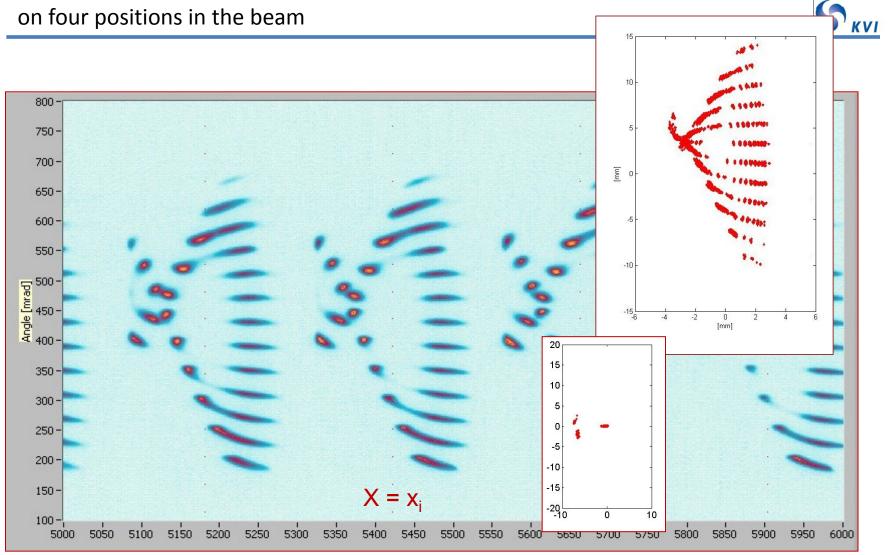




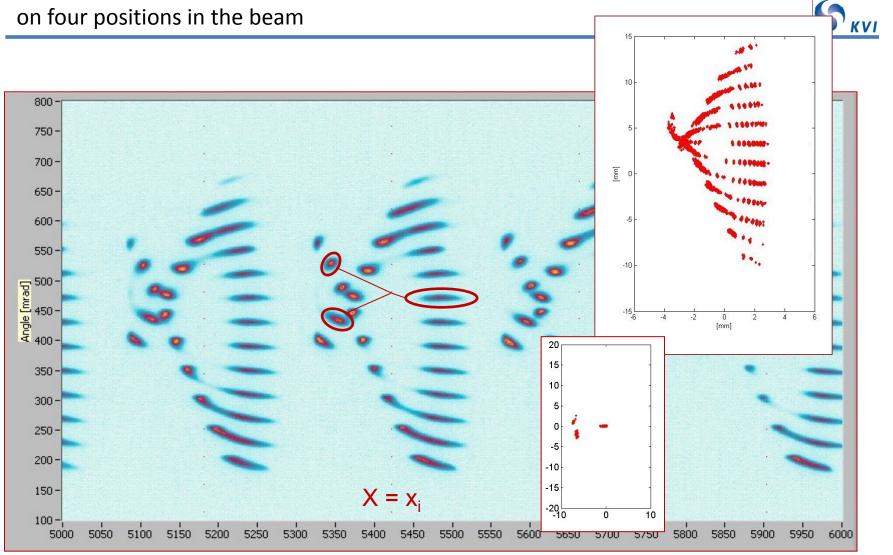




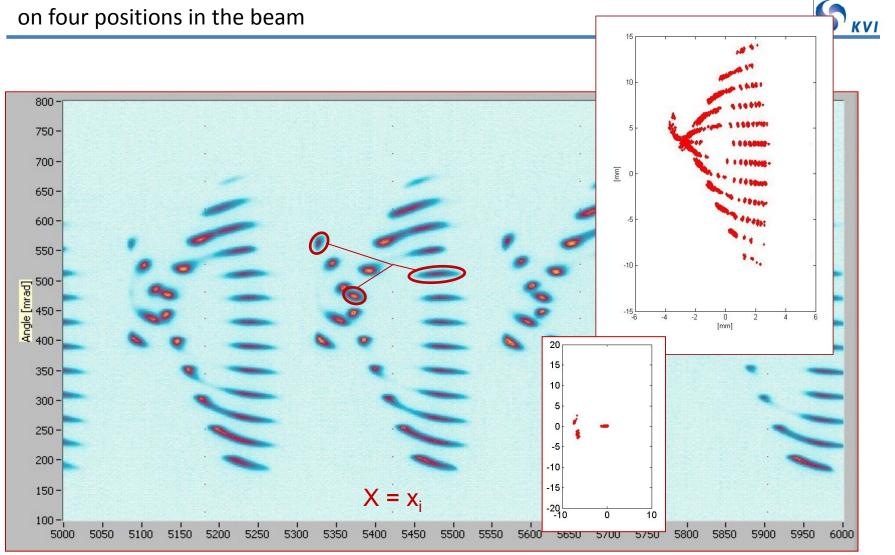




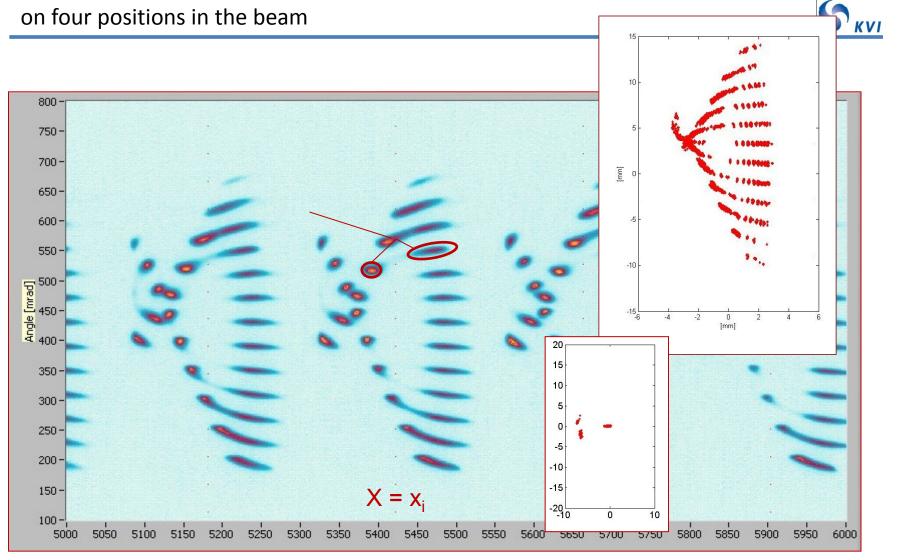








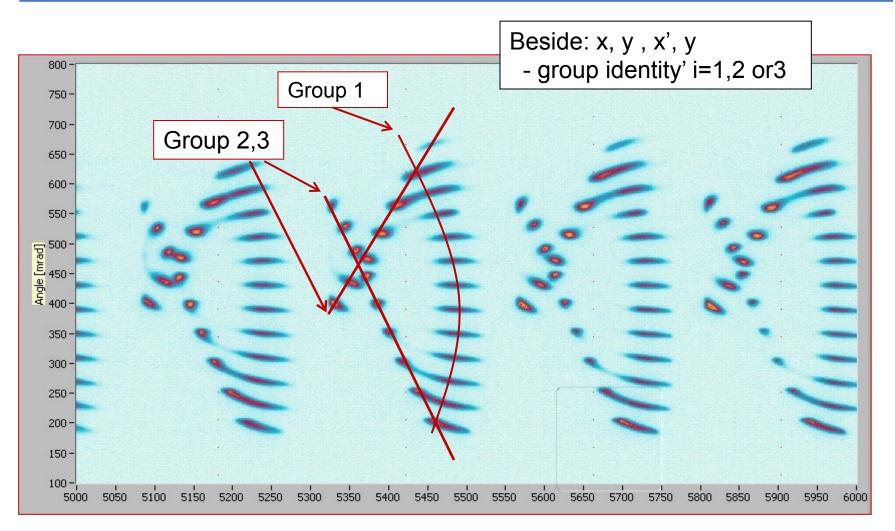






Overlap of response distributions

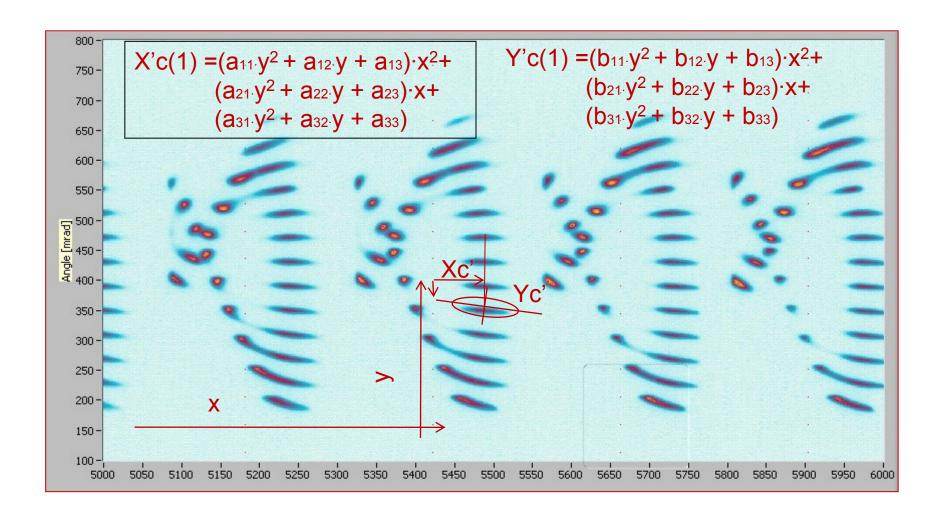






Data modeling.







The four dimensional dataset



$$P = 0 (x, y, x', y')$$

- Dataset is unambiguous
 - Extra label (i) for group 1,2 or 3.
- Projections in the image plane as function of (i).
 x-y projection known as viewing screen
 x-x'projection used for a x-x'emittance
 y-y'projection used for a y-y'emittance
 x'-y'projection



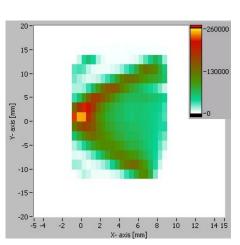
Result of the model



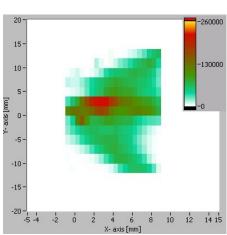
x-y projection. (viewing screen projection)

$$\mathbf{P} (x,y)_{i=} = \int_{y'=+0 \text{mrad } x'=+0 \text{mrad}}^{y'=+0 \text{mrad } x'=+0 \text{mrad}} \int_{y'=+0 \text{mrad } x'=+0 \text{mrad}}^{y'=+0 \text{mrad } x'=+0 \text{mrad}}$$

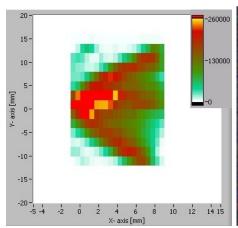
i = 1



i=2,3



i=1,2 and 3



camera recording





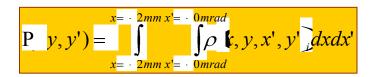


The emittances in the image plane

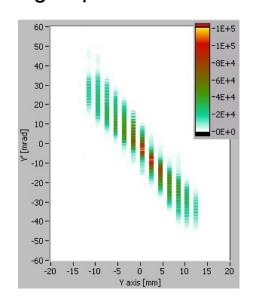


 $2 \text{ sigma } 320 \text{ } \pi \text{ } \text{mm } \text{mrad}$

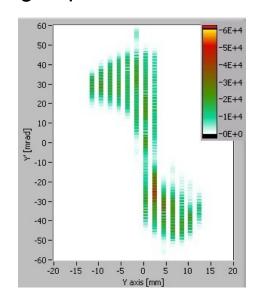




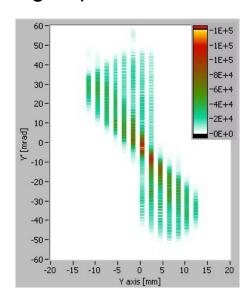
group 1



group 2,3



group 1,2,3

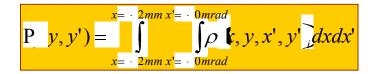


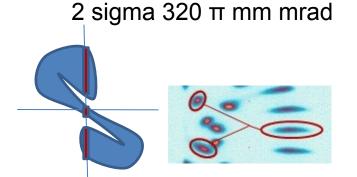


The emittances in the image plane

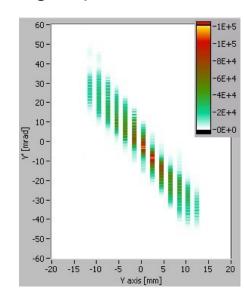




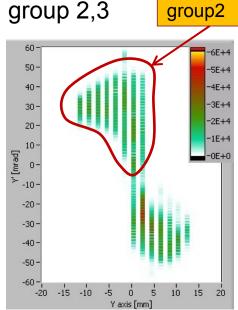




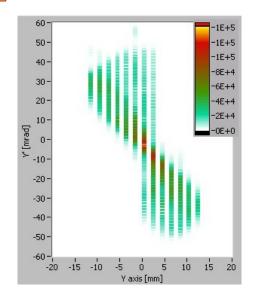
group 1



group 2,3



group 1,2,3

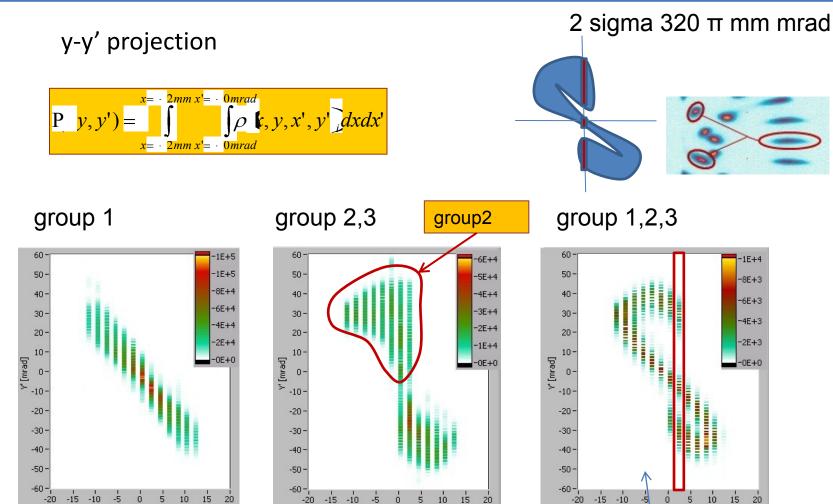




The emittances in the image plane





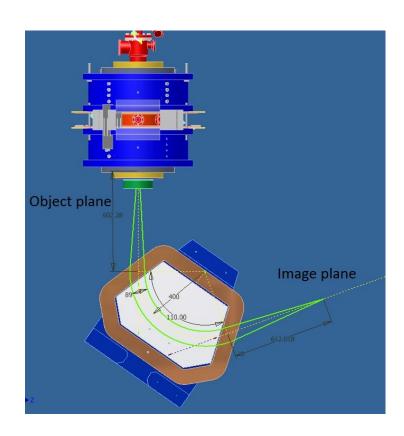


y-y'for only one x position: x=-10



Transformation to object plane in 2^{de} orde





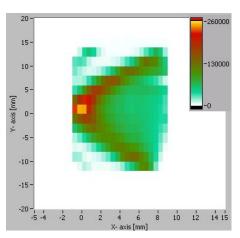
$$P_{im} = M^{2^{de}} \cdot P_{obj} \rightarrow P_{im} = M^{2^{de}} \cdot P_{im}$$



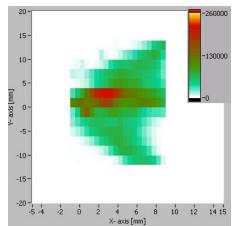
Transformation to entrance of M110 of x-y projections (viewing screen projections)



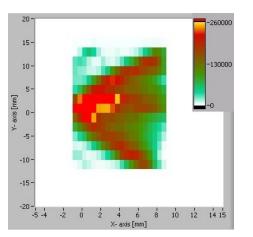




group 2,3

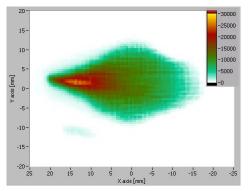


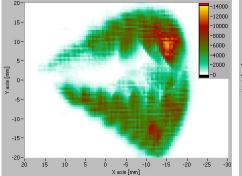
group 1,2,3

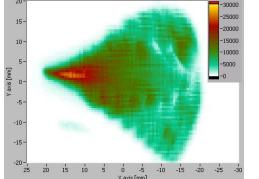


 $X_f = M \cdot X_O$ $X_O = M^{-1} \cdot X_f$

In image plane







In object plane



Conclusions:



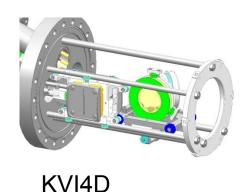
- Dipole induced second order aberration of the beam.
- Group 2,3 created by the dipole fringe field
- Three beams can emerge due to S-shape emittance in y-y'phase-space.
- These Trace-space patterns are not plasma related effects
- Plasma-related effects can be seen at the entrance of the analyzing magnet as a non homogeneous distribution.



Future outlook



- Installation of a new analyzing magnet
 - Compensation for the second order aberration
 - Gap increase with a factor of 2.
- New emittance meter KVI4D-advanced is in construction to operate at G.S.I. (ready feb2011)



KVI4D-ADV



KVI ion source group



- KVI Ion source group
 - Sytze Brandenburg
 - Hans Beijers
 - Vladimir Mironov
 - Suresh Saminathan
 - Jan Mulder
 - Rob Kremers

Thank you for your attention